ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

By W. A. Hemphill & Co. | ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10, 1874. | Vol. VII---No 172

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrive Kingston	11 39 a m
Arrive Dalton	1 40 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	3 50 p m
Leave Chattanooga	5 15 a m
Arrive Dalton	7 23 a m
Arrive Kingston	9 32 a m
Arrive Atlanta	12 35 p m

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5 55 p m
Arrive Kingston	8 46 p m
Arrive Dalton	10 30 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	12 30 a m
Leave Chattanooga	4 00 p m
Leave Dalton	5 42 p m
Arrive Kingston	7 28 p m
Arrive Atlanta	10 15 p m

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3 30 p m
Arrive Marietta	5 03 p m
Arrive Cartersville	7 17 p m
Arrive Kingston	8 21 p m
Arrive Dalton	11 55 p m
Leave Dalton	1 15 a m
Arrive Kingston	4 35 a m
Arrive Cartersville	8 31 a m
Arrive Marietta	8 06 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9 50 a m

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line R. R.

Daily Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 51 p m
Arrives at Charlotte	8 06 a m
Leaves Charlotte	6 12 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	9 18 p m

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	7 09 a m
Arrives at Charlotte	2 00 a m
Leaves Charlotte	9 00 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 12 p m

Toccoa Accommodation Train.

Leaves Toccoa	3 45 a m
Arrives at Toccoa	8 27 p m
Leaves Atlanta	3 18 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	9 00 a m

Georgia Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	4 40 a m
Leaves Atlanta	7 00 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 45 p m
Arrives at Augusta	3 30 p m

Night Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	8 15 p m
Leaves Atlanta	10 00 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	6 20 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 00 a m

Covington Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 p m
Leaves Covington	5 50 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	8 15 a m
Arrives at Covington	7 30 p m

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	9 40 p m
Leaves West Point	1 40 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 42 p m
Arrives at West Point	2 07 a m

Central Railroad---Atlanta Division.

Night Passenger and Freight Train.

Leaves Atlanta	10 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 35 a m
Leaves Macon	8 10 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	4 40 a m

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	1 00 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 30 p m
Leaves Macon	9 06 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	2 55 p m

On and after this date trains will not stop at West End.

☞ Central Railroad time 12 minutes ahead of Atlanta time.

Southwestern Railroad.

Eufaula Daily Mail Train.

Leaves Macon	9 05 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	5 40 p m
Arrives at Albany	3 25 p m
Leaves Eufaula	8 50 a m
Arrives at Macon	5 10 p m
Leaves Albany	10 47 a m

Connects with the Albany Train at Smithville, and the Fort Gaines train at Cuthbert daily, except Sunday.

Albany Train connects with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Trains at Albany, and will run to Arlington on Blakely Extension Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning Tuesday, Thursday nnd Saturday.

Eufaula Night Freight and Accommodation Train.

Leaves Macon	9 10 p m
Arrives at Eufaula	10 20 a m
Leaves Eufaula	7 25 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 45 a m

Columbus Mail Train.

Leaves Macon	7 17 p m
Arrives at Columbus	12 45 a m
Leaves Columbus	2 30 p m
Arrives at Macon	7 25 p m

Making close connection with Western Railroad at Columbus for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, etc.

Columbus Day Freight and Accommodation Train.

Leaves Macon	9 20 a m
Arrives at Columbus	6 45 p m
Leaves Columbus	5 [illegible] a m
Arrives at Macon	3 00 p m

Central Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Savannah	8 45 a m
Arrives in Macon	6 45 p m
Leaves Macon	7 15 a m
Arrives in Savannah	5 25 p m

Night Freight and Passenger.

Leaves Savannah	7 30 p m
Arrives in Macon	8 20 a m
Leaves Macon	7 35 p m
Arrives in Savannah	7 15 a m

Millen Branch.

Leaves Augusta	9 50 a m
Arrives in Millen	12 40 p m
Leaves Millen	1 10 p m
Arrives in Augusta	4 00 p m

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATLANTA HOUSES.

VISITORS TO THE FAIR ENTERtained. Also, families and day boarders desired. MISSES DUPRE, 50 Broad street. oct9—dtf

CANDY & CRACKER MANUFACTORY, G. W. Jack, Whitehall street.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE — McNaught & Scrutchins, Whitehall st.

PRODUCE and Commission Merchant—R. J. Griffin, No. 60 Decatur street, Wholesale dealer in Eggs, Poultry & Butter.

COMMISSION Merchants and Grocers—McDaniel & Gilreath, 117 Whitehall st.

MANUFACTURER OF BURIAL CASES, M. Cargile, No. 9 Ivy street.

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY—B. F. Moore, President, cor. Broad and Alabama sts.

LIQUORS, Champagne, Cider, etc., T. F. Grady, 22 Alabama st., near Ga. Depot.

STOVES and Housefurnishing Goods—F. M. Richardson, 82 Whitehall street.

CLOTHING—W. B. LOWE & CO., Whitehall street.

MERCHANT TAILORING—Dykeman, No. 4 Peachtree st., imported goods only.

MEAT MARKET AND DAIRY—H. C. Sawtell, 108 Whitehall street.

JEWELRY AND AGENT for ARUNDEL Spectacles—Er Lawshe, Whitehall st.

PHOTOGRAPHS—SMITH & MOTES, 32 Whitehall street.

OILS AND FINE GROCERIES—Jno. T. Hagan & Co., 114 Whitehall street.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY—J. J. Ford, corner Pryor and Line streets.

DYEHOUSE—JAMES LOCHREY, Hunter street.

RESTAURANT—THOMPSON'S, James' Bank Block.

J. M. BORN, JR., & CO., AGENTS FOR Coal Creek and Soddy Creek Coal, corner Broad and Alabama streets. nov3, '74—d1y

THE DIXIE PUMP.

G. L. GREESON, Manufacturer of the Dixie Pump, the best and cheapest wooden Pump now made. It is a Southern production, of Southern material. Liberal inducements offered to the trade. Send for price list. Address G. L. GREESON, Charlotte, N. C. may 1—d1y

HACKS.

GAINESVILLE AND DAHLONEGA HACK LINE. Leaves Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega [illegible] o'clock P. M. Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train. Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to Porter's Springs or other points, upon reasonable terms. aug31—dtf

DENTISTS.

DENTIST—D. SMITH, D. D. S., Resident Dentist, No. 66½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, over Chamberlain & Boynton's. may 16—d6m

DR. G. HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta, Ga., has permanently located at No. 50 North Broad, junction of Marietta and Peachtree streets, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. jan 11—tf

DR. E. E. HILLUPS, Resident Dentist, Office over Chamberlain & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. jan 7—dtf

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, No. 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

GENERAL LAND DEALER.

A. COCHRAN, General Land Agent, and Dealer in Real Estate, Gainesville, Ga. Special attention given to the examination and analysis of mineral lands, and the purchase and sale of the same. Office Southeast Corner Public Square, Gainesville, Ga. P. O. [illegible] may 2—d1y

PHYSICIANS.

DR. J. H. LOW TENDERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Atlanta in the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Obstetrics. Office—Drug Store of Venable & Collier. Residence—No. 7 National Hotel. nov8—d1mo

LAWYERS.

W. S. JOHNSON, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office on west side Wall street, 60 yards southwest of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. June 5, 1874—d12m

JAMES A. HARLEY, ATTORNEY AT Law, Sparta, Ga. aug9—d1y

HENRY D. CAPERS, ATTORNEY and Counselor at Law, Atlanta, Georgia. Office—No. 30 Kimball House. nov7—dtf

BRANHAM & SMITH, Atlanta, Ga. | SMITH & BRANHAM, Rome, Ga.

J. BRANHAM, JR., & C. H. SMITH, Attorneys at Law. Partners in Court business only. Atlanta office corner of Marietta and Broad streets, up-stairs. aug6—d3mo

S. M. WYNN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Augusta, Ga., will practice in the courts of the Augusta Circuit.
☞ Special attention given to the collection of claims. apr4—d1y

A. C. McCALLA, Attorney at Law, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Courts of Rockdale and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. may24—d1y

W. J. RAY, Attorney at Law, Madison, Ga., practices in the courts of the Ocmulgee Circuit. Special attention given to collections mar6—d12m

W. T. MOYERS, Attorney a Law, Newnan, Ga. Will practice in all the Courts. my30—dtf

D. D. McCONNELL, ATTORNEY AT Law, Acworth, Cobb county, Georgia. Collections a specialty. sep6, '74—d9m

J. T. SPENCE, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Georgia. Will practice in State and Federal Courts. mar5—d1y

WILLIAM WELLS, NEWNAN, GA., Notary Public and ex-Officio Justice of the Peace. Office at the Virginia Hotel, near the Court House. oct18—d3m

W. W. LUMPKIN, Attorney at Law, Union Point, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. Refers to P. W. Printup. june9—d1y

JASPER N. DORSEY, Attorney at Law, Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of Hall, Forsyth, Dawson, Lumpkin, White, and in the Supreme Court and Federal Courts at Atlanta. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases. july18—d1y

ANDREW SLOAN, Attorney at Law, Savannah, Georgia, will practice in the Superior Court of Chatham county, and in the United States Courts of the Northern and Southern Districts of Georgia. Special attention to collections. june20—d1y

J. C. FAIN. T. C. MILNER.

FAIN & MILNER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Calhoun, Georgia. Will practice in all the Superior Courts of Cherokee Georgia, the Supreme Court of the State, and the United States District and Circuit Courts, at Atlanta, Ga. july16, 1874—d6m

JARED I. WHITAKER, ATTORNEY at Law, Atlanta, Georgia, will give prompt attention to all business extended to him in the State and Federal Courts. Can be found at Dr. John G. Westmoreland's office, in room No. "6" up-stairs, in James' Bank Block, Whitehall street. sep4, 1874—d3mo

R. W. H. NEAL, Attorney at Law, Thomson, Ga. Will practice in the Courts of the Augusta and Middle Circuits. sep24—dtoct10

GEORGE F. PIERCE, Jr., Attorney at Law, Sparta, Ga. mar32—d6m

E. B. McDANIEL, Attorney at Law, Cartersville, Ga. Prompt attention given to collections of claims. mar11—d1y

JOHN T. JORDAN, Attorney at Law Sparta, Ga., will practice in the counties of the Northern Circuit, and Washington county of the Middle Circuit. Particular attention given to collections. mar3—d1y

JOSEPH McCONNELL, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Gordon county, Ga. feb20—d1y

JAMES H. GUERRY. J. L. JANES.—Guerry & Janes, Attorneys at Law, Dawson, Ga., will practice in the courts of Pataula, Southwestern and Albany Circuits, and elsewhere by special contract. may17, 1874—d6m

T. C. BATTLE, Attorney at Law, Senoia, Coweta county, Ga. Will practice in the courts of Coweta, Fayette, Spalding, Meriwether and Clayton. Special attention given to collections. june11—dtf

J. L. DOYAL, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Ga. Will practice in Clayton and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. june11—d12m

J. A. ANSLEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections. oct15, '75—d1y

J. A. HUNT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court and in the United States District Courts at Atlanta. aug19, '74—d1y

JOHN W. POWELL, Newnan, Ga. | J. E. STALLINGS, Senoia, Ga.

POWELL & STALLINGS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, will practice in the courts of the Coweta Circuit, Supreme Court and the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. Business entrusted to them shall meet with prompt attention. sep1, '74—d3mo

JOSEPH H. SMITH, Attorney at Law. Will practice in the State Courts in Atlanta Circuit and in the United States and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Georgia, Office, No. 19 Whitehall street, up stairs, room No. 4, Atlanta, Ga. fbb1-dtf

ROBERT B. TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Cartersville, Georgia. Office (with Abda Johnson) in Court House. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, in any locality of Northern Georgia, whether contiguous to or distant from the railroad. sep25, 1874—d1y

J. W. PRUETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Conyers, Georgia. Will practice in all the State Courts and the United States District and Circuit Courts at Atlanta. References—John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Lehman, Durr & Co., Bankers, Montgomery, Ala.; Stovall & Hull, Augusta, Ga.; Bates & Conner, Bankers, Savannah, Ga.; James M. Smith, Governor of Georgia. dec6—d3m

EDWARD J. REAGAN, ATTORNEY at Law, McDonough, Georgia. Will practice in Henry and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. nove17, '74—d6mo

HOTELS.

NEWTON HOUSE—Mrs. Janet Haudrup, corner of Main and Spring streets, Sparta, Georgia. Terms, $2 00 per day, lodging included; 50 cents per meal without lodging. mar3—dtf

PALMETTO HOUSE, Spartanburg C. H., S. C. Located near center of the city. Renovated and new furniture. A. TOLERSON, Proprietor.

THE COUCHE HOUSE, Kingston, Ga., A. Y. Sheats. Proprietor—would respectfully inform the traveling public that his large and spacious hotel is now open for the reception of visitors. He is prepared to accommodate several families. Board and lodging—rooms well furnished—$25 per month. Summer visitors would do well to give him a call. june5—dtf

BARTOW HOUSE, Cartersville, Ga. P. S. Shelman, Clerk. dec4—dtf.

POMONA HOUSE, CLARKESVILLE, Georgia.—This house is more desirably situated than any other house in town—affording a full view of some of the finest mountain scenery in Georgia. It is about one hundred yards from a fine mineral spring. A splendid summer resort. M. B. O'CALLAGHAN, Formerly of Globe Hotel. june14—d3tw3w

RICHMOND HOUSE, near depot, Gainesville, Georgia. J. W. Trammell, Proprietor. This house is new and comfortable. Table well supplied. ☞ *FARE REDUCED.* Baggage carried to and from depot free. Extra inducements offered to summer visitors. june14—dtf

TOCCOA HOUSE, (situated one hundred yards north of depot,) Toccoa, Georgia. S. V. Davenport, Proprietor. This hotel is new and commodious, and the table well supplied. Baggage carried to and from the depot free of charge. Extra inducements offered to summer visitors. Charges moderate. june14—dtf

BROWN'S HOTEL,
E. E. BROWN & SON, Proprietors,
MACON, GEORGIA.
Opened January 1st, 1856.

BOARD..........$3 PER DAY.

E. E. Brown & Son, Proprietors of this popular Hotel, would inform their numerous friends that on and after the first day of September next the rates will be reduced to THREE DOLLARS PER DAY.

The Proprietors would respectfully return their grateful thanks for the the very liberal patronage extended to the house for near twenty years, and assure their many friends that we will use our best endeavors for the future to give the same satisfaction that we have in the past. Every attention given to ladies and families, and large rooms always ready for commercial travelers visiting Macon. Respectfully,
aug30—dtf E. E. BROWN & SON.

HOTELS.

READ HOUSE,
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE.
If you desire first-class accommodations be sure to stop at this House.
W. M. LEWIS, } Clerks.
W. G. GANT, }
june28—dtf

THE LANIER HOUSE, Macon, Georgia, B. Dub, Proprietor. Good accommodations. june5—dtf

VIRGINIA HOTEL, Newnan, Georgia. This Hotel is kept by two ladies from Virginia, who will guarantee you something good to eat, polite servants, clean rooms, good beds, and a jolly Clerk. Don't forget the place. PROF. WELLS, Clerk. july19—dtf

B. F. COLLINS, PROPRIETOR OF the *DAWSON HOTEL*, Dawson, Georgia, thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The traveling public will find this establishment, under the present management, a first-class hotel. dec6—dtf

WASHINGTON HOTEL, Washington, Wilkes county, Georgia. W. G. Barrett, Lessee. New proprietor—new and elegant furniture throughout. This house is unsurpassed in all of its appointments. Be sure and give him a call. oct17—dtf

PULASKI HOUSE, Johnson Square, Savannah, Ga., S. N. Papot & Co., Proprietors. Pleasantly located. The only hotel in the city facing south, (which is of great importance in this climate,) with a frontage of 273 feet. The best and most comfortable hotel in the Southern States. Kept strictly first-class in all its departments. july5—dtf

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

PYE HOUSE,
FORSYTH, GEORGIA.
By E. D. BROWN AND SISTER.
RATES OF BOARD:

Per day	$2 00
Per week	10 00
Single meal	50
Single lodging	50

Rooms spacious and airy. Accommodation superior. Baggage transported to and from hotel free of charge. E. D. BROWN, Formerly of Milledgeville Hotel, Mrs. JULIA D. THWEATT, Late of Columbus, Ga. sep13—dtf

KENNESAW HOUSE, MARIETTA, GA. J. Q. A. Lewis, Proprietor of the above house, with W. M. Lewis as Clerk, announce to their friends, and the public, that everything is in first class condition, and that no expense or attendance shall be spared in giving satisfaction to all guests. nov21—dtf

RICKS HOUSE.
CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA.
This new and commodious brick hotel, recently completed and newly furnished, is open for public patronage. No effort will be spared to make guests comfortable. nov22—dtf E. T. WHITE, Agent.

MEAT, PRODUCE, ETC.

ATLANTA AND TENNESSEE MARKET House.—Rose, Jamison & Co., Butchers, dealers in Cattle, Hogs, Butter, Eggs, etc., No. 135 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. O. A. V. ROSE, J. K. JAMISON, W. L. SHOFNER. } W. L. SHOFNER & CO. Fayetteville, Tenn. apr12—d6m.

JEWELERS.

WILLIAM BOLLMAN, DEALER IN Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, etc., Spectacles and Eye Glasses. No. 9 Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted. may15—

BANKS.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA. F. M. Coker, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit.
☞ Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. ☞ First-class and steerage tickets at lowest rates. july 4—d1y

GRATE AND MANTLE SETTING.

GRATE AND MANTLE SETTING.—I am now prepared to attend all orders for Setting Mantles and Grates of all kinds, resetting Grates, &c. Orders left at Hunnicutt & Bellingrath's, No. 12 Marietta street, will receive prompt attention. JORDAN LOVE, Grate and Mantle Setter and Repairer of Smoking Chimneys. aug30—d3m

O. K. CLOTHING STORE.

OFFICE OF THE **O. K. STORE,** 32 Whitehall St. | **FACTORY,** 500 Market Steeet, PHILADELPHIA.

JUST RECEIVED,

Direct from our Factory,

SEVERAL NEW LOTS

—OF—

FINE SUITS AND OVERCOATS

For Men and Boys.

This Clothing is manufactured from piece goods bought within the last four weeks at several

Importers' Closing Out Sales,

—AND—

ARE NOW OFFERED

—AT—

Greatly Reduced Prices!

Those who come early will secure great bargains.

Haas'
Haas'
Haas'
Haas'
Haas'
O. K. Store,
O. K. Store,
O. K. Store,
O. K. Store,
O. K. Store,
32 Whitehall.
32 Whitehall.
32 Whitehall.
32 Whitehall.
32 Whitehall.

dec6—dtf

OPIUM ANTIDOTE.

Stop, Read, Reflect and Act

Before it is too Late!

—o—

Dr. S. B. Collins' Painless

OPIUM

ANTIDOTE

Is a perfect and painless cure for

The Habitual use of Opium.

in any of its forms, whether as
MORPHINE,
LAUDANUM,
ELIXIR, or
GUM OPIUM

It, Positively Produces a Permanent Cure.

IT is strange yet true, that as a rule it is the brightest intellects, the best members of society become addicted to this diseased appetite. A habit which makes them slaves beclouds their minds, ruins their dispositions, and gives them in their more natural moments a hatred of self as well as a feeling that everybody despises them—to such an extent that society has no charms. But thanks to the Giver of all good, this morbid, terrible habit, and degraded condition, as well as all of the desire and feeling for opiates in any form is soon removed by this remarkable antidote, entirely so, and the weakened body and mind are invigorated, given renewed health until love and hope take the place of despondency and doubt. Though you may not be afflicted with the habit of using MORPHINE, LAUDANUM, or other forms of OPIUM, some friend may be, and you know it not, therefore let me ask you, in the name of suffering humanity to pass this on. By so doing you may reap the reward of those who do good. DELAY NOT.

All correspondence stricty confidential. For further particulars, and in sending orders from any of the Southern States, address B. M. WOOLLEY.
General Agent for the Southern States No. 38 South Broad street, Atlanta, y10—deod3m&wlam3m

VICKSBURG.

The Fight Renewed and the Negroes Driven Back.

The Negroes Again Advancing.

(By Telegraph to the Constitution.)

CINCINNATI, December 9.—The Times' Vicksburg dispatches say that the fight was renewed at Snyder's Bluff, ten miles from the city, yesterday evening, between several hundred negroes and forty whites. A courier was sent to Vicksburg for reinforcements, which were sent out without delay, and after a short skirmish four negroes were killed and three wounded, whereupon the negroes retreated.

Last night the negroes drove in the white pickets from Fort Hill, and it is said they have entrenched themselves there.

The negroes are receiving large reinforcements from other counties. At last accounts they were marching on the city up the Issaquena, driving the whites before them.

They fired into a funeral procession, wounding one white man. The fire was returned, and three negroes were killed.

Live Stock and Population.

The following tables, compiled from the researches of Prof Rogers, of Oxford university, England; shows the United States to be the most prolific in hogs, while Norway, Denmark and Sweden take the lead in cattle, England and Norway in sheep.

Great Britain has one cow to every twelve persons, a sheep for everybody, and one pig for every six.

France has a like proportion of sheep, a double share, comparatively, of cows, but only one pig to six persons.

The Swedes have a cow between three and one-half of them, a sheep between two and three-quarters, and a pig to a baker's dozen.

There are as many sheep as there are Norwegians in Norway, when they are all at home, and two and one-half of them—the Norwegians—are entitled to a cow. They can only have one-eighteenth of a pig each.

Denmark has a cow for three persons, as many sheep as persons, and a pig for four and three-quarters persons.

Prussia, with her usual uniformity, has an equal number of cows and pigs, one to every five inhabitants, besides a sheep apiece all round.

Wurtemburg has a quarter as many cows as people, a sheep to two and three-quarters, and a pig to seven.

Bavaria rates the same as Wurtemburg, as to cows and sheep, and is as much better off for pigs, as one-fifth is better than one seventh.

Saxony has a sheep and a pig for every eight persons, and a cow for every six.

Holland has a cow to four, a sheep to four, and a pig to twelve persons.

Belgium, a cow to six, a sheep to nine, and a pig to eight (which is a Hibernicism.)

Austria has a cow to six persons, and a sheep and a pig so every five.

Switzerland runs up to the Swedish standard on cows, one to three and one-half persons, and has a sheep for five and a pig for seven and one-half persons.

We Americans close the list with a cow for every four of us, a sheep apiece, and pig to every one and one-half.

Bijah's Music—Poetical Justice.

[Detroit Free Press]

As Bijah kicked the stove door shut and threw the chairs around he sang:

> One Friday morning he did go
> Into the meadow and did moe
> A round or two, then did he feel
> A pisen serpent at his heel.

His honor came in as the clock was on the stroke of eight, and as he rubbed his hands before the fire he said it always made him lonesome to either hear Bijah sing or listen to the notes of a big coffee mill. However, said he, there's worse singers than Bijah—there's the peacock for instance.

As soon as the warrants could be signed and the officers sworn to tell the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, a little old woman, named Johanna Lamb, was brought out.

"Johanna Lamb was very drunk, and rolling in the snow; and when I set her on her feet a step she couldn't go," said the officer, as he was called upon to make his statement.

"That's bad for thee, Johanna Lamb; what have you got to say? I sent you up three months ago for acting in this way," said his honor. Then Johanna opened her mouth and replied: "I'm old, yer honor—old and poor—I haven't no place to go; and so I take my whisky sling, and don't care what I do."

His honor remarked he was always sorry when he met a person who had got too old to behave themselves, and added: "I think I'll make it ninety days; the jug's the place for thee; but still your friends can take you out by the payment of a V." And that made mutton of that Lamb, and she was led away.

A Sharp Cotton Speculation.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, December 9.—Edward Stuart, formerly of Liverpool, but recently from New Orleans bought in this market a few days ago, outside of the cotton exchange, some three hundred bales of cotton and shipped some to Liverpool. He sold the bills of lading to Duncan, Sherman & Co., receiving therefor bills of exchange and has absconded. Bills of lading secure Duncan, Sherman & Co., from loss, which, unless the cotton is recovered, will fall upon merchants who sold to Stuart. Stuart is not a member of the exchange.

Druggists Fined.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

PHILADELPHIA, December 9.—Several persons dispensing drugs without having procured pharmaceutist's diplomas, have been fined.

Dudley S. Gregory, first mayor of Jersey City, is dead. He was 75 years old. He was a member of congress in 1846.

Meeting of Directors.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

BALTIMORE, December 9.—At a meeting of the directors of the Northern Central railroad, two reports were submitted. Neither was signed by a majority of the committee. Thomas A. Scott was chosen president.

A Billiard Match.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, December 9.—In a three ball game of billiards of eight hundred points, for $1,000, Maurice Vignaux was the winner. Cyrille Dion scored 772 points.

Longshoremen Gone to Work.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, December 9.—A large number of longshoremen have resumed work, saying that their suffering families have claims paramount to the union.

A Violent Gale.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

LONDON, December 9.—There has been a violent gale at sea. The John Cook was wrecked and fifteen persons drowned. A dozen vessels are ashore.

Trial of Von Arnim.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution]

BERLIN, December 9.—The trial of Von Arnim will be public, but the judges have the discretion of closing court during important revelations.

French Printing Office Burned.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

LISLE, FRANCE, December 9.—Darrel's printing establishment, the largest in France, was burned. Loss, $300,000.

"Cadaverous Jake."

(From the Baltimore American.)

Yesterday morning, a pale, intellectual individual, with eyes like a lobster and a voice like a worn out flageolet, bolted into Ford's Grand Opera House and asked to see Mr. Ford. On that gentleman coming forward, the stranger ambled up to him in a lackadaisical sort of manner, announcing his name as Abraham Birchall, from Annapolis, and informed Mr. Ford that he had written a play, and was anxious that Mr. Ford should examine it, and if there should happen to be any small defects he wanted them pointed out. Mr. Ford assured Abraham that his time was so occupied that it would be impossible for him to comply with his request, but he referred him to another gentleman, who would make all the necessary changes in the play. Abraham was happy, and he at once proceeded to search for Mr. Gardner, the gentleman to whom he had been referred. Mr. Gardner was found at last, and after introducing himself and stating the object of his mission, the would-be dramatist informed him that he had never been in a theater, nor had he ever seen a play, but he was satisfied that his drama, "The Oyster Pirate of the Chesapeake," was the finest thing of the kind ever written in Maryland. "But, you see," said Abraham, "as I have never seen anything of the kind I want some one like you to tell me what is too strong about it, and I will correct it. Now, what will you charge me for your labor?" Mr. Gardner said he thought about $5 an hour would be the right thing, or, he said, "I can write you a new play cheaper than that." "What!" shrieked the insulted playwright. "Why you couldn't conceive such a play as mine. Let me explain the plot." Before doing this, Abraham removed his hat and wiped the perspiration from his bald head until it glistened like a billiard ball, and then continued: "This here play is founded on the commencement of the oyster war. In the early part of the present century a Virginian named Jacob Henry bought him an oyster pungy and turned pirate. His deeds of blood and horrible countenance led the people of Maryland and Virginia to call him 'Cadaverous Jake,' instead of 'The Oyster Pirate of the Chesapeake.'" Mr. Gardner said he thought the latter title was preferable, and Abraham, thus encouraged, continued: "Well, this pirate done a heap of crime, but he finally falls in love with a beautiful gal, and he reforms to such an extent that he murders no more. But his next dodge was to steal oysters from Maryland bedders, and this led to fights. This pirate," continued Mr. Birchall, "would come a stealing up along the shore of a night"—here the author indicated how the aforesaid pirate stole along the shore, by ambling along one side of the room in quite a dramatic manner, and then continued the story, and told how, on "one night in particular, Cadaverous Jake came stealing up to a Maryland oysterbed at the dead of night, and while surreptitiously appropriating the bivalves he was bore down upon by a Maryland pungy, and a terrific naval engagement took place between the pungies, while the citizens of Annapolis stood on the shore awaiting in breathless anxiety the result of the struggle. The water was dyed with blood, and, night coming on, Cadaverous Jake sailed way, singing, "A Life on the Ocean Wave." By this time Abraham was now thoroughly warmed up in his subject, and he told Mr. Gardner what a splendid sensation it would make when this bloodthirsty Jake made a score or so of his prisoners walk the plank; how he would represent oyster-dredging and scenes among the oystermen, etc. When Abraham had arrived at the end of the third act, Mr. Gardner manifested some signs of flagging interest, and asked how much longer the thing was. Abraham informed him that he had written seven acts, but he wanted to write one more, in which was to be pictured the death of Cadaverous Jake, who was to be cut in twain by a cannon ball, and then placed in a sheet and buried in the middle of Chesapeake Bay. Mr. Gardner, however, informed him that, owing to a previous engagement, he could not stay to hear the other five acts just then. Abraham replied, "All right; I'm going home to-night, and next week I'll come back and bring my manuscript, and you can correct the trifling inaccuracies; but, don't you think $5 an hour pretty steep?" Mr. Gardner said that after hearing the first three acts he had concluded that it would be worth $50 in advance to make the necessary corrections, to which Abraham replied, "Well, I don't mind expenses, for this here play is jest the best thing that's been made up since old man Shakspeare slung ink, and you may look for me next week." Having concluded with this brilliant sentiment, the dramatist from Annapolis departed. Mr. Gardner, it is understood, has resolved to remove his office before Abraham returns with the manuscript, as he don't think it would be possible to stand any more of "Cadaverous Jake."

Girl's Dresses.

[Letter from Germany—Woman's Journal.]

Lidi wore a dress whose folds hung loosely from a yoke, confined about the waist with a sash, until two years ago. Every one lamented when I took her out of this. I had to, because I could not manage the folds after she grew so tall. Then she wore a simple blouse waist and equally simple skirt, and now a plain basque, not too light, and a skirt with a few folds or one deep flounce. She looks finer, and nobler, and purer than all the overdressed girls put together, and makes that impression. Of course she wants to be dressed as fashion requires, but whenever she starts the vital question of overskirts, I always succeed in bringing her willingly to terms. Her clothes fit her, because I make a study of them, and let no one take a stitch for her but myself. She has unerring taste in the color of her ribbons, and wears all her underclothing depending from her shoulders. One of Lidi's teachers told my husband that "she was the only properly dressed girl in school." The child opened her eyes wide and exclaimed; "Why papa, his daughter wears overskirts and all sorts of fixings like the rest." Her puzzled expression was worth seeing, as she caught this first glimpse of a sensible man's wish clashing with a foolish wire's will.

Highway Robbery in Kansas.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

KANSAS, December 9.—Masked men detached the express car and engine from the train on the Kansas Pacific road, and robbed the safe of Wells & Fargo of $27,000, and a case containing $5,000 in gold dust was carried off. The robbers were mounted and heavily armed. The express company offers $10,000, the railroad company $5,000, and Gov. Osborne $2,500 reward for the arrest of the robbers and recovery of the property.

Congressional.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

WASHINGTON, December 9.—In the senate a number of bills were introduced; among them one by Mr. West, providing for the entry of certain lands in Louisiana. Referred to the committee on private land claims.

The house unimportant.

His last full dash is set, his galley proved, and out of copy forevermore is the veteran typo, Wm. L. Barry. He passed away in St. Louis, on Tuesday, at the mellow age of ninety six. To the last he preserved unimpaired his mental faculties and his devotion to the craft which he had followed through all his days. His parents were the first, or among the first, settlers of Nashville, and there he learned the typographical art. When a full journeyman, his first regular "take" was a notice of the death of George Washington. Most of his life was passed in Nashville, and up to within a very short time of his death he labored at the case. He was high-minded, cordial, polite, anecdotal, never hung back on copy, nor hankered for "fat," and we are happy in the hope that some angel reader has found his life-proof clean.—*Chicago Times.*

The Grocers' Protection Association.

A regular meeting of the association was held Tuesday evening, at its hall, President R J Griffin in the chair. There was a large attendence of members present.

The special committee on claims, make the following

REPORT:

"Your committee, to whom was referred the matter of collecting our bills of consumers and to suggest some plan to the association, by which we can facilitate the collection of the same, beg leave to make the following report: That while we do not desire or intend to unduly annoy or oppress those who are so unfortunate as to be prevented through actual inability from paying their honest debts, and assuring all persons who convince us that they have exhausted all available means of complying with the Scriptural injunction "owe no man anything," that they will be protected in carrying out their honest intentions, and will not suffer from the carrying into effect this report, should the association so determine, and also assuring those who gain sustenance for themselves and families from our goods, and afterwards lose gratitude, that it is against them that we wage war. With due respect to the honest and dishonest debtor we recommend:

1. That each member of this association, when reporting names of "dead beats" and "slow pay," that they state to whom they are indebted, and it be recorded on the list.

2d. That each member when applied to for credit by one whose name is reported as being indebted to some other member, that they state to such debtor that when he brings a receipt from the creditor reported, he will consider the question of indulging him, and not before.

3d. That after having tried dunning, and what virtue there is in law, we instruct the attorney of the association to inform the debtor that if payment or some other satisfactory arrangement is not made, his account by a certain day will be advertised for sale in one or more of the daily papers.

4th. We recommend that the association have suitable blanks printed for the use of the attorney and members in giving notice of their intention to publish to delinquent debtors.

Believing that if the recommendations in this report were carried into effect by all of our members, it would aid us materially in the collection of our claims. We are,
Very respectfully,
YOUR COMMITTEE."

The report was unanimously adopted.

A committee of three was appointed to have five hundred suitable blanks prepared.

It was moved and adopted that a vote of two-thirds of the association must be had before any account can be published.

The association then adjourned.

The Beecher-Tilton Case.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

NEW YORK, December 9.—In the case of Tilton vs. Beecher the bill of particulars has been ordered, and the trial will proceed Monday.

The Grand Turk Getting Charitable.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 9.—The Grand Turk gave one hundred thousand dollars for the famine-stricken people of Angoria.

—"I am busy plowing and cannot entertain company now," is the substance of a note recently written by a Macoupin county, Ill., girl to a St. Louis exquisite who met her at a fashionable party in the latter city and wished to visit her at home. The glorious maiden is a graduate of an Illinois seminary, and her father gave her an eighty acre farm, on condition that she should help work it herself, which she does.

—The planting of trees around mining claims is urged in California. They are so handy to have in lynching neighborhoods.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, December [illegible] 4.

WHEREAS, Thomas McDowell has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Lizzie C. McDowell, late of said county, deceased.

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letter will be granted the applicant.
DANIELL PITTMAN, Ordinary
dec9—w4w Fulton county.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, December 8, 1874.

WHEREAS, Ellen Coleman has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Charles Dangerfield, colored, late of said county deceased:

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections if any exist, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters will be granted the applicant.
DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary
dec9—w4w Fulton county.

20,000 POUNDS

—OF—

Anawaka Cotton Thread Rope.

NOW IS THE TIME TO LAY IN YOUR ROPE for the fall and winter trade. Size, 5-16, 3-8 and 1-2 inch.

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY

Will fill your orders at

Very Lowest Market Prices.

address Z. A. RICE, Chapel Hill P. O., Douglas county, Georgia. sep9—d2taw3mo

Atlanta Auction House!

REMOVED TO NO. 78 WHITEHALL Street. Furniture of all grades, both new and old, several second-hand Pianos, Cook Stoves, Dry Goods, Notions, etc.

Auction Every Day,

at 11 o'clock, and every night at 7 o'clock.
dec4—d1w JOYNER & STOCKTON.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT COURT of the United States—Northern District of Georgia—In Bankruptcy, in the matter of William M. Bartlett, bankrupt—No. 784.

All persons interested are notified to show couse, if any they have, before Register L. T. Downing, at his office, in Newnan, Ga., on the 5th day of December, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the said bankrupt should not be discharged from all his debts.

The second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.
nov15—law2w A. E. BUCK, Clerk

FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL VERY CHEAP FOR cash, or monthly or annual installments, to suit the purchaser, the following city property:

One gilt edge Residence Lot on the corner of Peachtree and Harris streets; Two Residence Lots on the corner of Merritt avenue and Calhoun street, the other adjoining on Merritt's avenue. Two tenement houses on Frazer, between Rawson and Jones streets. One tenement house on Rawson, between McDonough and Frazer streets. Tenement house corner of Clark and Martin streets. Four vacant lots fronting on Solomon and Clarke streets, near Martin street. Vacant lot corner of Crumley and Frazer streets. My interest in three lots on Broad street, between Hunter street and the Candy Factory. Half interest in two Brick Yards on Alexander street, 3½ acres of land owned with Dr. W. C. Asher's two vacant lots on Gray street, and other lots that I own solely or jointly with other parties.

Apply to DR. J. H. LOW, at his office at Venable & Collier's drug store or at the National Hotel. nov22—dwed&thurlm

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of an order from the Court of Ordinary of Fayette county, Georgia, will be sold at the court house door, in the town of Fayetteville, Fayette county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in January next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit: The northeast corner off of lot of land number one hundred and eight, containing fifty acres, more or less, in the fifth district of Fayette county. Sold as the property of Lodnska Turner, deceased, for the benefit of heirs and creditors. Terms cash. December 7, 1874.
A. A. TURNER,
dec8—wtd Administrator.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE.

LADIES

Should Remember, that no matter whether they have a

SEWING MACHINE,

or not, that no Household is complete without

A HOWE!

J. B. SCARRATT,
aug2—may7-dtf wed fri&sun Manager.

STOVES, GRATES, &c.

L. B. LANGFORD,

The Live Stove Man of Georgia,

69 Whitehall street and 20 Marietta Street,

SIGN OF THE "BIG DOG"

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

☞ **Sole Agent for the following celebrated Stoves:**

CHARTER OAK	PACIFIC,
P. P. STEWART,	LOYAL COOK,
IRON KING,	THE BEST,
COTTACE,	GATE CITY,
NTINEL,	MAY BIRD.

☞ **Also, the following "HOME-MADE," Stoves, manufactured at Rome, Ga., of Georgia Iron:**

GOLD DUST,	ROME CEORCIAN,
CHEROKEE.	R. E. LEE,

AND BILL ARP.

Eevry one of which will be WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

☞ **HEATING STOVES of all descriptions.**

☞ **GRATES and MANTELS are a SPECIALTY and will be furnisedh at prices will DEFY COMPETITION.**

☞ **HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,** WOODEN WARE, TUBS, TRAYS, SIFTERS, WELL BUCKETS, WASHBOARDS, and everything else used about a house, which will be sold CHEAPER than the CHEAPEST.

☞ **Tin Plate, Sheet and Galvanized Iron, Solder, Wire and Tinners' Trimmings,** of all kinds, at the lowest possible figures.

☞ **Stamped and Plain Tinware,** the LARGEST quantity ever offered in this market.

ROOFING, GUTTERING and GENERAL JOB WORK

Done at shortest notice and Lowest Prices.

I have on hand the largest and most complete stock of goods in my line ever offered in Georgia, and I will sell at wholesale and retail at the lowest prices ever known before. Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere

L. B. LANGFORD,
At the Sign of the "BIG DOG"
69 Whitehall street and 20 Marietta street,
ATLANTA, GA
aug60—d2tawtf

DON'T BUY

UNTIL YOU HAVE

CAREFULLY EXAMINED

OUR NEW

— AND —

LOW RESERVOIR

CHARTER OAK STOVES

As wehave 12 GOOD REASONS why the will do your work,

Quick and Easy,

Cheap and Clean.

BECAUSE
They are the cheapest to buy,
They are the best to use,
They bake evenly and quickly,
Their operation is perfect,
They have always a good draft,
They are made of the best material
They roast perfectly,
They require but little fuel,
They are very low priced,
They are easily managed,
They are suited to all localities,
Every Stove guaranteed to give satisfaction.

SOLD BY

Excelsior Manu'fg Co.,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

AND BY

L. B. LANGFORD

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
oct14—deod&weodtiljan10,'75

BUY ONLY THE

GENUINE FAIRBAKS' SCALES

Stock Scales, Coal Scales, Hay Scales, Dairy Scales, Counter Scales, &c. Also, Miles Alarm Till Co.'s

ALARM CASH DRAWER.

EVERY Merch'nt SHOULD Use Them. EVER Drawe[r] Warrante[d]

FAIRBANKS & CO.,

311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

166 Baltimore St., Baltimore,

153 Camp St., New Orlean

FAIRBANKS & EWING,

MASONIC HALL, PHILADELPHIA

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,

2 MILK STREET, BOSTON.

For sale by leading Hardware Dealers
aug26—d2taw4mo

CHINA, GLASS-WARE, ETC.

CHRISTMAS,

Holiday, Bridal & Birth-day Presents bought at the recent great auction sales in New York at less than half their value bieng sold at McBride's Cheaper than similar goods ever sold in Georgia, For the CASH. Dinner Sets, &c. Don't buy till you go to McBride's China Palace.

dec8—dwed&suntf

GRAND SALE

OF CENTRAL

GILT-EDGE PROPERTY!

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., December 3, 1874.

DON'T forget the sale of those 10 LOTS, GOLD GILT-EDGE PROPERTY, in the centre of the city, fronting the Kimball House and Railroad avenue on the N. E., Union Passenger Depot on the east; Pryor street on S. E.; Alabama street on S. W., and Hon. John H. James' Bank Block on the N. W., and will be sold positively to the highest bidder on THURSDAY, 17TH DECEMBER INSTANT. This property is not surpassed by any in the South. Parties from abroad and our own citizens having funds, can find no safer or more profitable place for investment. This is the last chance to buy vacant property in the centre of the Capital City of Georgia and Headquarters of the South. The terms are liberal—⅓ cash; ⅓ one year; ⅓ two years.
J. C. McMILLAN,
dec4—dtf Chairman Finance Com.

BOIT & CO.,

Savannah, Ga. Atlanta, Ga

SUCCESSORS TO

BOIT & McKENZIE,

COTTON FACTORS

— AND —

General Commission Merchants

OFFICE

Corner Broad and Walton Streets,

ATLANTA, GA.

MR. WM. PEARSON HARDEE,

LATE with Messrs. N. A. HARDEE'S SON & Co., of Savannah, Ga., represents us in Atlanta, per procuration.

Liberal advances at LOW RATES OF INTEREST, will be made on consignments of COTTON to be sold or held in Atlanta or Savannah, and on shipments to New York or Boston, or to our correspondents in Liverpool, Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co., and Thos. S. McKenzie, Esq. All business entrusted to us shall have our prompt and careful attention.

WE REFER BY PERMISSION TO
Savannah Bank & Trust Co., Savannah, Ga
Southern Bank of the State of Ga. " Ga.
H. Mayer & Co., Bankers, Savannah, Ga.
Southern Ins. & Trust Co., Savannah, Ga.
aug23—deod4mo

M. & J. HIRSCH.

OUR

--Winter Clothing--

IS UNEQUALED FOR ITS

Elegant Styles,

Reliable Material

& Solid Make Up.

WORSTED & CASIMERE

SUITS!

OF THE BEST MAKE, UNSURPASSED

FOR CUT AND FIT AND

GENUINE BARGAINS

WE HAVE

OVERCOATS

of every desirable material,

Well Made, Stylish & Reliable,

AT LOWER PRICES THAN EVER.

M. & J. HIRSCH,
M. & J. HIRSCH,
50 & 62 Whitehall st.
50 & 62 Whitehall st.
nov29—dtf

SHRUBS & PLANTS.

Plants! Trees! Plants!

To make room for new lots of

Shrubs, Plants, Etc.,

WE WILL SELL AT

Cost for One Month

THE Shrubs and Trees now at our Nursery, consisting of splendid specimens of ABOR VITAE, Golden, Chinese, Siberian, Globe, &c., CYPRESS, Lawsonii, Funebris, &c.; JUNIPER, Irish, &c.; PINE, Scotch, Austria, &c.; SPRUCE, Hemlock and Norway; FIRS; CEDARS; LAURELS; CAPE JESSAMINES; MOCK ORANGE 3 to 8 feet, extra fine plants; a large and choice collection of ROSES, SPIREA, DEUTZIA, HYDRANGEA, &c.; 10,000 yards of Boxwood plants for borders, and a large quantity of Althea, Euonymous and Privot for Hedges.

Fruit Trees & Grape Vines.

These will be sold at figures less than ever offered before in Atlanta.
CHAS. F. GAILMARD & CO.,
Rosehill Nursery—West End,
Atlanta, Ga.,
Opposite residence of Col. Geo. W. Adair, on line of street railroad. dec6—d1w

Fruit Trees! Fruit Trees!

HAVING been appointed Receiver to take charge of the Nursery stock belonging to the late firm of Irwin & Thurmond, known as the SOUTHERN NURSERY," I offer the entire stock for sale at wholesale and retail. Agriculturalists, nurserymen and others desiring choice fruit trees will call at once, either at the Nursery, 3½ miles from Atlanta, on the Sandtown road, or at my office, on Pryor street, at the drug store of Hunt, Rankin & Lamar. The stock consists of the choicest variety of apples, peaches, pears, plums, cherries, grape vines, etc., and will be sold at a great sacrifice as the stock is compelled to closed out this winter. Call at once or send in your orders.
dec6—d1m E. H. MUSE, Receiver.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

——FOR THE——

Fall and Winter Trade.

APPLES, Pears, Peaches Plums, Apricots, Almonds, Figs, Grapes, Strawberry Plants and a general line of nursery stock. Ornamental Evergreens and Roses a specialty. Prices moderate and stock fine. Send for price list. The Nursery grounds are situated one and a half miles southeast of the City Cemetery. Address
W. P. ROBINSON,
Downing Hill Nurseries,
dec5—d2w&w1m Atlanta, Ga.

DECEMBER 29th!

SECOND AND LAST

GRAND GIFT CONCERT

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK.

Day Positively Fixed.

Tuesday, 29th December.

LAST CHANCE!

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature (passed March 8th, 1873.)

50,000 Tickets. 6,000 Cash Gifts.

$250,000

TO BE GIVEN AWAY

One Grand Cash Gift of	$80,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	10,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of 250 each	10,750
79 Cash Gifts of 150 each	11,850
250 Cash Gifts of 100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of 50 each	28,900
5000 Cash Gifts of 10 each	50,000
6000 Cash prizes, aggregating	[illegible]

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets..$10	Quarter Tickets $2 50
Half Tickets....$5	Eleven Tickets, $100.

For tickets and circulars giving full information, address
HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary,
NORFOLK, VA.
nov24-eod1m& w1m

AMES F. WEST. | J. H. KETNER,
formerly Agt. of Kennesaw Mills.

WEST & KETNER,

Wholesale Grocers,

FLOUR

— AND —

Commission Merchants,

No. 19 Alabama St.,

Atlanta............Georgia

dec4—d1w

$50 00 Reward.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—TWO HORSES—from my premises in West End, Atlanta, on the night of the 1st of December.

My buggy MARE, dark bay, fat, compactly built; a splendid pacer under saddle; a good walker; about seven years old, not more than medium size.

Also, a gray HORSE, only work order; rough in appearance and gait; hind legs unusually crooked; purchased from William Shadrick, Clayton county, Ga.

A suitable reward will be paid for the recovery of the horses and fifty dollars for the conviction of the thief.
dec3—dtf A. K. SEAGO.

D. C. SKINNER | M. SWEETSER | C. K. LEONARD

Skinner, Sweetser & Co.

Producers of and Dealers in West Virginia

LUBRICATING NATIVE ROCK OIL,

USED by most of the Railroads in the United States, Canada and Europe, and by mechanics on all kinds of machinery. The Safest, Cheapest and most Reliable Lubricator in the World. Obtained the Highest Prize at the Paris Exposition. 28, 29, 30 and 31 Gravity. Oil Wells at Volcano, Sand Hill, Horse Neck and Cow Run, West Virginia. Tanks and Shipping Stations, West Virginia. Office, Marietta, Ohio. C. W. CUTTING, Atlanta, General Agent. dec6—d1m

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION
CITY, COUNTY AND STATE.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

To Lawyers—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to The Constitution by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we can not undertake either to return or preserve.

Supreme Court Decisions are now ready in pamphlet form, with table of cases and general index. At the last term decisions of very great importance were rendered. Sent post paid for $1. Address W. A. Hemphill & Co.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENT:
I. M. ACTON.

ATLANTA.

Thursday Morning, Dec. 10, 1874

To Mail Subscribers of the Constitution.

The postage law of the last session of congress, while largely reducing the rates on newspapers, requires that in all cases after January 1, 1875, the postage shall be paid in advance at the place of mailing. It will therefore become necessary for publishers to attend to this payment instead of subscribers.

The postage heretofore paid by subscribers on the Constitution, has been at the rate of $1 20 per year on the Daily, and 25 cents per year on the Weekly. Hereafter, on subscriptions running after the 1st of January, subscribers will pay no postage at their home postoffices, but in remittances to this office it will be necessary to add to the usual subscription price of the paper the following rates for the prepayment of postage:

One Daily, one year	....	60 cents
" six months	....	30 cents
" three months	....	15 cents

In other words, the price of the Constitution, to mail subscribers will, hereafter be at the rate of $10 60 for the Daily, and $2.15 for the Weekly, which will include prepayment of postage—payment in all cases to be made in advance.

The saving in the sum thus paid for postage by subscribers is clearly apparent in these figures, amounting to one half in the Daily, and nearly as much in the Weekly edition.

In cases of failure to remit the amount thus charged for postage, the difference will be charged against the time for which the paper is sent. And in ALL CASES where subscribers are delinquent, we will be compelled to erase their names, as we cannot afford to pay postage at all, much less for delinquents.

Governor-Elect Tilden has consented to give Miss Julia Griffin sittings for a bust.

The Missouri State Grange endorses the jetty plan for the mouth of the Mississippi.

Nova Scotia is gradually fitting itself for annexation to the United States, and has got as far as its first breach of promise suit.

There is nothing more needed among our people than a disposition to fight over even five or ten cents when it is wrongfully extorted.—*New York Times.*

A correspondent of the Gainesville Eagle says that Col. J. S. Sweat, of Clinch, will be a candidate for clerk of the next house of representatives.

Speaking about strikes and wages, the New York Tribune says that there is only one way in which any man in this country can fix his own wages—and that is by becoming a member of congress.

Soon after Judah P. Benjamin, of Louisiana, established himself as a London barrister, he wrote a "Treatise on the Law of Sales," which has passed through two editions in London, and will be reissued here by Hurd & Houghton.

Chicago Tribune's Washington special: The locality of the McEnery returns, which were in so great a mystery, pending the investigation of Louisiana in the senate, has recently been discovered. They are known to be concealed in a safe in Baltimore.

The Savannah Sun says Jack Brown, Whiteley and Bryant have decided not to contest the election of Messrs. Cook, Smith and Hartridge, but will unite in a memorial letter to congress asking that certain changes be made in the federal election law.

John C. Young, son of Joseph Young, eldest brother of the Mormon Prophet, has been excommunicated for waging a newspaper war against the Utah hierarchy. The defection of a blood relative of Brigham Young creates considerable excitement among the Mormons.

Kalakaua, king of the Sandwich Islands, is expected in Washington this week. He left San Francisco last Friday. Strange as it may seem, he will be the first live king to set foot in the capital of the American republic, and, to tell the truth, he isn't much of a king.

The troubles must continue in Mississippi as well as in other portions of the south until the entire policy which has hitherto been pursued is reversed. Proclamations will do little good; and what Gov. Ames had better do is to exert himself, to remove the causes of discontent, and not strike only at the effects.

A wine-glass, which is one of a set owned by John Hancock, is among the interesting relics recently deposited in the Independence-Hall Museum, of Philadelphia. It is engraved "Success to Wilkes and Liberty," and has an interesting history. It is one of a dozen presented to the celebrated John Wilkes, while a prisoner in the tower of London, and by him sent to John Hancock before the revolution.

The Rome Courier urges the passage of a bill which shall include the following points:

1. A registration law, requiring every voter to register in his own precinct upon presentation of a receipt for the required taxes.
2. That an alphabetical list of the registered voters be made out for the use of managers of elections at every precinct.
3. That a voter be required to vote at the precinct in which he lives, and not be permitted to do so elsewhere.

Much ink is being expended now-a-days in an effort to account for the scarsity of money, and the embarrassment of our people. A very noisy class are laboriously endeavoring to show that these troubles of the state are solely owing to the want of a law, which would be confessedly inoperative in the future, as it invariably has been in the past. Such theorizing is very thin. The true and only reason why money is scarse is because we, as a community, lavishly buy what we need instead of producing it. A visit to the freight sheds of the State road will enable anybody to take in at a glance the secret of our woes; for not only can be found there tons and tons of agricultural products that should be produced in the state, but also an infinite variety of manufactured articles—not articles alone of rare and skillful workmanship, but the very simplest forms of goods. In one place are hundreds of cheap bedsteads and chairs; in another coarse wagons, made in Wisconsin or Indiana; near by, threshing machines from Ohio or Michigan, or engines from Pennsylvania; and if we could look into the great dry-goods boxes, we would see the cotton, that left us in its cheapest form, returning from the mills of New England, in its dearest forms. The very cars and engines that brought them all were manufactured in other states. There is little use in prolonging the story of our poverty. We sell our products in the raw state to buy them back with a dozen profits and heavy freight charges added. The inevitable result is debt, embarrassment, and, if persisted in, bankruptcy.

Cotton is a magnificent money-crop; and, if we would combine to produce in the main what we need, our money would stay at home, and we would not be vainly endeavoring to make it plenty by statute. The little sea-girt country of our ancestors is an all-sufficient instance of the economy of manufactures. She has developed her natural resources to the fullest extent, and to-day she holds the richest and busiest people the world has ever known. Her capital is the commercial metropolis of the earth, and every nation and every individual pays her tribute. And yet she has not known an usury law for a quarter of a century! The most enterprising manufacturing states of this country—Massachusetts and Pennsylvania—states which are increasing in wealth surprisingly fast, are without usury laws.

We do not want a law that makes the borrower pay an extra price for the risks its imposes on the lender, who asks—as he certainly will, if he lend all—what his money is worth in the market; but we want a popular appreciation of the great truth that we should not depend upon the productions of other communities. We have money enough to establish the needed factories and industrial enterprises, but we strangely lack the enterprise and shrewdness that prompts its use in that way. Experience however, is fast teaching us the proper lesson. The first step is economy of expenditure. We cannot afford to freely use the high-priced articles that other states are anxious to shove upon us. The next step towards wealth consists in affording profitable employment to all our people who are willing and able to labor. This can not be done by statutes. It will only come after adversity has taught us a hard lesson, and we combine to strike for commercial independence.

The report of the attorney-general shows that the government is doing a very heavy law business, although not a very profitable one. During the year it has been a party in 13,000 civil, and 6,000 criminal, suits. The amount actually realized from judgments was less than a million dollars, while the expenditures were nearly three million dollars.

This man, who once kept a landaulet, wants a big prison built in Washington to take the place of the Albany penitentiary; he wants all the acts of congress repealed that require jurors in the United States courts to possess the qualifications fixed by the laws of the state for jurors in the state court, and he also wants money to use in Utah. But by far the most despicable recommendation that this unscrupulous official makes consists in the suggestion that laws be passed to allow a district attorney to begin prosecutions by the filing of information, without the intervention of what the attorney-general calls "the present cumbersome, dilatory and expensive mode of presentment or indictment by a grand jury." In other words, he would remove the only safeguard that the citizen possesses against the abuse of federal power. If congress passes such a law, let us talk no more about Russian or Austrian dungeons and arbitrary arrests. It would not be necessary to look as far for high-handed acts of tyranny. We would have plenty of them at our own doors.

The tide has decidedly turned in favor of free money. Many state exchanges are speaking boldly out against a re-enactment of the law that is rapidly disappearing from the country and the rest of the world. We select two from the latest arrivals. The McDuffie Journal, after presenting the question in a concise and lucid form, says:

"Let us have no re-enactment of the senseless usury laws, but leave the market value of money to be controlled by the exigencies and circumstances of each business locality. We hope our incoming legislature will direct its attention to more important matters than this everlasting nonsensical question of usury."

The Monroe Advertiser, in the course of a long and able article, says:

"The great natural law of supply and demand should control in this matter, and not any special statute enacted by a legislative body. The main argument advanced by those who desire the usury laws restored, is that the repeal of the law has drawn capital from building and manufacturing enterprises, and has converted almost all of the capitalists into money-lenders. This may be true, but we remark first that if a capitalist chooses to use money in this manner, he has the right, and any legislation on the subject, will be an encroachment on his rights; and secondly, that time will regulate this, as it does all matters. When money becomes plentiful the rate of interest will be low, and capital will seek other channels of employment besides loans and discounts."

We appeal to the subscribers of The Constitution once more, or rather to the few who are delaying. It is an easy matter to be prompt with your subscription. We neither wish to see you left out of our distribution of presents nor be compelled to stop papers after January 1st, for there are precious few of our subscribers, who are not the best and pay subscription willingly. The only trouble is inattention and delay. It is utterly impossible now for our general agents to visit the various towns before our distribution, and the only possibie way to participate in it is to forward subscription direct, with postage for next year. Do not, friends, delay any longer. Send forward at once and get cards.

Our neighbors in pretty suburban Marietta can bear witness to the singular inequalities of the railway freight tariffs. Fully one-half of the 5,500 bales of cotton which they will handle this year will reach the sea via Atlanta and New Orleans. The reason why is as plain as the nose on a man's face: The freight on cotton from that point to Savannah is 83 cents a hundred, while it is only 55 cents to New Orleans. About 2,000 bales have already been shipped from Marietta to the latter port. We commend these facts to the managers of the Central railroad; and while they are considering this, will they please inform us how they can afford to carry cotton from Nashville via Atlanta for 55 cents a hundred, when they insist that it is worth 65 cents to carry it from Atlanta?

Chaplain Newman, the beloved ex-pastor of Cæsar, has come to grief. His eminent patron sent him on an extended foreign tour, with a provision of $5,000 a year and travelling expenses, from the public treasury. His wife was also allowed $2,000 more as his secretary, her sex being disguised on the pay roll by the use of her initials only. He started out on the nominal errand of inspecting the various consulates, but it seems that he engaged in mercantile ventures. Thirty cases of foreign goods from Hong Kong, were seized in New York, last Saturday, belonging to this roving pet of the administration, and further developments are expected.

The attention of our subscribers is called specially to our announcement on the payment of postage. Subscribers pay only about half the former rates, but must prepay at our office, and must, therefore, remit amount with subscriptions. These rates have been agreed upon by the city press. After January first, newspapers will be stopped, unless subscription is paid, as we cannot pay postage for delinquents.

Send your subscriptions by express, postal order, registered letter or draft on banks or merchants of Atlanta. Many are doing this latter. Cards are sent out as rapidly as letters can be answered.

More villainy is brewing in Florida. It is believed that a fair count would give the democrats a majority in the legislature on joint ballot, but the latest advices indicate that the returns have been manipulated to give the radicals a majority of two. This has been done to elect Congressman Purman to the senate in the place of Gilbert. Purman ran for the legislature, as well as for congress, and was elected to both offices. It is understood in Washington that he will resign his seat in congress in time to take a seat in the legislature.

The recent democratic victories will result, it is said, in the hasty admission of New Mexico and Colorado. The eastern senators have heretofore opposed the admission of these sparsely settled territories; but the exigencies of the republican party now demand an increase of republican congressmen, which can only be secured in these degenerate times by the manufacture of rotten boroughs. The radical managers are hedging in earnest, and will let no advantage, however unfair, slip through their fingers.

It is admitted that the public debt statement for November would have shown an increase of debt if several large warrants had not been withheld until after the first of December. And yet there is no effort on the part of the administration to reduce expenditures. Its song is pitched in one unvarying key—increased taxation.

Farmers and Newspapers.

[Louisville Ledger.]

We have been frequently surprised to see how many farmers, well to do in worldly riches, neglect or refuse to take some good newspaper for the benefit of himself and family. They seem to think that they have no interest in the affairs of the outside world; that they have to deal with nothing except the land they plow, or the stock they feed, and the children they are rearing in ignorance. They forget that they are a part of the great human family, placed upon this orb to work out the plans of the good and wise Creator, and as such have no right to dam up the great stream of progress.

The laws of progression are as unalterable as are any others in nature, and that man who impedes those laws with an offspring—children, uneducated and besotted with ignorance—commits a sin which reacts not only on himself, but on his descendants for long years in the future.

Newspapers are made to spread intelligence and improve the morals of mankind. To the farmer, above all men, they should be a necessity, from the very fact that they afford him in his isolated condition the only means of mixing in the busy scenes of life. Man in a hermit state becomes a personification of selfishness—caring for nobody and nobody caring for him. Development comes alone from associating with our fellow men, and appropriating to ourselves the advancement which they make.

No farmer should do without this social schooling, both for his own good and that of his children; and in no way can he obtain it so fully and cheaply as through the newspaper and periodical literature of the day; and he who neglects to receive these advantages deprives himself of light, and lives out his days in worse than heathen darkness.

Gen. Breckenridge and the Kuklux.

[Elkton (Ky.) Witness.

The Lexington Press, in a late editorial says:

At a time when men in this country were quaking with fear, and met and talked in whispers, or with bated breath, talked not at all about ku-klux, there was one man who had the moral and physical courage to denounce the villains. That man was our honored and distinguished fellow-citizen, Gen. John C. Breckinridge. In open court, perhaps under the gaze of half a hundred ku-klux, he said: "The proudest act of my life would be to be one of a sheriff's posse to hunt down and bring to inexorable justice the lawless men who constitute the ku-klux band.

All honor to Kentucky's noble son. If all the prominent citizens of the different counties of Kentucky where the outrages of these diabolical ku-klux are being perpetrated would speak out in such determined tones, they would arouse an action against their crimes which would turn the tide of terror against them. In the apathy of the people, and their want of united action to suppress this violence, society will drift into anarchy and confusion—the law become a dead letter, and the good order which has prevailed throughout our section be changed to scenes of murder, robbery and general turbulence.

The Alabama Claims Court.

[*By Telegraph to The Constitution.*]

Washington, Dec. 9.—In the Alabama claims court to-day, argument was resumed on case 87 as to the character of damages, the counsel for the government taking the position that the court had no jurisdiction in the matter of personal injury by the acts resulting from the capture of confederate cruisers. Gen. Roberts spoke in opposition. The decision will be rendered in a few days. Case 118, involving the question of citizenship, naturalization, etc., will, with a case involving the same points, be argued to-morrow probably. The hearing of cases will commence regularly next week, after the arguments on demurrers are closed.

Kuklux Prisoners Pardoned.

[By telegraph to The Constitution.]

Washington, December 9. The president granted pardons to be issued to-morrow to John and Jerome Whisonante, of South Carolina. Both were convicted of kukluxing and sentenced each to five years imprisonment at Albany and $100 fine. They have served two years of their term.

Sunday Evening Concerts Interrupted.

[*By Telegraph to The Constitution.*]

New York, December 9.—A decision was rendered by Judge Donahue to-day, refusing to make permanent temporary injunctions against the police commissioners, to restrain them from interfering with Max Strakosch's Sunday evening performance, in the Grand Opera House.

Disaster on the Coast.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

London, December 9.—Intelligence of disasters, on the coast, by gale, to-day, continue to be received at many places. The wind blew with unprecedented violence. The brig "Libel," from Wilmington, N. C., for Liverpool, was driven ashore at Point Lynas and became a total wreck. The crew was saved.

Alabama State Printer.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

Montgomery, December 9.—The legislature, by requisite vote, agreed to extend the session beyond the constitutional limit of 30 days. W. W. Screws, of the Montgomery Advertiser, was elected state printer.

Safe Delivery of the Transit.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

London, December 9.—Telegrams were received at Greenville observatory this afternoon from India announcing that observations of the transit of Venus has been successful. Over one hundred photographs were taken.

Executive Department News.

Commissioned.—T. A. Dutton, justice 10th district, Effingham county; Nathan Camp, notary, 1260th district, Douglas county.

Election order.—Way Cross Rifles, Ware county.

Dead.

(*By Telegraph to The Constitution.*)

Ithaca, N. Y., Jan. 9.—Ezra Cornell is dead.

STATE SUPREME COURT

Decisions Rendered in Atlanta, Ga., December 8, 1874.

Reported specially for The Constitution by Henry Jackson, Supreme Court Reporter.

HON. HIRAM WARNER, CHIEF JUSTICE,
HONS. H. K. M'CAY AND R. P. TRIPPE,
JUDGES.

J. C. C. Black vs. Joseph J. Cohen et al.
Alfred Shorter et al. vs. Mayor and Council of Rome. Injunction from Floyd.

WARNER, C. J.

This was a bill filed by J. J. Cohen and others, citizens and tax-payers of the city of Rome, praying for an injunction to restrain the Mayor and Council of said city, from levying and collecting an extraordinary tax for the payment of the interest due on certain described bonds, as well as for the payment of said bonds issued by said city, on the ground, that said bonds were illegally and fraudulently issued, and that the same may be declared null and void. The defendant answered the bill, as well as other parties who were holders of the city bonds, and who were allowed to come in as parties defendants. The bill did not waive discovery, but required an answer to the allegations made therein. On the hearing of the application, the presiding Judge, acting as Chancellor, granted the injunction, restraining the levying and collecting an extraordinary tax to pay the interest coupons attached to the bonds issued by the Mayor and City Council of Rome to pay the subscription for stock to the North and South Railroad Company of Georgia, and the sixty-five bonds issued to redeem what is called city currency, numbered from one to sixty-five, inclusive, but refused the injunction to restrain the raising, by extraordinary tax, money to pay the $5,000 00 bonds, called fire bonds, and interest, and interest coupons on the bonds called the Memphis Branch Railroad Company's bonds, and the water works bonds. Whereupon both parties excepted. The complainants allege in their bill, that the bonds were issued by the defendant, without authority of law, and that the same were irregularly and fraudulently issued by the defendant. The defendant denies in its answer the allegations of fraud, and sets forth the manner, and the purposes, for which the bonds were issued. The main controlling question in this case is, whether the defendant had, as a municipal corporation, lawful authority to issue the bonds. If it did not have the lawful authority to do so, then the bonds are void, and no extraordinary, or other tax, should be levied and collected to pay them, or the interest due thereon. But if the bonds are not void for the want of lawful authority to issue them, although the same may have been irregularly, or fraudulently issued by the defendant, it is bound to pay them to the innocent holders thereof and, therefore, should levy and collect the extraordinary tax for that purpose. It appears from the record that the bonds are payable to bearer, and due at a future date, have been negotiated, and are now in the hands of different parties as the holders thereof. It is insisted that the sixty-five bonds, numbered from one to sixty-five inclusive, issued to redeem the city currency, were issued without authority of law, because the defendant was not authorized to make a contract by issuing its bonds for that purpose, and that the currency which the bonds were issued to redeem, was illegally issued by the defendant in violation of the statute law of the State; that the Act of the General Assembly of the 23d of Aug., 1872, legalizing and making valid said bonds, could not ratify an illegal transaction. It appears from the record that the currency, which the bonds were issued to redeem, were certificates of indebtedness of the city, and were receivable for all public dues. By the 13th section of the original charter of the city of Rome, the defendant had special power to make all contracts in its corporate capacity, which it might deem necessary for the welfare of said city. All contracts would necessarily include contracts under seal, and a bond is nothing more than a contract under seal. As to the illegality of the currency for which these bonds were issued to redeem, it will be seen by reference to the Act of 1851, on which the 4456th section of the Code is based, that although the defendant might have been indicted and punished for issuing the currency in violation of its provisions, still, it was bound to redeem that currency. The 4th section of that Act declares "that the bills, notes or checks, if paid away or tendered in payment contrary to the provisions of this Act, shall, notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, be valid and collectable the same as any other note, bill or check, and shall be subject to taxation at the discretion of the Legislature." Pamphlet Acts 1851-2, page 26. The principle contained in that Act is right. If the defendant has received the benefit of the currency issued by it, though issued illegally, it ought to redeem it; and it was not illegal to make a contract for its redemption by the defendant, in issuing its bonds for that purpose, inasmuch as it was a contract "for the welfare of the city." Besides, the defendant being legally bound to redeem that currency, it was competent for the General Assembly, by the Act of the 23d of August, 1872, to ratify the issuing of the bonds, if any ratification was necessary to have made them valid. As to the discrepancy as to the date of the bonds mentioned in the title and body of that Act, which were intended to be ratified, see the decision of this Court in Hill vs. the Commissioners of Decatur. 22d Georgia Rep., 203. It is further insisted by the plaintiffs in error, that the Memphis Branch railroad bonds and the North and South railroad bonds, are void, because the Acts of the 14th of October, 1870, and the first of December, 1871, authorizing the defendant to subscribe stock therein, were passed in violation of that provision of the Constitution of 1878, which declares, "Nor shall any law or ordinance pass, which refers to more than one subject matter, or contains matter different from what is expressed in the title thereof." And because a majority of the whole number of voters in the city did not vote upon the question of subscription or no subscription to the stock in the respective railroad companies. The bonds were issued by the defendant to pay its subscription for stock in the two railroad companies hereinbefore named. The title of the Act of the 14th of October, 1872, is "An Act to authorize the Mayor and Council of the city of Rome to subscribe not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars of stock in the Memphis Branch railroad, upon certain conditions, and for other purposes." The first section of the Act authorizes the subscription of stock in the company, not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, and to issue the bonds of the city for its subscription, the interest thereon payable annually. The second section of the Act provides that the Mayor and Council shall in each and every year, until said bonds are paid, provide by special taxation for the raising of a sufficient sum of money to meet the interest on said bonds. The third section provides that before said subscription is made, the vote of the citizens of said city shall be taken in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the State, and provided a majority of said citizens (being the qualified voters thereof) do approve of said subscription. The fourth section of the Act provides that the Mayor and Council of the city of Rome may subscribe for a like amount of stock in any other railroad that may be projected, which has its terminus in said city, provided the question of subscription or no subscription, be first submitted to the citizens of said city and the subscription be approved by a majority of the qualified voters thereof. The foregoing Act of 1870 was amended by the Act of the first of December, 1871, and is entitled an Act to amend an Act to authorize the Mayor and Council of the city of Rome, to subscribe not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars of stock in the Memphis Branch railroad upon certain conditions, and for other purposes. The first section of the amended Act strikes out the words "annually" in the original Act and inserts "semi-annually." The second section of the amended Act declares, that all the provisions and stipulations of said amended Act and the amendments thereto, be of full force in relation to the subscription of the city of Rome of one hundred thousand dollars to the North and South railroad. The original Act, and the amendment thereto, are to be construed together as one Act. It is contended there is nothing in the title of either of the Acts, in relation to the issuing of bonds, or as to the subscription of stock in the North and South railroad, or as to the payment of interest, and for that reason the Acts are unconstitutional and void. In construing this clause of the Constitution, (to-wit:) "Nor shall any law or ordinance pass, which contains matter different from what is expressed in the title thereof," this Court held, in Martin vs. Broach, (6th Ga. Rep. 21,) that where the title of the Act specifies some of the objects for which the Act was passed, and contains this general clause, "And for other purposes," portions of the Act not specially indicated in the title, are nevertheless good under this general clause, and we adhere to this ruling of the Court, in construing these words in the Constitution of 1868, so far as it regards the title of the Act. The title of the Act under consideration, and the amendment thereto, contains the words "and for other purposes," and therefore it is not void, because it contains matter different from what is expressed in the title thereof. The Constitution of 1868 has in it an additional clause that was not in the old Constitutions, (to-wit:) "Nor shall any law or ordinance pass, which refers to more than one subject matter." Does the Act of 1870 and the amendment thereto, refer to more than one subject matter? What is the subject matter of the original and amended Act? The subject matter is the subscription of stock to railroads by the Mayor and Council of the city of Rome, including the Memphis Branch railroad, or any other railroad that might be projected and had its terminus in that city, and when the amended Act authorized the subscription to the North and South railroad, that had reference to the same subject matter, (to-wit:) to subscription to the stock of a railroad specially named, which had its terminus in the city, as it appears from the Act incorporating it. The issuing bonds to pay the authorized subscription for stock in the named railroads, and providing for the payment of interest thereon, has reference to the same subject matter of the subscription for stock in the two railroads named, and necessarily connected therewith and germain thereto. The authority to the Mayor and Council to subscribe for stock in the respective companies, necessarily implied that it was to provide the means to pay for it; paying for the stock subscribed was the most important part of the whole subject matter. Courts will not declare an Act of the General Assembly unconstitutional and void, unless it is plainly and manifestly so. The two or more subject matters *referred to* in the Act, not *contained* in it, to make the Act unconstitutional and void for that reason, should be so distinct and clear, as to leave no doubt upon the mind of the Court, as far instance, if an Act to subscribe stock in a railroad company should refer in the body of it, to a subscription for stock in a gold mining company, that would be two distinct subjects matter referred to in the same Act, which the Constitution prohibits, but that is not the case now before us, nor anything like it. The whole subject matter referred to in the body of the Act of 1870, and the amendment thereto, is in relation to the subscription of stock by the Mayor and Council of the city of Rome in two named railroads having their termini in that city, and providing the means of payment therefor. If there was anything said in the opinion of this Court, in the case of the Board of Public Education vs. Barlow—49th Georgia Report 232—seemingly in conflict with our present ruling, we modify what was said in that case, upon a more full and deliberate examination of the question.

On the 22d of September, 1870, the General Assembly passed an Act to authorize the Mayor and Council of the city of Rome to issue bonds and borrow money for purposes therein specified. By the first section of that Act, the defendant was authorized in its corporate capacity to negotiate a loan and borrow a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, to be used in bonding its present debt, and in building and establishing water-works in said city, and for other purposes mentioned therein for the improvement of the city. The 2d section authorized the issuing of the bonds of the city, provided for the payment thereof, that the same should not be sold for less than ninety cents in the dollar, and that before said bonds should be issued for public improvements as specified in the Act, the question should be submitted to, and receive the sanction of, the majority of the qualified voters of the city. It was under this Act that what is called the water works bonds were issued by the defendant. The complainants allege that these bonds were issued without complying with the provisions of the Act, that the question of erecting water works did not receive the sanction of the majority of the qualified voters of the city, and that the bonds were negotiated and sold for less than ninety cents in the dollar. The defendant in its answer admits that a small portion of the bonds were sold for less than ninety cents in the dollar, but says the balance thereof were sold at ninety cents, and that the question of "water works" or "no water works" was twice submitted to the legal voters of the city, and that each time, a majority of those voting, voted in favor of waterworks. By the Constitution of 1868, the General Assembly may permit the corporate authorities of any town, or city, to take stock in, or contribute to, any railroad, or work of public improvement, or engage in such work, after a majority of the qualified voters of such town or city voting at an election held for the purpose, shall have voted in favor of the same, but not otherwise. The question is, whether the Constitution requires that a majority of *all* the qualified voters of a town or city, should vote upon the question submitted, or whether a majority of those *voting* at the election, is sufficient? In our judgment, the Constitution only requires a majority of those *voting* at the election, such are the plain words of it, and doubtless that was its true intent and meaning, otherwise, it would have said a majority of *all* the qualified voters of such town or city, instead of saying, after a majority of the qualified voters of such town or city *voting* at an election held for the purpose. Every qualified voter in the city of Rome, had the privilege of voting upon the question at the time the election was held, or not voting, just as he pleased, and if he did not vote when he had the opportunity to do so, the presumption is that he was willing to abide the decision of those who did vote. What we have said in relation to the vote of a majority of the qualified voters of the city voting at the election, in regard to the water-works bonds, is also applicable to the election held as to the subscription for stock in the Memphis branch railroad, and the North and South railroad. In our judgment the defendant had the legal authority to issue the bonds complained of in the complainant's bill, and if the same were irregularly issued by the defendant, or if any of them were negotiated and sold for less than ninety cents in the dollar, the defendant is bound to pay them, and the interest thereon to the holders thereof. In support of our judgment, we cite the following authorities: Knox vs. Aspinwall, 21st Howard's Rep., 544; Bissell vs. the City of Jeffersonville, 24th Howard's Rep, 29; and Mercer county vs. Hacket 1st Wallace's Rep., 94; Gilspike vs. Dubuque, 1st Wallace's Rep., 203; Supervisors vs. Schenck, 5th Wallace's Rep., 781; City of Lexington vs. Butler, 14th Wallace's Rep., 294; Moran vs. the Com. of Miami Company, 2d Black's Rep., 729. The application having been made in this case to a Court of equity, to restrain the deffendant from levying and collecting an extraordinary tax for the payment of the interest due on the bonds, the question naturally presents itself, where were the complaining citizens of the city of Rome, when the stock subscription to the railroad companies was made and the bonds issued by the defendant in payment therefor? Why did not they interfere *then* to restrain the defendant from subscribing for the stock and issuing the bonds of the city, if the defendant was violating its duty, as they now allege? Why remain quiet and passive until the bonds had been issued and sold and were in the hands of innocent holders thereof. In view of the facts of this case, it may well be questioned, whether a Court of equity should not hold that they are now estopped from setting up the grounds of complaint at this late day, as against the innocent holders of the bonds, at any rate, a Court of equity will not lend a very willing ear to their complaints now. We reverse the judgment of the Court below in granting the injunction restraining the levying and collecting any extraordinary tax to pay the interest coupons attached to the bonds issued by the Mayor and City Council of Rome to pay the subscription for stock to the North and South railroad company of Georgia, and the sixty-five bonds issued to redeem what is called city currency, numbered from one to sixty-five inclusive, and affirm the judgment of the Court in refusing the injunction as to all the other bonds specified therein.

Let the judgment be so entered on the minutes of this Court.

Wm. H. Hull; Hamilton Yancey, for plaintiff in error, first case. Forsyth & Reese; S. Printup; Wright & Featherston, for defendants.

D. S. Printup; Wright & Featherston; Forsyth & Reese, for plaintiffs in error, in second case.

W. H. Hull; Hamilton Yancey; Joel Branham, for defendants.

CONGRESS.

Protests Against Reciprocity Received.

The Texas Pacific Asks for Aid.

(*By Telegraph to the Constitution.*)

SENATE.

Washington, December 9.—The type foundries of various cities protest against the reciprocity treaty, so far as regards type and type material.

A memorial was presented by the Texas & Pacific and Atlantic & Pacific railroad companies, praying congress to aid those companies in constructing their roads. In presenting the memorial, Mr. Scott said that it had been placed in his hands by a citizen of Pennsylvania, who was president of the Texas Pacific railroad. The memorial was accompanied by a bill, which he (Scott) had not examined for want of time. He said he would present it to the senate, when in order, holding himself free to approve or reject it after an examination.

HOUSE.

A bill continuing the board of auditors of the District of Columbia was passed.

In distributing the president's message that portion relating to the troubles in Louisiana and other southern states was referred to a select committee of seven.

Mr. Thomas, of Virginia, introduced a bill for the removal of the political disabilities of Edward Boster, of Henry county, Va. Passed.

The lumbermen protest against the reciprocity treaty.

A conference of the republican senators was held to-night to consider what they shall do with the south.

Venus has made her transit.

On dit, that Mr. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, and Flanagan, of Texas, will oppose the confirmation of Mr. Jewell as postmaster general.

Col. P. B. Hunt, of Kentucky, succeeds K. R. Cobb as supervisor of internal revenue.

MARQUISE DE LAFAYETTE.

Interesting Presentation of a Watch Stolen from the Marquis while in America.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

Paris, December 9.—In conformity with a resolution adopted by the American congress, 22d of June last, Mr. Washburn, United States minister, today handed to Mr. Oscar de LaFayette, deputy in the national assembly, Seine et Marne and grandson of Marquis de LaFayette, the watch Washburn presented to the latter as a souvenir of the capitulation of Lord Cornwallis. The watch was stolen from Marquis de LaFayette, while he was traveling in the United States in the year 1825, but was recovered in latter years. The presentation ceremonies took place at the hotel of the American embassy in the presence of the entire LaFayette and other families, the attachees of the United States legation, and many distinguished Americans. Mr. Washburn, in addressing M. de LaFayette, spoke in French language. He narrated the circumstances of the theft of the watch, and the passage by congress of the resoution for its restoration to the brave and patriotic descendants of the Marquis deLafayette, and said, "I am fulfilling the sweet duty the inscription on the watch recalls to my mind—the great deed which never can be effaced from the history of the United States—the deed which terminated the American revolution and assured the independence of the United States. I am here as the interpreter of the sentiments of the government and people of the grateful United States toward you and other descendants of the Marquis deLafayette. Let us form earnest wishes for the happiness and prosperity of all bearing your honorable name; and with these wishes let us associate France, who was allied with the United States, who is our traditional friend, and whose glory is so dear to us."

Marquis deLafayette in reply to Mr. Washburn, solemnly acknowledged his thanks for the relic presented to him by the United States congress. He also thanked Mr. Washburn for the kind words he had uttered, and added that the Lafayette family were filled with gratitude which have been preserved for their ally by the Americans after so many years. He requested Mr. Washburn to express to the American people and to their congress or government the thanks of the Lafayette family and the homage and admiration for their country.

REPUBLICAN SENATORIAL CAUCUS.

Vainly Endeavoring to Agree Upon Something.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

Washington, December 9.—The republican senators spent about an hour and a half in caucus this afternoon on Arkansas affairs, but adjourned without coming to any conclusion. Only a few senators expressed themselves in favor of intervention, and even these did not agree as to the exact form of movement. Others were disposed to postpone action, as the present condition of the state did not seem to justify congressional measures. All accounts represent the people generally to be satisfied with their present government with no cause for violent disturbance.

The question of the condition of Louisiana also becoming involved, several senators said that it would be found on examination that some of the other southern states had no more legal existence than Louisiana, and, therefore, there should be an investigation concerning all of them, in order to establish their validity. The expression of views separated the senators widely from the original topic of conversation.

The next caucus will be held on the call of the chairman.

The Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

Washington, December 9.—For the south Atlantic states, clear and cool weather will continue, with northwest winds and high barometer during the night.

The King.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

Omaha, Neb., December 9.—Kalakaua and party arrived here this afternoon. The mayor and city council and General Ord and staff, met them a few miles out of the city. The entire party were driven through the city and left for the east at 4 o'clock. Four or five thousand people were assembled at the depot. A salute of twenty guns was fired.

The Vicksburg Trouble.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

Vicksburg, December 9.—The excitement is subsiding, and business has been generally resumed. Armed bodies of negroes are reported as congregating at various places distant from town. The whites are still under arms, a strict guard being on the approaches to the city.

A Brutal Murder.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

Wilkesbarre, December 9.—A farmer, named Klein, was brutally murdered and robbed on Monday night, on the turnpike road, two miles from Scranton, by six men who lay in ambush for him.

South Georgia Methodist Conference.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

Savannah, December 9.—The South Georgia Methodist Conference met here to-day, Bishop Pierce presiding.

AN AMPLE APOLOGY.

End of the Proctor-Moulton Case.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

New York, December 9.—The Brooklyn Eagle says that the Proctor suit is at an end. The strategy of the prosecution has proven successful. Yesterday the defence made formal overtures to the prosecution for a compromise and settlement, which, after consultation with the client, the attorneys for Miss Proctor concluded to entertain. The matter came to a climax last night. It was there agreed that at the opening of court this morning the proposition should be made by ex-Judge Fullerton, to have the case reopened, which proposition Tracy & Co. should, after some argument, agree to, and that ex-District Attorney Benjamin F. Stillman should be selected to referree it. It was further stipulated that the reference should be conducted at the private residence of referee; that Miss Proctor should come forward and testify that Moulton's allegations, as to her illicit connection with Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, were in every respect false. It was further stipulated that Moulton himself should make affidavit that he knows of his own knowledge, nothing whatever against Miss Proctor's character, and that libel, to which he gave utterance, was based wholly upon hearsay. It was further stipulated that Moulton should make apology to Miss Proctor, and that he should pay all cost incurred on both sides thus far in the suit, amounting in the total to over five thousand dollars, and in consideration of the foregoing Miss Proctor would claim no pecuniary damages against Moulton, but would rest satisfied with a vindication of her character, and that the referee should make a report in consonance with these conditions, and thus end the great suit. These terms were all agreed to by the parties.

THE GEORGIA AIR-LINE R. R.

Judge Erskine Appoints a Receiver.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

Savannah, December 9.—In the United States circuit court to-day, Judge Erskine appointed J. P. Fisher, of New York, receiver of the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line railroad.

Von Arnim's Trial.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

Berlin, December 9.—The trial of Count Von Arnim begun to-day. The court room was densely crowded. Fifty persons of different nationalities were present. Judge Reich announced that the court had decided that the proceedings should all be public, with the exception of the reading of the documents relative to the ecclesiastical policy of the government, which included the papers of the first claim mentioned in the indictment. Herr Mandle, of the council for the defendant, notified the court that he had entered a protest, denying the competency of this tribunal to try the case.

TEN CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion.

☞ All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

ORDER No. 1—HEADQUARTERS, No 9 Mitchell street, Atlanta, Georgia, December 10th, 1874.—To my creditors in New York, Pittsburgh, Trenton, and elsewhere: Draw no more drafts payable to W. H. Tuller, Cashier of Atlanta National Bank.
dec10—d1t T. R. RIPLEY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Attention, Firemen!

THE members of Mechanic Fire Company are hereby ordered to meet at Hall this P. M., December 10th, at 1½ o'clock, in full uniform, for parade.

By order of the President.
CHAS. B. CRENSHAW,, Secretary.
dec10—d1t

GEORGIA, Campbell county.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

WHEREAS, Mary A. Harvey and M. P. Harvey having, in proper form, applied to me for permanent letters of administration on the estate of Charles A. Harvey, late of said county, deceased:

This is to cite all and singular the creditors and next of kin of Charles A. Harvey, to be and appear at my office, within the time allowed by law, and show cause, if any they can, why permanent administration should not be granted to said applicants on Charles A. Harvey's estate. This December 9th, 1874.

R. C. BEAVERS, Ordinary.
dec10—d4w

Campbell County Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the town of Fairburn, Campbell county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in January next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property to-wit:

Forty-two and one-fourth acres of land, it being part of lot No. 48, in the 9th district of originally Fayette, now Campbell county. Levied on as the property of Matilda Rowan, as administratrix of Robert Rowan, deceased, former guardian, etc., to satisfy a fi. fa. in my hands from Campbell Superior Court in favor of S. T. W. Minor, guardian of Matilda Owensby. Property pointed out by Q. C. Grice, plaintiff's attorney.

WM. THOMPSON,
dec10—wtd Deputy Sheriff.

Fulton County Sheriff's Sales for January, 1875.

WILL before sold be the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in January, 1875, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

City lot number (79) seventy-nine, in the fifth ward, in the city of Atanta, containing three-fourths of an acre, situated on Plumb street, and adjoining Jones & Smith, it being the lot where defendant now resides. Levied on to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the Justice Court, 1234th district, G. M., in favor of James Middlebrooks vs. R. H. Jenkins. Levied for the use of John R. Wallace. Levy made July 1st, 1873, by J. F. Porter, L. C., and handed to me.

A. M. PERKERSON,
dec8—d1aw4w Sheriff.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT COURT of the United States—Northern District of Georgia—In Bankruptcy, in the matter of William M. Bartlett, bankrupt—No. 784.

All persons interested are notified to show cause, if any they have, before Register L. T. Downing, at his office, in Newnan, Ga., on the 5th day of December, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the said bankrupt should not be discharged from all his debts. The second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.

nov15—1aw2w A. B. BUCK, Clerk

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiffs in the following case, to-wit:

ARTEMAS SIMS AND WIFE ET AL VERSUS SHEROD S. SIMS, EXECUTOR OF SHEROD SIMS.

I have levied upon, as the property of Sherod S. Sims, executor, lot of land No 34, containing 155 acres, and part of lot of land No. 3', containing 15 acres, more or less, lying and being in the 3d district of originally Monroe, now Pike county, and now occupied by said Sherod S. Sims, and will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN JANUARY next, between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, Dec. 2, 1874.
WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
dec-d1aw5w United States Marshal.

NOTICE.

TOLLED before me as an estray, on the 8th day of December, 1874, by Tobias Campbell, p. o. c., of the 409th district, G. M., of Fulton county, Georgia, one dark brindle STEER, three or four years old, marked with a swallow-fork in the right ear and a split in the left. Appraised by Jesse Wood and G. W. Poss, freeholders of said district, to be worth ten dollars, and who say it is worth twenty-five cents per day to keep it.

The owner is hereby notified to come before me, prove property, pay cost and expenses, and take it away, else it will be sold on the premises of said Campbell, the taker up, about three miles from Atlanta, between Howell's Mills and Peachtree roads, on the land of Jesse Wood, on Friday, the 18th day of December, 1874.

JNO. T. COOPER, Clerk C. O.
dec9—d1t

Assignee's Sale.

I will sell at auction on the premises at 10 o'clock on Thursday, the 17th day of December, the personal property belonging to the estate of Andrew T. Finney, bankrupt, consisting of two sets of Blacksmith's tools and material, etc., used in the manufacture of buggies and carriages. Terms cash.

dec8—d2t C. F. AKERS, Assignee.

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA.

Thursday Morning, Dec. 10, 1874

To Mail Subscribers of the Constitution.

The postage law of the last session of congress, while largely reducing the rates on newspapers, requires that in all cases after January 1, 1875, the postage shall be paid in advance at the place of mailing. It will therefore become necessary for publishers to attend to this payment instead of subscribers.

The postage heretofore paid by subscribers on the CONSTITUTION, has been at the rate of $1 20 per year on the Daily, and 25 cents per year on the Weekly. Hereafter, on subscriptions running after the 1st of January, subscribers will pay no postage at their home postoffices, but in remittances to this office it will be necessary to add to the usual subscription price of the paper the following rates for the prepayment of postage:

One Daily, one year	60 cents
" six months	30 cents
" three months	15 cents

In other words, the price of the CONSTITUTION, to mail subscribers will, hereafter be at the rate of $10 60 for the Daily, and $2.15 for the Weekly, which will include prepayment of postage—payment in all cases to be made in advance.

The saving in the sum thus paid for postage by subscribers is clearly apparent in these figures, amounting to one half in the Daily, and nearly as much in the Weekly edition.

In cases of failure to remit the amount thus charged for postage, the difference will be charged against the time for which the paper is sent. And in ALL CASES where subscribers are delinquent, we will be compelled to erase their names, as we cannot afford to pay postage at all, much less for delinquents.

Our Advertisers.

Carpets at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co's.
All about lotteries.
A large store for rent.
Ladies' and misses' cloaks at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co's.
Estray notice—J. T. Cooper.
Leave to sell land—J. B. Stewart.
Good goods at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co's.
Leave to sell wild land—J. B. Stewart.
James E Owens is still proprietor of the National.
Black silks at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co's.

Christmas Supper.

The ladies of Trinity church, who feel interested in the preparation of the Christmas festival for the children of the Sabbath school, are requested to meet at Trinity church, Thursday afternoon, at half past three o'clock. 3t.

OUR city subscribers are coming in and renewing their subscriptions. This is right, as the time is short.

OUR city subscribers are coming in and renewing their subscriptions. That is right, for the time is short.

CITY subscribers will please call at this office and renew their subscriptions at once.

WE call especial attention to the coming library fair. It bids fair to be the greatest fair of the season. It takes place at DeGive's Opera House. See advertisement in another column.

CITY subscribers will please call at this office and renew their subscriptions at once.

NORTH GEORGIA M. E. CONFERENCE SOUTH.

Fifth Day's Proceedings.

Conference to Meet in Griffin in 1875.

Large Increase in Membership.

CARTERSVILLE, December 7, 1874.

Yesterday was gloomy and rainy, yet there was a fair attendance at 3 P. M. of adults to hear Dr. Haygood's address before the Sunday school mass meeting.

Conference opened this morning with religious services by Rev. L. Rush.

The ballots on the TEMPERANCE AMENDMENT was finally closed to-day and the vote stood: Yeas 80; nays 75. This does not pass the amendment as the majority of conferences voted it down.

ORDINATIONS.

The following ordinations were made yesterday by Bishop Wightman:

Elders—J B McFarland, W R Branham, Jr., J N Myers, J S Bryan, C C Davis, F W T Brannon, T W Turner, W J Roladar. W H LaPrade was ordained on the 4th, having to leave on account of the death of his child.

Deacons—J D Gray, C C Carey, Eli Smith, J H Mashburn, Jr., W P Smith, J T Richardson, M L Underwood, J P Jones, G W Thomas; R L Campbell, Joseph Cohron, A S Smith, G M Robinson, J B Britton, J T Rogers.

The following were appointed as the

JOINT BOARD OF FINANCE.

C W Key, W F Smith, W P Rivers, J M Dickey, W F Glenn, J J Singleton, W J Cotter, F B Davies, J A Reynolds, L Pierce, J., Dr W King, Jr., J H Grogan, J M McAfee, G N Lester, I E Shumate, W G Camp, T M Merriwether, G H Johnson.

The following were appointed

VISITING COMMITTEES FOR 1875:

Emory College—W R Foote, C A Evans, A T Mann.

Wesleyan Female College—G W Yarborough, L J Davies, J Lewis, jr.

LaGrange Female College—J W Heidt, A M Thigpen, J H Baxter.

Dalton Female College—D J Myrick, A J Jarrell, J J Singleton.

R J Harwell and M H White were superannuated.

E K Aiken was made supernumerary.

B W Williams was located at his own request.

THE PLACE OF MEETING.

Griffin, Rome and Sparta were put in nomination as the place of meeting for 1875. Griffin was the fortunate place selected.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

The committee on Sunday schools submitted their report, which was adopted. Rev. W. A. Parks was appointed assistant Sunday school secretary.

MISSIONS.

The new constitution for the board of missions was submitted and adopted.

The following constitute the board. W. H. Potter, H. J. Adams, G. H. Patillo, P. A. Heard, J. Lewis, jr., J. M. Dickey, G. G. Smith, W. P. Pledger, J. H. Baxter, L. D. Palmer, J. S. Stewart, J. C. Hendrix, G. M. Nolan, G. W. D. Cook, G. T. Dodd, J. F. Ogletree, J. M. Pace, R. J. Powell.

Conference passed a resolution requiring preachers on or before the first of May next, to take a collection in their respective charges, to meet the assessments made for the support of the missions established by the conference missionary board, and the sums so collected directly to the treasurer of that board.

Conference passed a resolution that collections taken to meet the apportionment of the conference to support foreign and general missions, shall be properly divided among the various charges, and shall be taken up at such times in the congregation as the preachers in charge shall choose, but on a day different from that on which the collection for conference missions is taken, and the sums so collected shall be sent directly to the treasurer of the conference board, to be transmitted by him to the treasurer of the general board.

Conference passed a resolution that the apportionment of the conference for foreign missions shall be properly divided by the conference board of missions among the presiding elder's districts, and by the presiding elders among the several charges.

The reports of the joint board of finance and the treasurer of the special relief fund were read and adopted.

BOOKS AND PERIODICALS.

The committee on books and periodicals made an elaborate report, highly endorsing the management of the Nashville publishing house. Remarks were made by Dr. Haygood and Bishop Wightman. In the course of his remarks the bishop alluded to the thriving condition of Methodism in South Carolina—a state "trodden down under sublime villainy and corruption"—and the beneficial effect of good parsonages. Methodism had a quadrilateral mission—1st, preaching the gospel to the poor; 2d, building churches; 3d, the missionary cause; 4th, care of the widow and orphan.

PARSONAGES.

Conference passed a resolution that it was the sense of the body that presiding elders, pastors, district stewards, and the members of their respective charges, are under obligations to attend specially to the erection of parsonages.

STATISTICS.

The statistical secretary submitted his report which was adopted.

Total number white members 51,053; colored 134.
Increase white members 3,360.
Sunday schools 538.
Officers and teachers 3524.
Scholars 25109.
Baptised 3502.
Received by profession of faith 3302.
Deaths 454.
Mission fund $7,994,78.
Conference collections $5,540,25.
Pastors salaries $85,677,50.
Bishops funds $1,364,32.
Churches 603½, increase 12½.

The committee on the charge against Rev. R. W. Bigham of mal-administration as presiding elder, reported that the charge was not sustained.

The conference adjourned until 3:30 P. M.

The conference reassembled at 3:30 P. M. After singing the song.

"And let our bodies part,
To different chimes repair."

Rev. J. E. Evans led in prayer.

The committee on memoirs submitted their report. Not a single death occurred in the past year and but one death in three years. The report was adopted and the conference was led in prayer by Bishop Wightman.

By a rising vote the conference returned thanks to the citizens of Cartersville for their enlarged hospitality; the different denominations for the use of their church buildings; the several railroad companies for courtesies to delegates, and to THE CONSTITUTION—that "popular paper"—for one hundred copies, furnished daily during the session, gratuitously to the members of the conference.

FAST DAYS.

The first Fridays in April and August were set apart as fast days.

RESPONSE TO DR. LOVIC PIERCE.

The committee to draft a suitable response to the letter of Dr. Lovic Pierce, submitted the following, which was read and adopted:

The special committee, appointed to prepare and report to this conference a suitable reply to the communication of Rev. Lovic Pierce, of the South Georgia Conference, addressed to this body, submit the following for adoption:

JESSE BORING,
J. E. EVANS,
E. H. POTTLE,
Committee.

Rev. Lovic Pierce, D. D.—Reverend and dear father in Christ:

Your communication to this conference has been received and read, exciting in us the profoundest gratitude to God for your long and wonderful preservation of both body and mind, and especially for the continued and abounding peace and joy of the holy spirit, which have been vouchsafed to you for more than three quarters of a century. You live and move among us, the only remaining representative of the pioneers of American Methodism. You connect the honored and revered generations of itinerant Methodist preachers of the past with the hundreds and thousands now in active service, and yet God spares you to the church, and still gives you power to preach the undescribable riches of Christ, and gives you strength to go in and out before His people. Yours is a singular and profoundly interesting position. We unite with you in the belief that, under God, your preservation and especially the remarkable continuance of your mental and intellectual endowments, are the legitimate results of their systematic culture and temperate use, and trust that your example in this, as in other respects, may prove a blessing to us and the generations who shall come after us. We devoutly pray God that you may still abide with us, and that the light of your example and instructions may grow brighter, until having finished your work you fall asleep and be gathered to your fathers.

It is cause of the highest gratitude to God that at your advanced period of life you are able to go to the solemn hour of final dissolution with that calm and assured serenity of soul, which only abiding faith in Christ can inspire.

May you at the last be able like Paul to say—"For I am now ready to be offered, and the time of my departure is at hand. I have fought the good fight, I have finished my course, I have kept the faith. Henceforth there is laid up for the crown of righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous Judge, shall give me at that day; and not to me only, but unto all them also that loves his appearing."

Should God spare you as we trust He will it will give us and our people great pleasure to have you visit and preach among us as has been your custom both at our conference sessions and at all other times as you may have strength so to do. We still feel that you belong to us as well as to the south Georgia conference.

Praying God's richest blessing upon you, we remain your sons in the gospel of our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ.

After singing the doxology the convention adjourned *sine die*.

THE PULPIT.

Sermon of Rev. A. T. Spalding, D. D.

On last Sunday morning Rev. A. T. Spalding, D. D., pastor of the Second Baptist church, of our city, preached a very impressive sermon on "Peter's denial of the Lord."

The incidents were first narrated. The arrest and binding of Jesus and his being led to the palace of the high-priest for trial and condemnation to death. One of the disciples had become the traitor, the other eleven had forsaken him, and fled. Two of these, however, follow after; one of them "a far off." This one was Peter, who failed to obtain admittance into the palace court. John, who had already gone in, returns to the door and obtains entrance for Peter. Moved by fears for his personal safety, Peter feared to go into the trial-room; but remained in the inner court where the servants and officers were warming by the fire. Here he sat down to warm himself and to "see the end"—to witness what would be the issue of the trial of One whom he indeed dearly loved, and for whose sake he had dared to enter that dreadful place. In the midst of the tumultuous excitement of his mind, the question is suddenly sprung upon him that he is one of the disciples of the Nazarene, Jesus. The charge comes first from the servant girl who was the door keeper. Quick as thought to save his life, Peter replied that he was not, and to make his safety more secure, even denied that he knew the man. Succeeding, as he thought, in turning away suspicion from himself, he left the court and went out into the portico of the palace. While he stood here he heard the crowing of a cock, but it failed to awake the remembrance of the prediction of his blessed Lord. Presently another girl, in company with the former, charges home upon him in the midst of an excited crowd, the fact that he was one of the man's disciples. Inspired by fear for his life, he again denied that he even knew him or understood what he said, and sought to confirm his untruth by an oath invoking God.

Still Peter remained on the ground, held by the devoted love he bore for Jesus, and his insatiable desire to know the result of the terrible trial through which Jesus was passing. He even re-entered the court. There, an hour later, the crowd around him reiterated their charge and confirmed it by a witness who identified him as one whom he had seen with Jesus in the garden that very night at the time of his arrest. This witness, unfortunately for Peter, was kinsman to the very man whose ear Peter had severed from his head in the vain effort to defend Jesus. This caused Peter to feel that his safety was now entirely lost, unless he could extricate himself at once and at whatever cost. The third time, therefore, he denied that he even knew who he was, and then called on God to damn his soul if he knew him or was one of his disciples. And again, he solemnly swore that he did not know him.

No sooner had the words passed his lips than he heard the cock crow the second time. Then memory awoke and conscience reasserted her claim. Above all others he had declared "though all men deny thee, yet will not I deny thee." The reply of Jesus came as an avalanche upon his slumbering conscience. "Verily I say unto thee, the cock shall not crow twice before thou hast denied me thrice."

The scene of the last sad supper, of the garden agony, of all the sweet, precious life of Jesus, came swiftly to his remembrance, and now his eye turned to Jesus. Here stands the son of man, bound and in the hands of his enemies, under oath and charged to answer, "art thou the Messiah, the son of the blessed?" Just now he is answering, with unruffled spirit, "I am, and hereafter ye shall see the son of man sitting on the right hand of God and coming in the clouds of heaven." He then turned and looked upon Peter, a look of a grieved heart, a look of forgiving love. Peter went out. He went out not now to desert his Lord, but to weep over his base ingratitude, to mourn over his terrible fall; and "he wept bitterly." As continually he "thought thereon," continually he abased himself in the dust.

The lessons deduced were.—

1st. The real weakness of a true child of God.

2d. The real strength of a child of God.

"I have prayed for thee, that thy faith fail not." All else had failed, profession, self-confidence, Peter himself; but his faith had not. Through all his sin, he never once had doubted that this was "the Christ—the son of the living God."

3d Of special providences. The crowing of a cock, part of the divine web in which was woven Peter's salutation.

4th A picture of the wise mercy of Jesus Christ: "Tell my disciples and Peter." "The Lord looked upon Peter." And Peter rose up from his shameful fall, to be the foremost of the apostles; to face the sanhedrim of Isreal with the name of Jesus—in that name to work the first penticostal miracle, to preach the sermon that brought salvation to three thousand souls; and to unlock the gospel to the Gentile world, and at last to die for his redeemer.

5th The power of the undying words of Jesus. "Thou shall deny me thrice." "I have prayed for thee that thy faith fail not."

SUPREME COURT.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT, REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

CIRCUITS.

Augusta	17	Eastern	17
Middle	9	Brunswick	1
Ocmulgee	16		

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA,
Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 9, 1874.

AUGUSTA CIRCUIT.

No. 16. Argument concluded.

No. 17. Macon & Augusta R. R. Co., vs. W. J. Vason, et al. executors. Assumpsit, from Richmond. Argued.

Hook & Webb, for plaintiff in error.

Barnes & Cumming, Claiborne Sneed, W. A. Walton, J. C. C. Black, contra.

MIDDLE CIRCUIT.

No. 1. James R. Quillian, vs. Central, R. R., & R'y. Co. Claim, from Washington. Argued.

Langmade & Evans, H. D. Capers, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance, contra.

No. 2. Dismissed for want of prosecution.

A. C. Duggan vs. A. J. Garner. Certiorri. from Washington. Argued.

J. T. Jordon, by brief, for plaintiffs in error.

G. F. Pierce, by Z. D. Harrison, contra.

No. 4. George W. Peacock vs. Joshua F. Urry. Comp'aint, from Washington. Argued. Langmade & Evans; H. D. Capers, for plaintiff in error.

Carswell & Denny, contra.

No. 5. Dismissed for want of service.

No. 6. Green Brantley et al., administrators, vs. E. N. Ennis et al. Debt, from Washington.

Langmade Evans; Sandford & Freeman; H. D. Capers, for plaintiffs in error.

R. L. Worthen, by Peeples & Howell, contra.

Pending the argument of Mr. Evans the court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Four cases still undisposed of on the Middle Circuit. Also, an Injunction case at the heel.

Correction.

In the hurry of getting out the appointments of the North Georgia M. E. Conference, yesterday morning, several errors crept in:

AUGUSTA DISTRICT.

Richmond—B F Farris.
Warrenton—J Lewis, G W Hardaway.

ATHENS DISTRICT.

Watkinsville—W W Oslin, W H Trammell.
Morgan—J L Lupo; B Hame, supply.
Greensboro—F G Hughes.
Broad River—W F Quillian.

GAINESVILLE DISTRICT.

Alpharetta—J S Embry.

ROME DISTRICT.

Rome—W M Crumley.
DeSoto mission—F F Reynolds.

LAGRANGE DISTRICT.

LaGrange—H H Parks.
Whitesburg—J T Lowe.

THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

What the State Geologist is Doing.

Prof. Little is in the city for a few days. His assistants are now in Floyd county, and will soon pass into Polk. Mr. C. A. Locke, engineer, has been lately determining the elevations of the mountain of Pine Log, Fairmount and Alatoona.

A heavy bed of Baryta has been discovered near Alatoona. This is the heaviest of the earths, the specific gravity being nearly five times that of water. It is frequently used in adulterating white lead.

Mr. Seaborn Jones, brother of the state treasurer, has on his premises a peculiar sort of rock, which can be turned in a lathe, admitting a nice polish, and much resembling wood.

Fine specimens of copper ore in a new locality, in Carroll county, have been found by Mr. R. J. Gaines.

A new gold mine has also been opened in that county, by Mr. John C. Drake, for years a popular conductor on the Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama railroad. According to the analysis of professor Land, the ore pans $2,556 to the ton.

Mr. Beck, of Macon, has bought three-fourths of the shares in the copper mine on the railroad, four miles from Carrollton, formerly owned by Messrs. Barnes, Coleman and Sawtell.

Prof. Little was highly gratified at the interest in the survey manifested by many of the substantial citizens of Rome, and was placed under obligations for special favors from Dr. Hillyer, a geologist, Colonel Stone, one of the proprietors of the Ridge Valley Iron Works, Col. Pennington, of the Rome railroad, Messrs. Smith, ("Arp") Adams, Samuels, and many others.

Our reporter had the pleasure of inspecting the maps of the United States coast survey of Georgia, from Port Royal to Fernandina. They were sent to the state geologist through the favor of Prof. J. E. Hilgard, who had an important part in their laborious and artistic preparation. These maps are very valuable. Also, Prof. C. O. Boutelle has kindly furnished twenty determinations of latitude and longitude in this state, from the late United States survey. The latitude of the flagstaff on the capitol is thirty-three degrees, forty-five minutes, nineteen and eight-tenth seconds, and the longitude is eighty-four degrees, twenty-three minutes, twenty-nine and seven-tenth seconds.

The report of the state geologist to the next general assembly will be a very interesting and valuable document.

To "The Good Samaritan."

BY W. W. F.

To my friend, C. F. Y., of Augusta, Ga., who published a poem entitled "A Roland for an Oliver," dedicated to the writer, the following lines are respectfully inscribed:

"An I had known he was so cunning of fence, I had seen him damned ere I had fought with him."—SHAKSPEARE.

Immortal gods of ancient Greece,
Tho' modern bards thy might decrease,
Yet would I thus invoke thine aid
In poet's warfare, righteous made.
Do, I beseech, sustain me now,
And with poetic fire endow;
And thou, Apollo tune my lyre,
With sweetest strains my muse inspire;
That I may thus, thro' verse's guise,
A squirt-gun poet eulogize;
And perched on strong Pegassus' wing,
My muse *again* shall "harshly" ring.

* * * * * * * *

Once, when upon an idle day,
To our Library I chanced to stray,
An Augusta paper caught mine eye,
Much as an handbill passing by.
Your "rhyme-fringed prose" my notice fixed
By its cutting words so "muchly mixed."
And, too, it struck my youthful mind,
That some things said were most unkind.
And thinking thus, at last did try
To write some rhymes as "A Reply."
"The days had passed, the weeks had fled,"
When your rhyming words were by me read.
And now you know the reason why
I was so late in my reply.

* * * * * * * *

Shade of Shakspeare, from thy tomb arise,
In holy horror open wide thine eyes;
Thy bones decayed on Avon's shore,
Most holy God, to life restore.
Oh! from thy deepest sleep of death
Awake, call back "the fleeting breath,"
And, with thy most terrific frown,
Hurl deepest maledictions down
On head of him who dares to say
St. Paul's contains thy mouldering clay.
Great Shakspeare dying, left some lines
Familiar to the most of minds;
'Tis chiseled plain on his grave stones,
"Cursed be the one who moves these bones."
Now, I maintain, if great St. Paul's
Contains his bones within her walls,
That you're the one who moved the dust,
And feel his dying curse you must.
Ghost of Shelley, from thine urn straightway
Stalk out into the light of day,
And with unearthly mien refute
That "poet's" words of great repute (?).
Most mortals know thy sea-lashed corse
On Tuscan's coast was washed ashore,
And by Lord Byron was cremated,
Tho' Tuscan laws him instigated.
His ashes now an urn contains,
Which deep in Roman earth remains.
Now, say, did you ne'er go to school?
If so, admit that *you're "the fool,"*
For all the schoolboys in the state
Avouch the facts that I relate.

* * * * * * * *

"Bombastes," *this* is not the place
Where I can meet you "face to face,"
But still we'll let our muses clash,
And see which wields the keener lash.
Your "poem" was the grandest thing
That ever mortal bard did sing.
Its tones peal forth in stormy thunder;
I stand transfixed in awe, and wonder
If Homer has returned again
To feel a mortal's woe and pain.
But others say, who ought to know it,
"'Tis only a raving fifth-class poet;
He knows not where Shelley's laid,"
The youngster, who the devil played,
When, in his college days, he vowed
His knee should to no God be bowed.
Now this is sad, exceeding sad,
But don't, my dear, for this feel bad;
For I will, in my kindest way,
Say what no other man could say,
That Tennyson beside thee pales,
You take the wind out of his sails,
And if you'll sling your ink on high
You'll write your name on deep blue sky,
Tho' every one but you would know it
The name of a fifth-class squirt gun poet.
And now, my friend, tho' sweet your song,
In many ways you do me wrong,
But truth compels—tho' with regret
I say I am *not* a cadet,
A modest youth, not quick to speak,
I have not any so-called "cheek."
And thus, my love, your sweetest strain
Alas! I fear was sung in vain.
"Bombastes," now, these rhymes so crude
My muse insists I must conclude;
But another thing I cannot fail
To speak of e'er I end my tale—
It was the way in which the "B's,"
Those off-spring of that mighty sneeze,
Inspected arms, when at the word,
Some moved, while others never stirred.
"Inspection arms" their captain cries,
With fire flashing from his eyes;
Some throw them up in wild despair,
While others stand and stupid stare.
"What the devil do you mean?"
"Inspection arms," and now 'tis seen
They catch an idea of the way
In which he wants them to obey.
The sportsmen saw it with regrets,
And straightway each one "hedged" his bets.
You are indeed decidedly "green"
If you can't easily see what I mean.
And now, my friend, I candidly say
Your song was an real poetic lay;
Unlike another beaded "Lines,"
That seemed the last expiring whines
Of a dying fice, which printers help
To let us hear the dying yelp.
But let us stop this endless bore,
We shall not thus each other gore;
This is my last poetic shaft
That Georgian winds will to thee waft.
I "value the love of my friend C. F. Y."
And hope he will pardon this rhyming reply.

Atlanta, December 2nd, 1874.

THE COURT OF ORDINARY.—The Court of Ordinary held a regular meeting Monday for probate purposes. The following petitions were considered and granted:

Of Hiram Casey for letters of guardianship of the property of Sarah Jane Casey and Robert Henry Casey, minors.

Of E. B. Chamberlain, guardian of Frank and Sue Chamberlain, for leave to sell land.

Of Mary Racey Wilson, Sidney M. Wilson and Sarah J. Wilson, choosing John C. Wilson, guardian.

Of Michael Bloomfield, executor of estate of Richard Byrne, deceased, for letters of dismission.

Of Michael Mahoney, executor of the estate of Thomas O'Reilly, deceased, for letters of dismission.

Maria Huge, widow of Peter Huge, deceased, was allowed interest on certain moneys to be invested in her behalf, in lieu of dower.

N. T. Bellinger vs. James A. Pate, guardian. Judgment for plaintiff for $172 89 principal, besides interest and costs. Hulsey for plaintiff.

T N Camp, surety, vs E H Stephens, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Stevens, deceased. Order granted relieving security.

Susan A Platt vs Thomas C Williams, administrator of the estate of Edwin Platt, deceased. Order passed dismissing Thomas C Williams as administrator, and appointing plaintiff in his place. Court then adjourned.

THE RECORDER.

Morning Scenes in a Police Court.

The high court for the collection of fines and forfeitures assembled itself together promptly as the clock struck ten. Around the uncovered multitude submissive sat, while hats were invisible.

A WICKED HUSBAND.

Clark Leslie is a darkey over whose kinky head some thirty summers have already passed. Clark drinks at the five cent bar, wears a coat that would be a fortune to a soap man, and hides his No. 7 feet in a pair of gaiters, whose ragged and venerable appearance ought to entitle them to some rest. Clark has a wife and baby, and lives with his mother-in-law.

Sunday morning Clark returned from a bender about daylight, and being in a capital state of mind for a little recreation, he opened the proceedings by spanking the baby. When his wife expostulated, he polished her off with the bald end of a broom, and so industriously that dust, wool and broom straw were mixed up all over the room. The mother-in-law wanted to interfere, but her complaint did not amount to much, as her amiable son sailed a chair at her head, and the old lady and the chair went out the room together.

The court said, that it was bad that such a model husband could not be induced to take part in a funeral, with his legs tied up in a napkin and a nickel on each eye. But as he had no power to organize a funeral, he would do the best he could to improve him, so Clarke was lead out by the coat collar to the tune of $20 and costs.

Matilda Brown and Mary Ellis are two festive young ladies who reside in pig alley. One is as yellow as a crab apple in June, and the other as black as the outer edge of midnight. Matilda said she had been arrested for nothing at all. That she and Mary live in the same house, and keep it so quiet, that some of the neighbors hadn't yet found out that there was anybody in it. Matilda introduced several highly colored and highly flavored witnesses to substantiate her statements. One more, that she could hear a cat singing on the roof a quarter of a mile off, another was surprised beyond expression at the idea that these two pious girls should be supected of keeping disorderly house. It might be true that gentlemen would occasionally cuss one another out, and carry whisky in them, but that wasn't the girl's fault. The judge was pained that he couldn't see the matter in this light, but said $5 and cost apiece was all he would charge them this time.

Sallie St. John and Fannie Wood fell in love with the same nigger, and had the same experience. Five rounds were fought in ten minutes, and the young ladies are now so patched up that they resemble animated bedquilts. Their little disagreement cost the twain $15.

Willis West got mixed up with a lamp-post on Whitehall street, and had to be taken off by a policeman. Willis said it wasn't the whisky, it was the beer. The court said it didn't make much difference which it was, but the drink and the cussing would be reasonable at $10. So Willis took his situation among the fallen ones.

Frank Hilly said that it was the cold weather which made her occupy two sidewalks and half the street Saturday night. It was always so with her when there was a sudden change. Frank did remember that she had reasoned herself with a quart of cheap whisky, but that hadn't hurt her a bit. The court couldn't see it, and valued that quart at $1 and costs.

Then the curtain fell, and the performance closed for the day.

On the Usury Question.

"Money makes the mare go" easy;
Money is the poor man's pay;
Money makes the women happy,
Therefore money should be free.

Money buys our children's playthings,
Sugars, candies, cakes and tea;
Money makes the children happy,
Therefor money should be free.

Money builds our mills and factories,
Money makes industry pay;
Money makes the people happy,
Therefore money should be free.

Farmers need it, merchants need it,
Millers need it—so we see
That to feed and clothe the million,
We should have the money free.

Let us borrow if we want it—
Make us pay what we agree;
For if money's worth the using,
Then, like milling, it should be free.

CITY MILLER.

Street and Sidewalk Topics.

—The Georgia railroad company are repairing their track below the freight depot.

—Yesterday was quite cold, still quite a number "of the human forms divine" could be seen upon the streets.

—In Scotland people are fined for jumping on moving railroad trains. What would our citizens say to such a law with us?

—For the benefit of parents we would state that one of the most successful remedies now used for diptheria, is a few drops of sulphuric acid in a tumblerful of water.

—We are informed that some of our colored people who had thought of going west, are now on the ragged edge of uncertainty, not having any money.

—Bishop Elliott and family left for Savannah, on the Macon train yesterday afternoon, at 1½ o'clock From Savannah the Bishop will go to Texas.

—The reporter offers his sympathies to Colonel Miller Grieve, of the treasury department, who was called to Milledgeville, last night, by telegram, to visit a sick brother.

—Madame LeVert, who is well known in our state, gave a reading to three hundred ladies and gentlemen in Madison avenue, New York, on the evening of the 4th of December. Many literary and social celebrities were present.

—The Young Men's Library Rooms, presented the most lively appearance of any establishment in the city, yesterday. Numerous ladies were busily engaged in the anticipated entertainment; and then, too, there were rather an unusual number of visitors.

—Reader, under the agreeable hypothesis that every thing is right between us, we take leave to borrow that seldom quoted saying of Mark Antony over the dead body of Julius Cæsar, exclaim, "Lend us your ears." The time is fast running out—will you take another year's subscription to THE CONSTITUTION?

—A colored couple, but recently married, and who live not very far from Summer's Hill, became so noisy in a quarrel and fight yesterday morning, that the neighbors had to interfere. It seems that Plutus and not Cupid, presided at their nuptials, consequently the match has proven a "lucifer," and friction has produced an explosion.

—E. P. Howell, Esq., and party, who went on a fishing and hunting excursion to Cumberland Island, a few days since, returned yesterday morning. They report the hunting and fishing as having been excellent, and their enjoyment very great. They brought back a fat four year old buck, which was presented to Tim Murphy, and can be seen at his restaurant.

—A colored man on Gilmore street, after standing the baseness and rough tongue of his wife, so long as patience was a virtue, took her in hand yesterday and gave her a little whipping. Job bore up when afflicted with boils, and other men have tried to be cheerful when in trouble, but the colored man above mentioned says that no one knows how tantalizing is a freedman's wife.

—Frequently, on yesterday, the reporter was asked, what kind of weather we are to have. We would like very much to give a learned and philosophical disquisition, relative to the matter, one worthy of Baron Humboldt. Well, well, there are old prognostics, appeal to them. If you are a lady, examine the cords of your musical instrument; if they snap, why then look for rain. Does the salt on your table become moist; does your house cat wash her face and ears; are the spiders in your garden destroying their webs and secreting themselves? If any of these things are taking place, you may anticipate rain.

ABOUT LOTTERIES.—We notice one difference (and a great one) in the Land Distribution of Wagley & Lockart and the large number of many prize lottery concerts, etc. It cannot be classed as a lottery any more than a building association. It is simply a Land Distribution; shares $3 00. They have the property on hand, and do not have to wait for the sale of tickets to pay for it; while this is a fact that in prize concerts they often postpone in order to sell enough tickets to get money to pay what prizes may be drawn. This is an assurance to ticket holders and others contemplating purchasing tickets, that they take as fair a business risk as they would in any other speculation, and that, as Wagley & Lockhart only require a moderate expense and a reasonable proportion of tickets to be sold, it can be easily seen that their enterprise will be brought to a successful termination.—*Houston Age.* dec9—d1t&w1t

HOG MARKET.—The indications are, from the way our packers are holding off, and from what we can learn from the western markets, that within a week or ten days hogs can be bought very far below the present prices. Both gross hogs and bulk meats have declined very materially since last week, and consumers rely upon getting meat at a living rate within a very few days. Packers here assert most positively that they will not take hold again unless hogs go far below present quotations.

AN ACCIDENT.—A man, one of the employees at Scofield's rolling mill, whose name we could not learn, while at work yesterday, had one of his fingers, the third one on his left hand, badly lacerated by being caught between a bar of iron and the shears. His hand was well cared for by Dr. DeWitt, of this city.

THE city editor returned from Cartersville last night, having all the appearance of chicken plethora.

Board of Trade.

The following memorial from his honor, the mayor of the city, was sent to the board on yesterday. After being received and read, the board instructed the president and secretary to sign it. It reads as follows:

MEMORIAL

To the honorable, the senate and house of representatives of the United States, in congress assembled:

The undersigned, comprising the mayor, council and many of the leading merchants and other business men of the city of Atlanta, state of Georgia, respectfully represent to your honorable bodies that at your last session a bill was passed by the house of representatives, constituting our city a "port of delivery," and providing for the appointment of a "surveyor of customs," etc; that said bill was transmitted to the senate, but at so late a period of the session, that owing to the large number of measures that had precedence on the calendar of that body, it was not reached at the adjournment of congress, greatly to our disappointment and loss.

Your memorialists further represent to your honorable bodies, that at the same session a bill was introduced, and, having passed both houses, was approved by the president, appropriating a certain sum of money for the construction of a custom-houses, to contain court rooms, post office, etc., in the city of Atlanta; that the lot for such building has been donated by said city to the United States government, and that the work of building will go forward with all possible dispatch.

Your memorialists, therefore, respectfully urge, as matters of great concern to the merchants of Atlanta, and to the residents of all that large district of country trading with our city:

First. That the bill first mentioned to-wit: The bill making Atlanta a "port of delivery," be taken up and passed at the earliest day practicable, of your present session.

Second. That the secretary of the treasury be authorized and required, immediately upon the passage of said bill, to open an office for the collection of customs in our said city, making temporary provision for the transaction of the business until the custom-house shall have been completed. The trade and general business of our city have long suffered from the lack of these accommodations, and we feel assured that, in supplying them, congress will add much to the importing business of the country, and the government be fully compensated by a corresponding augmentation of the revenue derived from that source.

And your memorialists will ever pray, etc.

Cleopatra.

This fine historical play of Roman pride and eastern magnificence, so full of the richness of the genius of Shakespeare, was elegantly and excellently produced at DeGive's last night by Mrs. Lander, with her splendid company, to a good sized and fashionable house.

The ostentatious, haughty, fickle Egyptian, boastful of her charms and gorgeous extravagance, was finely rendered by Mrs. Lander. She was superb in her Anthony's messenger, who brings her the unwelcome news of his marriage with Octavia. Her death-scene was grand. In her despair, she learns the strength of her affections. Well does she keep her queen-like state in the last disgrace, and her sense of the pleasureable in the last moments of her life. She not only has a complete command of language in its most difficult passages, but she has the intellect to grasp the thought of the author and invest it with all the tenderness and power and grandeur of which it is susceptible, and to this is added a personal presence that cannot fail to command admiration.

As Mark Antony, in the dialogue between Antony & Ervo, as well as in his rage after his defeat, when he comes in and surprises the messenger of Cæsar kissing the hand of Cleopatra; in fact, throughout the play, he did justice to the splendor of the imagery, and the semblance of the reality of Shakespeare.

Mr. Lawlor dispelled all doubts as his being an excellent actor, had any one entertained them.

The visit of Mrs. Lander to our city will long be remembered with pleasure by our theatre *habitues*.

The City Court.

The city court met yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, Hon. R. J. Cowart presiding.

The following criminal cases were tried: State vs. Fannie Thomas, colored. Larceny from the house; stealing $10. Verdict guilty; sentence $50 and costs, or twelve months in the chain gang. Thrasher, for defence.

Same vs. A. W. Wooten—stealing a five cent ginger cake from Mr. Jackson. Verdict, not guilty. H. C. Glenn and E. A. Angier, for defence.

Same vs. William Carter, colored—stealing five small wagon wheels from Stewart & Wood. Verdict, guilty; sentence $15 and costs, or six months in the chain gang. Thrasher, for defense.

Same vs. Mary Lewis, colored—adultery and fornication with Claiborne Brewster. In this case the court adjourned until this morning, while the jury were out. Pendleton & Massey for defense.

Cotton on the Sidewalks.

There is a city statute against the obstruction of sidewalks by placing goods of any kind upon them. Such a law is necessary for the well-being of the city, but it seems to be very little regarded by some of our merchants. Some cotton buyers, probably to display to the world the huge proportions of their trade, cover every inch of ground, sidewalk and all around their warehouses.

Bales of cotton are piled up on each sidewalk until it is almost impossible to pass, and if a passage is luckily attained, all decent clothing is ruined by the contact with lint and lampblack. Such things should be stopped at once. If it is against the law to put cotton upon the sidewalk, the authorities should throw it off. If it is not against the law, the law should at once be altered. The pleasure and convenience of the public are daily destroyed by this method of making the sidewalks the property of cotton buyers.

The Baptist Entertainment.

The entertainment given at Concordia Hall last evening, by the young ladies of the Second Baptist church, was a success.

The tableaux and festival was given for the benefit of Miss Lottie Moore, a young lady who is now nobly laboring for her church among the heathens.

The tableaux were varied and interesting. They were all well rendered and considerable talent and ingenuity was displayed. The supper was fine and was distributed by the fairest of hands. All passed off delightfully and everybody resolved that the girls of the Second Baptist church are not to be taken at anything, especially at getting up entertainment, both of a public and private character.

PREMIUM SEWING MACHINES.—On yesterday, the reporter called at the office of Mr. Scaratt, of the Howe machine, corner of Alabama and Broad streets, for the purpose of examining the machines, which were manufactured and sent out to Mr. S., as the premiums offered by him at the state fair, in October last, for the finest specimens of babies exhibited. One machine was awarded the twin children of Mr. Auglin. The other to the baby of Mr. Knowland. They are really beautiful and excellent machines. The one has, since reaching Atlanta, been very handsomely finished off by Mr. W. L. Jarvis, of this city, very neatly decorated, and on the top of the instrument, are excellent photographs of Stella and Ella, the little twins, the top around very tastefully inlaid with pearl. The other instrument is equally as handsome, finished off in the same manner as the other, having a likeness of Pauline Knowland. These machines will certainly be prized very highly in the respective families. They will be on exhibition at Mr. Scarratt's office for a few days.

THE following letters patent were issued to citizens of the state of Georgia, during the week ending December 7, 1874:

No. 156,930—Shot punch slings—W. W. Kollock, Augusta.

No. 157,013—Fare registers—E. P. & H. H Loveman, Augusta.

Reported by Fitch & Fitch, solicitors of Patents, No. 21 Park Row, New York city, through Hoke Smith, counselor at law, corresponding solicitor in Atlanta.

WE are promised by Sparks, Tye & Co. that they will give us a valuable prices-current of the meat and stock market every week, commencing with the close of this week, and from the high character the firm sustains here, their quotations of the markets will be of great benefit to our patrons.

J. D. ALEXANDER, the editor of the Griffin Messenger, is in the city, and will call on the business men of the city to-day. The Messenger is one of the lowest semi-weeklies in the state, and one of the best advertising mediums.

OVER 50 CAGES of living wild animals, containing rare specimens known to naturalists, can be witnessed by visiting Old John Robinson's great show, which exhibits in Atlanta December 18 and 19.
d&w.

COLGATE & CO.'S SOAP.—Mr. Frank D. Hatfield, agent of this company, is in Atlanta, introducing one of the various varieties of soap. Colgate & Co.'s soap is world renowned. Its reputation exceeds all other, and its popularity is unbounded.

A FAIR will be held at room number 32, Whitehall street, on the evening of the 21st of December, (Scarratt's Hall), for the benefit of the Fifth Baptist Church. An unusual interest is being manifested by those who have the matter in charge.

PERSONAL.—Col. B. C. Yancey, of Athens, and Col. Robert Hester, of Elberton; also, Mr. John H. Newton, of Athens, are in the city.

The New Rector of St. Phillip's.

It is now certain that the Rev. Robert C. Foute, of Maysville, Ky., who was recently chosen as rector of St. Phillips church, will accept the position.

Mr. Foute is a native of Kentucky. He is a young man, and has been in the ministry for a comparatively short time. He was ordained at Rome, Ga., about two years ago, and has since that time had charge of the Episcopal church at Maysville.

Mr. Foute has gained a fine reputation in his native state. He is said to be possessed of fine talents and to be a most estimable gentleman.

THE MAGISTRATES.—Mr. F. H. Saling was tried yesterday before Justice Butt on a charge of stealing $1 50 in money from Mrs. Louisa Townsend. He was sent to jail.

A prosecution for adultery was started by a wife against her husband before Justice McConnell, but after getting into court the parties concluded to settle it, and were allowed to do so.

BUSINESS OF THE POSTOFFICE.—In our report of the postoffice in this city, yesterday, an error was made in our statement. We take pleasure in correcting it. It should have read fifty-seven thousand letters were delivered by the five carriers. At the gentlemen's window about 300 letters are delivered daily. And at the ladies' window about 100 daily.

FULTON SUPERIOR COURT—Hon. John L. Hopkins, Judge. Court met at its usual hour. The trial of James Ratterree for the murder of W. L. Clifton, was resumed and continued to adjournment. Voluminous evidence was introduced on both sides, but no facts beyond what has already been published were brought forth. To-day the argument takes place.

STATION HOUSE.—The arrests for yesterday number seven. No state cases were made. A man was brought in from Whitehall street about eleven o'clock, who had evidently had a fight. His face was severely beaten up, but he was very drunk and refused to give the name of the party he had been fighting with.

ARRANGING SALARIES.—The council committee on salaries will meet at police headquarters to-night for the purpose of setting the salaries to be paid policemen for the year 1875.

CHURCH DEDICATION.—We are informed that Bishop Pierce will dedicate the new Methodist church at Fayetteville on the third Sunday in this month.

IN MEMORIAM.

HALL OF ATLANTA FIRE CO., NO. 1,
December 9, 1874.

At a meeting of the company, held this evening, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, Almighty God, in his wisdom, has seen fit to remove from our midst our esteemed friend and brother fireman, GEORGE RAAB; be it, therefore,

Resolved, That we deplore the sad event, thus cutting off the deceased in the prime of life. It has deprived our company of a good and useful member and the community of a worthy and upright citizen.

Resolved, That we condole with his afflicted relations in their sad bereavement, and tender to his immediate family in particular our heartfelt sorrow in the loss they have sustained, and trust that God may bestow upon them grace and Christian fortitude to bear up under their sad affliction.

Resolved, That the forgoing preamble and resolutions be entered on our record book and published in the city papers, and the secretary directed to forward a copy to the family of the deceased.

JOHN BERKLE,
JOHN GARMANY,
GEORGE DEIHL,
Committee.

AMUSEMENTS.

LOCAL AND BUSINESS NOTICES

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT

ATLANTA, December 9, 1874

Cotton closed weak; low middlings 13 cents.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.	*Bales.*
By wagon	305
By Western and Atlantic Railroad	27
By Central Railroad	141
By Air-Line Railroad	245
Atlanta & West Point Railroad	48
By Georgia Railroad	93
Total	859
Receipts previous	40,874
Total	41,783
Stock on hand September 1	102
Grand total	41,835
SHIPMENTS.	
Shipments to-day	463
Shipments previous	36,9.8
Total	37,891
Stock on hand	4,444

European Breadstuffs Market.

[*By Telegraph to the Constitution.*]

LONDON, December 8.—The Mark Lane Express, in its review of the breadstuffs market, says the weather throughout Europe the past week was wintry. Many of the Russian ports are closed and will remain so until spring. The European wheat markets have been firm, and fluctuations generally small. In some places a rise of one shilling is reported. It is thought that the lowest rates for wheat has passed. The weather everywhere is favorable for the new crop.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

[*Special to The Constitution.*]

COTTON MARKETS.

Receipts at all ports to-day	26,176
Exports to Great Britain	10,304
Exports to continent	1,631
Consolidated receipts	121,452
Consolidated exports	65,000
Stock in New York	125,663
Stock at all ports	637,524

NEW YORK, December 9.—Gold 10⅞. Old classification: spots closed dull; low middlings 14⅜; middlings 14⅞; new classification: closed dull; low middlings 14¼; middling 14½; sales to spinners 1,200; export 660; speculation 401.

Futures closed steady; sales 25,200 bales: December 14 9-32; January 14 9-16a14 19-32; February 14 31 32; March 15 5-16a15 11-32; April 15⅝a15 21-32; May 15 31-32; June 16 9-32; July 16 9-16.

NEW ORLEANS, December 9.—Cotton steady; net receipts 5,934 bales; sales 9,500; middlings 14; exports to Great Britain 2,000; continent 816; stock 156,844, actual count.

MOBILE, December 9.—Cotton easier. net receipts 4,572 bales; sales 2,000; middlings 13¾a13⅞; stock 51,057.

SAVANNAH, December 9.—Cotton easy and irregular; net receipts 4,572 bales; sales 2,681; middlings 13 15-16; exports to Great Britain 2,290; continent 1,465; stock 99,056.

PROVISION MARKETS.

NEW YORK, December 8.—Southern flour quiet and without decided change; common to fair extra $4 90a$5 75; good to choice do. $5 90a$8 25. Wheat irregular. Corn dull. Coffee quiet and firmer; quotations unchanged. Sugar quiet and steady. Rice quiet and steady. Pork dull and nominal; mess $21. Lard opened heavy and closed firm; prime steam 13⅝a13⅞. Whisky steady at $1 02. Freights dull and heavy; cotton by steam ⅜.

CHICAGO, December 3.—Flour unchanged. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed 76½; new 67; rejected 62¼. Whisky steady at 97. Pork in fair demand, closing steady at $19 40. Lard in fair demand, closing weak at 12⅞.

ST. LOUIS, December 8.—Flour active and firm for fall superfine single extra; others in good supply and dull. Corn higher; new mixed 67a69, according to location. Whisky steady at 98. Pork dull and nominal at $19 75. Bacon flat; pickled meat nominally at 8a11 for shoulders and hams. Lard dull at 13.

LOUISVILLE, December 8.—Flour unchanged. Corn—74a75. Pork unchanged. Bacon none here. Sugar cured hams 12a13. Lard 14½a15. Whisky 98.

CINCINNATI, December 8.—Flour firm. Corn firm at 72a75. Pork dull; nominally $20. Lard dull and lower; steam 12⅜a12½. Bacon dull; shoulders 9⅞; clear rib 13; clear 13⅜. Whisky active and higher at 97.

NEW ORLEANS, December 8.—Flour dull; treble extra $5a$5 55; choice $6a6 50. Corn firmer; mixed 90. Hay dull; prime $27 00. Pork dull at $21 25. Dry salted meats—shoulders 7⅜a7⅞. Bacon dull; shoulders 9⅞; clear rib 14⅜; clear sides 15. Sugar in good demand; inferior 4½a5½; common 5⅞a6; fair to fully fair 6½a7⅞; prime to strictly prime 7⅞a8⅞. Molasses in good demand; common 40a41½; fair 47a50; prime to choice 52a57. Whisky lower; Louisiana $1 04. Coffee quiet; fair to prime 17½a19¾. Corn meal $3 85.

NOTICE.

To the Creditors of the Dollar Savings Bank.

ALL persons holding unproven claims against the Dollar Savings Bank are hereby notified to prove, and file with us, their claims by first of January next.

We desire to call special attention to this notice, and urge the importance of proving and filing all claims against the Bank by the time specified. December 5, 1874.

MILTON A. CANDLER,
W. S. THOMSON,
Trustees Dollar Savings Bank.
dec6—d1aw4w

Gilt-Edge Property
AT
EXECUTOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in Gainesville, Hall county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in January, 1875, the celebrated

Oconee White Sulphur Springs

property, consisting of the tract of land on which is the Spring, containing 350 acres, 50 of which is good bottom land on the Oconee river. There are 60 acres of cleared land on the place, and the balance is in the native forest. The HOTEL, situated on a commanding eminence near the Spring, will be sold with the land. It contains 32 good rooms and attached are stables, carriage house, garden and some good cabins for families who prefer not to board. The property is situated six miles east of the beautiful little city of Gainesville, and 1½ miles from the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad, amid some of the most beautiful scenery in the South. These Springs have been celebrated for over fifty years for their medicinal properties, and are thronged every summer with visitors in quest of health or pleasure.

At the same time will be sold the FURNITURE in the Hotel, consisting of beds, bed steads, chairs, tables, &c. Indeed, all the Furniture necessary in such an establishment. All of which is almost entirely new.

Also, at the same time and place, 50 acres land near the Springs and in one-half mile of the Air-Line Railroad, all in the woods.

Also, ten acres land adjoining the Springs which has been cleared but is now grown up.

Also, a good spring wagon, a good carriage and a buggy.

All sold as the property of S. R. McCamy, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs and creditors.

Terms made known on day of sale.

T. B. McCAMY,
R. J. McCAMY,
A. D. CANDLER,
dec2—deod1m Executors.

GEORGIA, Campbell county.

Ordinary's Office, December 5, 1874.

MRS. MARGARET J. VENABLE, wife of Samuel Venable, has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 11 o'clock a. m., on the 16th day of December, 1874, at my office.

Given under my hand and official signature.

R. C. BEAVERS,
Ordinary.
dec8—w2t

...LAST.

The last ships will give it?
The last joy—
What blest heart will live it?
The last shoon—
What bright eyes will see that?
The last man—
What poor soul will see that?

The last page—
Whose sad heart will know it?
The last smile—
What fair face will show it?
The last boon—
Who will give this kindly?
The last fault—
Who will pass that blindly?

The last hope—
Fancy drops the curtain?
Of things last
Only two are certain;
The last aid—
This will be a true man's;
The last word—
That will be a woman's.

BREVITIES.

—Miss Sharon is baptized "The Lily of Poverty Flat."

—Mark Twain has made over ten thousand dollars already with his "Gilded Age."

—Water will find its level, and whisky—that is a great leveler, too.

—The name "Kalakaua," king of the Sandwich Islands, is pronounced Kollow-kow-ah.

—It ain't so much trouble tew git rich as it is tew tell when we have got rich. *Josh Billings.*

—Edwin Booth, it is announced, will commence his first engagement this season in Chicago on the 14th inst.

—Sharon, of Nevada, who gave his daughter a million dollar wedding gift, has two very attractive unmarried sons.

—Great Britain annually consumes 27,000,000 home-bread rabbits, not counting the Welsh ones on toast.

—A Maine Blueberd has just supplied his twenty-seven children with an eighth step-mother.

—King Kalakaua has already arrived at the distinguished honor of having his name spelled in several different styles.

—Paper undergarments for women have struck the Pacific coast from Japan, and are likely to soon make their appearance this way.

—Lovers of peace and quiet in Detroit are rejoiced at the street boys' discovery that catskins are marketable commodities at ten cents a piece.

—The Paris police has forbidden the use of certain streets to people with velocipedes, and commanded that in all others they must carry bells by day like sleighs, and a lantern at night.

—To avoid mortifying her lover's family, who are very poor, a Montreal heiress was married the other day in a plain Swiss muslin costing $20, while her underclothing was valued at $2,000.

—They are going to try to put a stop in Germany to the sale of so called "soothing syrups" for infants. Physicians assert that more babies are killed by these concoctions than by diseases.

—The favorite conundrum in Huntington, Tenn., is "Why is this town like heaven?" The answer is, "Because in it there is neither marrying nor giving in marriage." There has not been a marriage in town for over two years.

—About the maddest woman in America lives in Brattleboro, Vt. "A boy coasting came up behind her and took her feet out from under her in such a way that she sat down on the sled and was carried all right to the foot of the hill."

—Dubuque is the home of a girl so beautiful that her life is rendered perfectly miserable by the persecutions she is subjected too, caused by the fact that no man young or old can see her without becoming her half-crazed slave.

—Think over all possible ways of enlarging your business, and ask yourself honestly which will soonest, most surely and most largely contribute to that result with the least expense. Is not the answer found in advertising, which while it talks for the merchant, also leaves him free to attend to all who are moved to do business with him.

—A "marriage in haste" took place in Riverhead Village, L. I., on Friday evening last. A domestic in a family, residing on Giffing avenue, went out on an errand with a shawl over her head. Meeting a male acquaintance the marriage of a friend was spoken of, when she said: "Let's get married." He immediately assented to the proposition, they went to the priest without further preliminaries, and they were tied together "on the spot."

—The late Elisha Robinson, who died last month at Parkers, Pa., bequeathed $1,000,000, to be divided between the different members of his household in a certain manner, and accompanied the legacies with a proviso that if any one of the children should "grumble" at this disposition of the property, the portion of that one should be distributed in equal shares among the others. Not a "grumble" has been heard.

MARKET REPORTS.

Telegraphic Markets.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

NEW YORK, December 9.—Cotton dull; sales 1,403; uplands 14¼; Orleans 14¾.

Futures opened easier; December 14⅛a 14 5-16; January 14⅝a14 21-32; February 15a 15 1-32; March 15 11-32a15¾; April 15 11-16a 15 23-32.

Flour dull and drooping. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn dull and unchanged. Pork heavy; me s $21. Lard firm; steam 13⅛a13¾. Turpentine dull at 33. Rosin quiet at $2 20a$2 25 for strained. Freights quiet.

Stocks dull. Money 3. Gold 11. Exchange—long $4 83½; short $4 90½. Governments active and higher. State bonds dull.

LIVERPOOL, December 9, noon.—Cotton quiet; uplands 7⅜a7½; Orleans 7⅝a8; sales 12,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export; sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below good ordinary shipped in November 7⅜; do. nothing below low middlings deliverable in December 7⅜; do. deliverable in February or March 7 7-16; sales on a basis of middling Orleans nothing below low middlings shipped in January or February 7 11-16.

LIVERPOOL, December 9, 2:00 P.M.—Cotton sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below good ordinary shipped in December or January 7 7-16; do. shipped in January or February 7⅜; sales to-day include 6,700 bales American cotton. Breadstuffs quiet. Bacon 52s 6d for long clear middles.

LONDON, December 9.—Erie 24⅝a25.

PARIS, December 9.—Rentes 62f 52¾c.

NEW YORK, December 9—Arrived—San Jacinto, Vindicator, Schiller.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, Ga., December 9, 1874.

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial—Gold, buying at $1 08; selling at $1 10. Silver, buying at $1 02; selling at $1 05.

Exchange.—Buying at ½ off; selling at par.

Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s 80a82; 7s 89a90; 8s 99a$1 01. Atlanta water bonds 73a75. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70a73; 8s 78a80. Augusta, 80a82. Georgia Railroad stock, 73a77; Georgia Railroad bonds, 90a92. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 60a65; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 90a92. Central Railroad stock 58a62. Savannah bonds 80.

Atlanta Produce Market.

Pork—8s gross, per car load.

Beef cattle—2a4c.

Dried Fruit—Peaches unpealed ⅛ 3a4c; peaches unpealed ⅛ 4a5; peaches peeled 10 a12c; apples pealed 4a5c.

Butter—30.

Beeswax—25a27.

Eggs—2a22c.

Feathers—55a75.

Eggs—We quote at 28a30.

Poultry—22a25; dressed chickens 10; do. turkeys 15¼a15c per pound; turkeys 75a $1 25.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

Corn—white, new 98a$1 00; ear 95.

Meal—$1 00.

Grits—$7 00.

Wheat—white $1 40a$1 50; amber $1 40a $1 50; red $1 40.

Rye—$1 25.

Barley—$1 50.

Oats—mixed 80; white 85.

Cow Peas—$1 20.

Hay—Timothy $1 60; clover $1 10a$1 25; Tennessee $1 25.

Flour—fancy $7 50; extra family $7 00; family $6 50; extra $6 00; superfine $5 50.

Bacon—none.

Bulk Meat—clear rib sides 11⅞; long clear sides 11⅞; clear sides 12; shoulders 8½.

Green Meats—clear rib sides 11¼; clear sides 11¾.

Lard—tierces 15¼a16¼; cans 16.

Hams—sugar-cured 18¾.

Bagging—gunny 19; domestic 2 lb. 18; 2¼ lb. 18½; 2½ lb. 14; 2¾ lb. 14; Borneo 15¾.

Rope—Annawskee 25a27.

Ties—$1a1¾.

Spices—pepper 28; ginger 17; alspice 20; nutmegs $1 75; cloves 50.

Salt—Virginia $3 00; Liverpool $1 75.

Mackerel—No. 1 bbls $17 50; ½ bbls $7 75; kits $1 75. No. 2 bbls, $14 00; ½ bbls $6 75; kits $1 50. No. 3 bbls full weight, $11 00; ½ bbls, $5 50; kits $1 25. Family, bbls $14; ½ bbls $6 50; kits $1 25.

Vinegar—24a40.

Sugar—crushed 13; powdered 13; granulated 13; A. 11⅞; extra C 11⅜; white extra C 11⅛; yellow C 10a10⅛; Demerara 11⅛; New Orleans ⅞a11⅛ do. prime 10a10⅛; do. fair—none in market.

Coffee—Rio 22a24; LaGuira 26; Java 35a38.

Syrups—refined 45a50; New Orleans 80a85.

Molasses—hhds 42; tierces 43; bbls. 45

Soap—5¼a10½.

Starch—5½.

Rice—bbls. 8½; tierces 8½.

Soda—kegs 7a7½; assorted papers 8a8½.

Crackers—C soda 4½a5c; A soda 6a7; butter 5a7; pic-nic 5a7; oyster 6½a8; milk 10a13; wine 10a12; Boston butter 10a12; sugar 6¼a11; C cream 9a11; lemon cream 10a11; hand-made sugar jumbles 12a16; hand-made lemon cakes 14a16; hand-made tea-cakes 12a18; hand-made scolloped sugar cakes 10a13; spice cakes 10a12; ginger snaps 9a12; ginger bread 8a9.

Candy—assorted stick, per box, $3 50a75; fancy 15a85.

Canned and Case Goods—1 lb oyster, per dozen $2; 2 lb oysters, per doz. $3 50a 4 00; sardines, per case, $17 00a17 50; salmon, per dozen $2 50; lobsters, per dozen, $2 40; tomatoes, per dozen, $1 50a1 75; peaches, per dozen, $2 50a2 75; pineapples $2 50a3 75; green corn $2 50; green peas 2 lbs $2 25a2 75; Lima beans 2 lbs. $3a3 25; englebrand milk 1 lb $3a3 25.

Pickles, Mustard and Sauce—Gerkins, pts per case $1 75a2; qts per case $3a3 25; half gals $4 50a5; gals. half doz $3 25a3 50; half bbls. $6 50a8; English pickles, pts $4 25a5; Colman's mustard per doz $2a3 25; French mustard per doz, $2a2 35; Lea & Perrins Worcestershire Sauce $5a5 50; tomato catsup pts $1 25a1 50; qts $2 25a3 50; pepper sauce red $1 25a1 50; green $1 50a1 75.

Flavoring Extracts—Lemon per doz $2 25 a3 50; vanilla $2 75a3; assorted $2 25a2 50.

Sardines—qrs $17a17 50.

Teas—Oolong $1a1 10; imperial $1a1 10; gunpowder $1a1 10.

Fire Crackers—No. 1 extra, 40 packs per box, $3 50.

Cheese—State dairy 15a16; factory 17a17½; fancy cream 18.

Irish Potatoes—Early rose, choice northern $4a4 25; russets, western $3 40a3 50.

Onions—silver skin, very choice $4 75a5; red $4 75a$5.

Apples—choice to fancy $5a5 50.

Oranges—Louisiana, each 3½a4½.

Lemons—per box $8a10.

Raisins—Layers, whole, per box $3 50a4; half $1 85a2; quarters $1.

Currants—per lb. 10a12½.

Citron—Leghorn, per lb 50a55; English ¢lb 43a 50.

Figs—Selected Eleme, drums per lb, new 16a17½.

Dates—in 25 and 30 boxes, per lb 12½a15

Prunes—in bbls, per lb 14a15.

Nuts and Almonds—Languedoc 25½a27½; pecan nuts 11a15; Brazil nuts 15a18; English walnuts 16a20; filberts 15a17½.

Pea Nuts—Tennessee choice per bushel $2; Wilmington fancy per lb 9a10.

Sundries—Dried herring 60a75; Bologna sausage 15½a15; Atmore's mince meat 12c per lb in half bbls.

Wood Ware—brass-bound red cedar buckets $8 50; brass-bound juniper buckets $6 60a7 50; painted buckets $2 75a3 00; well buckets $6 50; pantedtubs, per nest, $4; sieves, per dozen, $2 25; brooms, per dozen, $2 75a$4 20; matches, per gross, $3 25.

Lime—40a50.

Cement—$3a$3 50.

Nails—20d, 12d, 10d, $4 25. 25c per keg additional for diminishing sizes.

Powder—per keg rifle $6 50; blasting $4 50.

Shot—drop, per bag, $2 50; buck, per bag, $2 75.

Concentrated Lye, per case, $8 50; potash, per case, $9 00.

Copperas—4c.

Kerosene Oil—28.

Blacking—35a70

Candles—13.

Axle Grease—per dozen, $1 50

Table Salt—per dozen, $1 50.

Iron—Bar iron $3 50; axes $13 50a14; steel 20a22; shovels—Ames' $14 50a15; horse and mule shoes 7½a8¾; horse shoe nails 20a30. Scofield Rolling Mill standard sizes 1½ n. to 4 in. flat, and ½ to 2 in. round, 3c per lb. by carload, 3c; less than a carload 3¼ to 3½ c. sundry sizes per lb. by carload 3½a5c; less than carload 3¾a5½c.

Leather—Sole, hemlock, good damaged 25½ a28; good 29a33; white oak 40a50; black upper 40a55.

Wool—Washed 35a40c; unwashed 25c.

Yarn—$1 25.

Seeds—Clover $8; timothy $4 50; orchard rass $3 50a4; blue grass $2 50; herd's grass 50; Hungarian millet $3.

Fresh Meats.

Beef—Loin 15c; roast 15c; choice steaks 15c; chuck 12½c; brisket 10c. Pork nominal, 12½c. Mutton 12½a15c. Veal 15c.

Wines and Liquors.

Corn whisky, proof, 100 per cent., from $1 25 to $1 50, 80 per cent., $1 00, either white or colored. Pure Robertson County whisky from $1 25 to $2; Bourbon from $1 25 to $5; rye from $1 to $6; apple brandy from $2 25 to $2 50; peach Brandy from $2 50 to $3; ginger brandy from $1 25 to $1 50; cognac from $1 50 to $3; pure imported from $8 to $10; pure cherry brandy from 1 25 to $1 50; gin from $1 50 to $2 50; pure imported from $4 to $6; rum from $1 50 to $4; pure port wine from $2 to $6; sherry wine from $2 to $6; claret in cases $6 per dozen; golden crown champagne, pints, $16, quarts, $14; Heidsic & Co., pints, $30, quarts $28.

Tobacco

Chewing—Common, sound, 11-in new per pound 45a50; do., 11-in old 47½a50; medium, 11-in old 55a60; good, 11-in old 65a70; fine 11-in. old 75a80; bright navys 55a65; dark qrs. 50 a60; bright eights, twist 65a75; medium, 12-in 60a65; good 70a75; fine 85a90; 12-inch pounds, good 65a75; very fine, Gravely $1; fine cut, home made 80a85; Sunny side, per gross $10; Welcome $10; Century $10; in bulk, per pound $1; Log Cabin $1; Spencer's Calhoun $1 25; Stultz AAAA $1 10.

Smoking—Durham, per pound 60a75; Highlander $1; Lone Jack $1 75a2; Dew Drop 75; in case 65; Merry Mates 55; case 50; The Weed 50; case 45; Seal of North Carolina 75; case 65; Little Joker 65; case 60; Louisiana Perique $3; Virginity $1 50; Caprice $1 75; Straight Cut $1 75; Cavendish $1 25.

Drugs, Oils, etc.

Opium, per lb, $11 00; bi-carbonate soda, per lb, 7; bluestone, per lb, 14a15; copperas, per lb, 3a3½; Epsom salts, per lb, 6; madder, per lb, 16a17; alum, per lb, 6; borax, per lb, 25; brimstone, per lb, 6a7; camphor, per lb, 50; indigo, per lb, 1 00a1 30; quinine, per ounce, $2 75; saltpetre, per lb, 12a15; copal varnish, per gal, $2 00a3 50; Japan varnish, per gal, $1 25a1 75; coach varnish, per gal, $3 50a5 00; white lead, per lb, 9½a14; white lead, pure per lb, 14a15; castor oil, per gal, $1 15; stock powders, per doz, $1 25a1 75; lemon syrup, per doz, $3 75a5 00; gum assafoetida 55; acid, sulphuric, per carboy. 11. 20; petro oil, per gal, 38a40; turpentine, per gal 50; catechu, per lb. 9½; flaxseed, per lb, 10; alcohol, per gal, $2 00a2 25; raw linseed oil, per gal, $1 10; boiled linseed oil, per gal, $2 40; sweet oil, per gal, $2 00; sperm oil, per gal, $1 75a2 00; whale oil, per gal, $1a1 25; lard oil, per gal, $1 35; tanners, oil, per gal, 75a$1 00; kerosene oil, per gal,

Junk Market.

Rags—Buying prices 2a2¼. Waste paper—Buying prices ⅛c. Scrap Iron—Buying prices ⅛c. Old Copper—Buying prices 13½a15. Twine—Paper, selling price per lb., 26; Jute 14a25; Cotton 18a40; Flax 40a80.

Carpets.

Hartford carpet company, extra 3-ply $1 45 imperial 3-ply $1 40; superfine $1 15; medium superfine 95c; body Brussels, 5-frame $2; tapestry $1 25a$1 50; hemp, medium, 36-inch 27c; extra 32c; matting straw, white 28a50c; check 40a55c; oil cloth, 6 to 12 feet wide 75c a$1 50; 18 feet wide $1 50a$2.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

PRINTS—Amoskeag 7½c; Arnold's specialty 10½; Albion 9; Ancona 8a9; Bedford 7½ 8½; Conestoga 8½a9; Dunnell's 8½; Garner's 8½; Hartel's 8½; Sprague 8½; Gloucester 8½a9; Simpson's black 8½; Simpson's grays 9; American 8½; Freeman's side bands 8½; Allen's 8½.

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 10; 7-8 8½; yarns $1 25; sewing and knitting thread 50c.

Augusta and Graniteville—3-4 shirting 6½ cents per yard; 7-8 shirtings 8½ per yard; 4-4 sheetings 10 per yard; 7-8 drill 10½ per yard.

Concord Mills—Jeans 65; cashmerets plain 65; cassimeres twilled 75a$1 15; cadet grey $1 25.

Eagle and Phœnix—stripes 10; fancies, fashion 11c; checks 11; georgia plaids 12½c.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.

Amoskeag A 36 in. 14c; Z 33 in. 9c. Arkwright 36 in. 15½c. Auburn 8. 36 in. 13½c. Boott E 36 in. 16c; R 28 in. 7½c. Cabot ⅞ 10½c; 36 in. 11½c. Canoe 27 in. 6c. Fruit of the Loom 36 in. 14½c. Gem of the Spindle 14c. Hope 36 in. 12c. Linwood 36 in. 12½c Lonsdale 36 in. 12½c. Social L. 36 in. 10c. Suffolk L. 36 in. 7½c. Wamsutta OXX 36 in 17c; OHH 36 in. 18c. Wessacumcon H. 33 in. 9c. Tuscarora 16½. Pocahontas 12½. Seaside 13½. Holmesville 13½. Rosebud 13. Ticonderoga 33 in. 11½. Columbia 10. Ballou & Son 10a7½a2. Chestnut Hill 9½. Diamond Hill 12. White river 10. Roger Williams 11. Grant Mills 8. Red Dog 7.

Domestic Ginghams—Gloucester 9 1-2 Lancaster 12c; Baird 10c.

Ticking—Amoskeag A C A 25c; Conestoga C C A 18c; Lewiston A 30 inch 20c; Biddeford A 13½c; A A 18c; A A A 20c; B 12½c; Minnehaha 7-8 25c; A C A 30 inch 23c; Pittsfield 7½; Eagle and Phœnix 4-4 26c; 33 in. 24.

Stripes—American 12c; Arasapha 1-2c; Massabesic 14c to 15c; Uncasville A 11 to 12c.

Corset Jeans—Kearsage 12½c.; Lacons 11½c; Naumking Sateen 13½c.

Cassburgs—Alabama, No. 1, 11½c; Triton factory 14½c. Milledgeville—8 oz. 14½; 6 oz 12½.

Paper Cambrics—Manville 6½; Lonsdale 7c; Masonville 7c; S S & Sons 7c; Garner 7c; high colors 7½c.

Glazed Cambrics—Ellerton 6½c; Franklin 6½c; Harmony 6½, high colors, 7c.

Kentucky Jeans—Alpine cloth 37½c; Cuba 20c; Fairfax 16c; Gulf mill 22½c; Hillside 10½c; Pacific R. R. 37½c; Preferred Doeskin 37½c; Red Cloud 20; Missouri 22; Port Royal 25; Atlas 30; Lewellyn 25; West Lake 28½c.

Dress Goods—corded alpacas 22½c; 3-4 solid 17a18; fancy delaines 20; Balorino stripes 22.

Linseys—12½a22½c.

Flannels—white 22½a40; red 30a40; shaker 50a60.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.

Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—an Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. nov8—d&w 4w.

☞ SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS will be found to possess those qualities necessary to the total eradication of all bilious attacks, prompt to start the secretions of the liver, and give a healthy tone to the entire system. Indeed, it is no ordinary discovery in medical science to have invented a remedy for those stubborn complaints, which develop all the results produced by a heretofore free use of calomel, a mineral justly dreaded by mankind, and acknowledged to be destructive in the extreme to the human system. That the properties of certain vegetables compare all the virtues of calomel without its injurious tendencies, is now an admitted fact, rendered indisputable by scientific researches; and those who use the Mandrake Pills will be fully satisfied that the best medicines are those provided by nature in the common herbs and roots of the fields.

These pills open the bowels and correct all bilious derangements without salivation or any of the injurious effects of calomel or other poisons. The secretions of life is promoted by these pills, as will be seen by altered color of the stools, and disappearing of the sallow complexion and cleansing of the tongue.

Ample directions for use accompany each box of pills.

Prepared only by J. H Schenck & Son, at their principal office, corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, and for sale by all druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box. dec2—dcod1m

MEDICAL DISPENSARY.

DR. W. M. MARVIN,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity that he has opened a Dispensary in Austell Block, where patients can get reliable treatment for all diseases. Particular attention paid to all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Catarrh. The above diseases treated by inhalation.

The Doctor treats all diseases of long standing, such as Eruptions, Gravel, Paralysis, Loss of Voice, Wakefulness, Fever Sores, Rheumatism, Goitre, Neuralgia, Tumors, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dropsy, Biliousness, Diseases of the Kidneys, Erysipelas, Nervous Depression, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, all Diseases peculiar to Women, all Private Diseases, Heart Disease, Swollen Joints, Coughs, Gout, White Swelling, St. Vitus' Dance, etc.

Electricity applied in cases where it is required. The Doctor is permanently located and persons who have been under the treatment of other physicians and have not been cured, are invited to call, as I treat all curable diseases, and cures guaranteed, or no pay. Call and see the Doctor without delay. His charges are moderate, and consultation free. Dispensary and consultation rooms No. 20 Decatur street. Office hours from 9 A. M. 7 P. M. feb19—d&w1v

MISCELLANEOUS.

TEXAS

— GIVES —

A HOME TO EVERY MAN

WHO SETTLES WITHIN HER BORDERS.

☞ If you would inform yourself upon every subject of Texas of interest to the immigrant, read the WEEKLY EDITION OF

THE AGE,

Published at Houston, Harris county, Texas, being at the railroad center of the State. Price, ONLY ONE DOLLAR per annum. Send money and names until December 1st to SAM. W. SMALL, care of Arnold's, 8 South Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia. After that date to THE AGE, Houston, Texas.

Send orders and money to R. D. MANN, Gen'l Agt. for Ga., No. 4 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga. nov17—dtf

NATIONAL HOTEL.

REPORTS having been circulated to the effect that Mr. J. E. OWENS had sold his proprietary interest in the National Hotel, he avails himself of this medium to inform his patrons and the public generally, that he is still the proprietor of the National Hotel, at Atlanta, Georgia, and intends to remain so. He would be pleased to meet his former customers and as many new ones as may desire to visit his house. dec9—dtf

TO MILL OWNERS AND USERS

— OF —

MILL GEARING.

WEBSTER & MARKS, Chattanooga, Tenn., are now making Spur and Bevel Gear of all sizes, with the Patent English Gear Moulding Machine. No extra charge for Patterns. No delay, and a perfectly true wheel of any desired pitch. july11—d12m

TO DRESSMAKERS

OR DEALERS IN

LADIES' GOODS!

We would like to connect our

PAPER FASHION

business with some other business. We have large sale-room in best location. Any one having a nice light business that would be benefited by a change, is invited to investigate. E. H. CRAIGS, 27 Marietta street. ug7a—dtf

CENTRAL HOTEL,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

PLEASANT rooms, and the table supplied with the best the market affords. ☞ Charges moderate. nov27 dtf

Memphis and Charleston R. R.

MEMPHIS, TENN., OCT. 15, 1874.

NOTICE.

MR. AKERS having resigned as agent of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad at Atlanta, Mr. T. G. GARRETT has been appointed as his successor.

Planters and others desiring information in regard to transportation of hands from that section, may get reliable information by calling on or addressing

T. G. GARRETT, Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent. oct18 dtf

C. BOHNEFELD,

Funeral Undertaker.

No. 1 DeGive's Opera House,

Atlanta.....Georgia.

IN connection with the above business I have associated myself with

Mr. MAX GERBER, Artist,

and am prepared to furnish all who may desire FAC-SIMILE LIFE-SIZE BUSTS of themselves, living or deceased friends, in

Plaster Paris or Marble.

Mr. Gerber will carve or mould a hand exactly like the original, thus making a beautiful ornament for the parlor. The public is respectfully invited to call and see specimens of work, and I feel confident it will commend itself. [dec2—d5t -t'n-sun8m

Prof. Logan's School.

PROF. LOGAN'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS will open TO-MORROW, in the Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian Church, Marietta street. This is one of the most comfortable and convenient rooms for the purpose in the city. aug tf

Hammond & Stevens,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

GRIFFIN, GEORGIA

Collecting a specialty. ang11-d3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FREE SAMPLE to Agents. LADIES' COMBINATION NEEDLE-BOOK, with Chromos. Send stamp. DEAN & Co., New Bedford, Massachusetts.

CONSTANT EMPLOYMENT.—At home, Male or Female, $30 a week warranted. No capital required. Particulars and valuable sample sent free. Address with 6 cent stamp, C. ROSS, Williamsburg, New York.

$57 60 AGENTS PROFITS per week. Will prove it or forfeit $500. New articles just patented. Sample sent free to all. Address W. H. CHIDESTER, 207 Broadway, New York.

FELT CARPETING 35 cents per yard. FELT CEILING for rooms in place of Plaster. FELT ROOFING & SIDING. For Circular and Sample, address C. J. FAY, Camden, New Jersey.

500 PIANOS and ORGANS

NEW AND SECOND-HAND, of FIRST-CLASS MAKERS, will be sold at LOWER PRICES for cash, or on INSTALLMENTS, or for rent, in CITY or COUNTRY, DURING THESE HARD TIMES and the HOLIDAYS, by HORACE WATERS & SON, 481 BROADWAY, THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED IN NEW YORK. AGENTS WANTED to sell WATERS' NEW SCALE PIANOS, and CONCERTO ORGANS. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES MAILED. GREAT INDUCEMENTS to the TRADE. A large DISCOUNT to TEACHERS, MINISTERS, CHURCHES, LODGES, SCHOOLS, etc.

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, AND ALL THROAT DISEASES, USE WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS, PUT UP ONLY IN *BLUE* BOXES. A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY. Sold by Druggists generally, and FULLER & FULLER, Chicago, Ill.

HAVE YOU TRIED JURUBEBA

ARE YOU

Weak, Nervous or Debilitated?

Are you so Languid that any exertion requires more of an effort than you feel capable of making?

Then try JURUBEBA, the wonderful tonic and invigorator, which acts so beneficially on the secretive organs as to impart vigor to all the vital forces.

It is no alcoholic appetizer, which stimulates for a short time, only to let the sufferer fall to a lower depth of misery, but it is a vegetable tonic acting directly on the liver and spleen.

It regulates the Bowels, quiets the nerves, and gives such a healthy tone to the whole system as to soon make the invalid feel like a new person.

Its operation is not violent, but is characterized by great gentleness; the patient experiences no sudden change, no marked results, but gradually his troubles "Fold their tents, like the Arabs, And silently steal away."

This is new and untried discovery, but has been used with wonderful remedial results, and is pronounced by the highest medical authorities "the most powerful tonic and alterative known."

Ask your druggists for it.

For sale by WM. W. KIDDER & CO., New York.

SHORT POSTPONEMENT — DAY FIXED—FULL DISTRIBUTION.

First Grand Gift Concert

MONTPELIER

Female Humane Association,

AT ALEXANDRIA, VA.

MARCH 29th, 1874.

1	Grand Cash Gift	$100,000
1	Grand Cash Gift	50,000
1	Grand Cash Gift	25,000
10	Cash Gifts, $10,000 each	100,000
15	Cash Gifts, 5,000 each	75,000
50	Cash Gifts, 1,000 each	50,000
100	Cash Gifts, 500 each	50,000
1,000	Cash Gifts, 100 each	100,000
1,000	Cash Gifts, 50 each	50,000
20,000	Cash Gifts, 20 each	400,000

22,178 Cash Gifts, amounting to..$1,000,000

Number of Tickets 100,000

PRICE OF TICKTS.	
Whole Tickets	$ 20 00
Halves	10 00
Quarters	5 00
Eighths or each Coupon	2 50
5½ Tickets for	100 00

The Montpelier Female Humane Association, chartered by the Legislature of Virginia and the Circuit Court of Orange county, proposes by a Grand Gift Concert to establish and endow a "Home for the Old, Infirm, and Destitute Ladies of Virginia," at Montpelier, the former residence of President James Madison.

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, July 3, 1874.—It affords me pleasure to say that I am well acquainted with a large majority of the officers of the Montpelier Female Humane Association, who reside in the vicinity of my home, and I attest their intelligence and their worth and high reputation as gentlemen, as well as the public confidence, influence and substantial means liberally reposed among them.

JAMES L. KEMPER, Gov. Virginia.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., July 8, 1874.— * * I commend them as gents of honor and integrity, and fully entitled to the confidence of the people. * * *

R. W. HUGHES, U. S. Judge, Eastern District of Virginia.

Further references by permission: His Excellency Gilbert C. Walker ex-Governor of Va.; Hon. Robt. E. Withers, Lieut-Gov. o Va. and U. S. Senator elect; Senators and Members of Congress from Virginia.

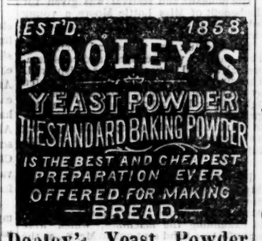
Remittances for tickets may be made by express prepaid, post-office money order on Washington, D. C., or by registered letter.

For full particulars, testimonials, &c., send for Circular. Address

HON. JAMES BARBOUR, Pres't M. F. H. A., Alexandria, Va

Reliable agents wanted everywhere. dec10—d&w4w

DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDERS.



Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is Perfectly Pure and Wholesome.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is put up in Full Weight Cans.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes Elegant Biscuit and Rolls.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes Delicious Muffins, Griddle Cakes, Corn Bread, etc.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes all kinds of Dumplings, Pot-Pies, Cakes, Pastry, nice, light and healthy.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is the Best, because perfectly pure.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is the Cheapest, because full weight.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Be sure to ask for **Dooley's Yeast Powder** and do not be put off with any other kind.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is put up in Tin Cans of various sizes, suitable for Families, Boarding Houses, Hotels, Restaurants and River, Lake and Ocean Vessels on short or long voyages.

The market is flooded with Cheap, Inferior Baking and Yeast Powders of light or short weight. Dooley's Yeast Powder is warranted full strength and weight.

Sold at wholesale and retail, generally throughout the United States, by dealers in Groceries and Family Supplies.

DOOLEY & BROTHER, MANUFACTURERS, 69 NEW ST. NEW YORK.

sep27— sep5—d&w3mo

TICKETS

FOR the various Departments of the GRAND EXPOSITION for the benefit of the Young Men's Library Association, at

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE,

December 11 to December 17, will be ready for sale in a few days. dec4-dtf

DRUGS, MEDICINES, ETC.

AT Wholesale Only.

D R U G S
M E D I C I N E S
P A I N T S
O I L S
G L A S S
D Y E S
D R U G G I S T S' S U N D R I E S

All at BOTTOM FIGURES. Call or send your orders to

HUNT RANKIN & LAMAR, Wholesale Druggists. No. 11 North Prior street.

☞ We are sole agents in Atlanta for ST. LOUIS STRICTLY PURE LEAD. nov29—dtf

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL.

DUNLOP'S

COLD & COUGH SYRUP

HAS NEVER FAILED TO CURE THE most obstinate Coughs and Colds.

It is highly recommended by all who have used it. Try it and be convinced.

For sale at all first-class drug stores. sep6—dtf

DR. CALHOUN'S LIVER PILLS.

I AM engaged in the manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last 35 years, and has taken precedence over all other Family preparations by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supercede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been a physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 20 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incidental to this climate. With but few exceptions they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from druggists, merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of *FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA MORBUS, BILIOUSNESS* and *SICK HEADACHE*, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yield readily to this preparation.

For sale by all druggists.

Price 50 cents a box.

None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun. Address N. C. WILLIAMS, Post-office Box 240, Atlanta, Ga.

Manufactory No. 118, corner Washington and Peters sts., Atlanta, Ga. may14-dtf

DR. SIMMONS affirms that this is the very best Liver Medicine to which his name has ever been connected; and we know from the many testimonials that we receive, there is no medicine equal to it for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Chills and Fever, Bilious Croup or Wind Colic, Bilious, Sick or Nervous Headache, and for all other diseases arising from a disordered state of the Liver. For sale by Wm. J. Howard, J. A. Taylor, Thomas Fullum & Co., C. S. Newton and Theo. Schumann, Druggists, Atlanta, Ga. oct19—d3m

RAILROADS.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE

VIA

Atlanta and Augusta

To Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE Daily Through Passenger Train

CONNECTIONS by this line are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

Conductors on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The quickest time and sure connection made by this route.

Passengers can purchase through tickets and have their baggage checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar11-1y

PEASE'S PALACE DINING ROOMS,
[illegible] STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
HAVE PLEASED THE PEOPLE SINCE 1865.

The first to give Atlanta what she has long needed, a Reliable Restaurant.

This House has had a popular run of eight years.

Our Lady Department, on the second floor, strictly reserved for their accommodation, gives universal satisfaction.

Special attention is given to select Suppers, Dinner to order, Wedding parties, etc., etc.

Mr. West, formerly connected with Ryan's Soda Water, is now connected with me in the Fish, Oyster and Fruit Business.

Price List of Norfolk Oysters:

Select, per quart	65 cents
Medium, per quart	50 cents
Ordinary, per quart	40 cents

Address
O. L. PEASE,
Atlanta, Ga.
jan11-dtf

ATLANTA:

Thursday Morning, Dec. 10, 1874

Our Advertisers.

Read order No. 1, issued by Gen. Ripley, from headquarters on Mitchell street.

Mechanic Fire company meet at 1:30 P. M. to day for parade.

For compound acid phosphate of lime consult Adair & Brothers.

See Campbell county sheriff sales.

Fulton county sheriff's sale.

Application for letters of administration—R. C. Beavers.

Application for letters of administration—Daniel Pittman.

Parkins, & Jennings,

32 BROAD STREET,

Have in store (and constantly receiving) an immense stock of white pine doors, glazed sash, blinds, store doors, head and side lights, mouldings, and other ready-made building material. All work warranted thoroughly seasoned. Their facilities are such that they cannot be undersold.
sep23—wed-fri&sun‡f

To City Subscribers.

We request you earnestly, to settle either at the office or with our agents. We shall be pleased to furnish you cards in our distribution; but, cards or not, we entreat you to settle. Your subscription is a small matter to you, but the aggregate is a great deal to us. Please attend to this matter at once, and greatly oblige us.

Good Goods.

Good goods cheaper than ever. Our Mr. Boynton has just returned from New York, where he has been for two weeks past and has bought an elegant lot of fine goods at unprecedented low prices. All our lines are full and we are daily receiving large additions. To inspect now is to buy. Call and examine these genuine good bargains at
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.'S.
dec8—d2t

OYSTER SUPPER.—Spencer Lodge, No. 2, I. O. G. T., continued their hot oyster supper at No. 52 Whitehall street, up stairs, last night, with gratifying success. The music by Miss Evans was a treat itself, and the oysters were superbly served. The supper will be continued to-night. Let there be a full crowd. The object is to raise funds to complete their hall on Decatur street. Encourage the ladies with your presence and your dimes to-night.

Superior Lump Coal

At 28 cents per bushel; best shop coal at 28 cents per bushel, at retail, and COKE, at Grisham's Coal Yard on Alabama street, at the car shed.
dec2—dtf

IT is said that the Judge of a Superior Court residing not a thousand miles from Warrenton walked away from Cartersville in the over shoes of a brother lawyer, and since then has great difficulty in repressing the exclamation, "Come here Julia my darling—ain't you father's pet."

Carpets! Carpets!

We are daily receiving large additions of CARPETS in designs and at prices to suit the times.
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.
dec9—d2t

THE prevailing epidemic has reached LaGrange and at 12 M., to-day one of LaGrange's fair daughters ceases to be.

BLANK books ruled and bound after any pattern at THE CONSTITUTION office.
nov12—dtf

ANDREW STEWART having no further use for that model baby carriage has donated it to the Young Men's Library Exposition.

AN elegant line of ladies and misses cloth cloaks, just received, at
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.'s.
dec9—d2t

THE November number of the Southern Medical Record is brimfull of interesting matter for all classes of readers. Terms $2 50 per annum. Edited by Drs. T. S. Powell and W. T. Goldsmith, with a full corps of associate and corresponding editors.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY.

Buy all your dry goods, carpets etc., from Furchgott, Benedict & Co. You will save 20 to 25 per cent.
dec4—dtf.

A VERY large lot of black silks from low grades to extra fine, just received at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.'s, at prices lower than ever before offered in Atlanta.
dec9—d2t

Christmas Supper.

The ladies of Trinity church, who feel interested in the preparation of the Christmas festival for the children of the Sabbath school, are requested to meet at Trinity church, Thursday afternoon, at half past three o'clock.
3t.

MASS MEETING OF THE FARMERS AND PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY.—All the railroads have consented to pass the farmers attending the mass meeting to be held in Atlanta, on Wednesday next, the 16th of December, for half fare, by applying for return tickets. The hotels and boarding houses have reduced their board and great preparations are making for a very large meeting, as business of importance will be brought before them.

Book binding of any kind done in the very best style at THE CONSTITUTION office.
nov12—dtf

TRYING TO STEAL.—The house thieves are still active, and our readers will do well to look after doors and windows. A number of attempts have recently been made by these rascals to enter the house of Mr. Henry Underwood, on Butler street. The attempts were, however, frustrated by the watchfulness of the proprietor, who frightened the scoundrels off. It is to be hoped that the next time they come he will interview them at the small end of a shotgun.

GREAT bargains are offered in carpets, oil cloths, window shades etc., at
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's.
dec4—dtf.

THE December number of the "Home and School" excels all its predecessors in the excellence and variety of its contents. The volume for 1875 promises to be extraordinarily attractive. Every number is to be illustrated. Like children, it is indispensable to every household. Send on $1.50 to J. P. Morton & Co., Louisville, Kentucky, and get it.

TO THE LADIES.

If you wish to get a handsome and valuable Christmas present at a low price, consult
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.
dec4—dtf 54 Whitehall street.

THANKS to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Alexander for kindly remembrance in the shape of some of the bride's cake. May their pathway know no shade of darkening gloom but ever the radiance of happiness and prosperity.

JUST received at Furchgott, Benedict & Co's., all colors in ball fringe, bugle trimming, gimp, scarfs, veils, also another lot of the popular Bulwer skirts at $1 worth $1 50; 100 dozen of the celebrated kid gloves in all the shades, two and three buttons at $1 00 worth $1 50.
dec4—dtf.

THERE are eight counties in north Georgia that have not a single barroom in them, viz: Union, Fannin, Gilmer, Pickens, Dawson, Forsyth, Milton and Cherokee. After the first of January next, we learn, there will not be one in the county of Lumpkin.

HAVE your name gilded on your pocket book, portemonie, traveling bag, etc., at THE CONSTITUTION office.
nov12—dtf

PERSONAL.—We note present in Atlanta, yesterday, Rev. Henry Quigg, President Conyers Female college; Judge A. C. McCalla, Col. J. C. Barton of Conyers; E. J. Reagan of McDonough; Seaborn Reese, Madison; C. T. Bartlett, Monticello.

SUPREME COURT.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT, REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

CIRCUITS.

Augusta	17	Eastern	17
Middle	9	Brunswick	1
Ocmulgee	16		

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA,
Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 9, 1874.

AUGUSTA CIRCUIT.

No. 16. Argument concluded.

No. 17. Macon & Augusta R. R. Co. vs. W. J. Vason, et al. executors. Assumpsit, from Richmond. Argued.

Hook & Webb, for plaintiff in error.

Barnes & Cumming, Claiborne Sneed, W. A. Walton, J. C. C. Black, contra.

MIDDLE CIRCUIT.

No. 1. James R. Quillian, vs. Central, R. R., & B'y. Co. Claim, from Washington. Argued.

Langmade & Evans, H. D. Capers, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance, contra.

No. 2. Dismissed for want of prosecution.

A. C. Duggan vs. A. J. Garner. Certiorri. from Washington. Argued.

J. T. Jordon, by brief, for plaintiffs in error.

G. F. Pierce, by Z. D. Harrison, contra.

No. 4. George W. Peacock vs. Joshua F. Urry. Complaint, from Washington. Argued. Langmade & Evans; H. D. Capers, for plaintiff in error.

Carswell & Denny, contra.

No. 5. Dismissed for want of service.

No. 6. Green Brantley et al., administrators, vs. E. N. Ennis et al. Debt, from Washington.

Langmade Evans; Sandford & Freeman; H. D. Capers, for plaintiffs in error.

R. L. Worthen, by Peeples & Howell, contra.

Pending the argument of Mr. Evans the court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Four cases still undisposed of on the Middle Circuit. Also, an Injunction case at the head.

Street and Sidewalk Topics.

—A little colored boy had to make time yesterday afternoon at the Whitehall street crossing as a train passed by. When safe, his eyes looked about the size of a blacking box lid.

—The Spaniards have a proverb, that God sends the cold according to the cloth. What about two little boys who were barefooted on Peachtree street yesterday.

—A colored man of the city informed the reporter yesterday that he had worked all day Tuesday for fifteen cents. Having undergone the fatigue of labor, doubtless his weariness was solaced with the contemplation of his reward.

—It must have been mean whisky that coursed through the veins of a colored man down by the Air-Line depot yesterday. He became another Titan, who stormed the heavens and threatened to tear the world from its hinges.

—Mr. George Young, of Virginia, with his accomplished bride, passed through the city on yesterday. May life be to them like a beautiful starlight night, in which no long seen constellation sets without the rising of another.

—The last words of Mirabeau were, "sprinkle me with perfumes, crown me with flowers," etc. How is it about shaking and sweeping off an old matting on a public street, while numbers of ladies and gentlemen are passing?

—One or two attaches of old John Robinson's circus are in the city. Already the dimes are being hoarded up. Well, it is a good one, and affords much amusement, and all know that laughter and cheerfulness throws the light of day on all the paths of life.

—A gentleman yesterday, requested the reporter to "pitch into the noisy "gallery gods" who attend at the theatre. The reporter has vigorously applied journalistic fire and brimstone—the only remedy is for Mr. DeGive to employ policemen when off duty.

—A young lady—a stranger in the city—was much admired on the streets yesterday afternoon, as she was promenading in a dress without a trail. With this fashionable abomination laid aside, it proved, in her case, what loveliness is, when the tyranny of fashion is crushed.

—A gentleman was passing by one of our popular fruit stands yesterday, when suddenly, like Winkle of the Pickwick club, he exhibited a frantic desire to throw his feet in the air, and dash the back of his head on the pavement. He had stepped upon a banana peel.

—A young gentleman of this city, on yesterday gave the reporter a peep into a box of beautiful flowers for this season of the year, which a *friend* had sent him from Charleston. Tom Moore, who was a very Solomon in love matters, has said that "not e'en love can live on flowers."

—Arrangements are rapidly being perfected for the entertainment for the benefit of the Young Men's Library association. Aside from other considerations, the occasion will be enjoyable, and will tend to the invigorating of associations and the strengthening of ties which are already delightful.

—A man seeking the advancement of a certain business he is engaged in, met the reporter yesterday, and stated that he needed no recommendation, advertisement or puff. In other words he seemed to go on the idea that men should not be too modest, for he who pretends to little, is supposed capable of nothing; that men submit to the vain and boastful; that delicacy is generally considered greenness; and that you must blow you own horn, for if your keep your own secret, you may rest satisfied the world will keep it for you.

The Georgia Piano.

In the town of Dahlonega resides a lady noted for her genial disposition and intellectual development. During the present year she was married in Campbell county and removed to Dahlonega. Not long since, as the lady we allude to was about going to house-keeping, several of her friends in this city, sent her presents, available in household economy. A gentleman of this city sent her a "Georgia Piano," of which Stewart & Wood are agents. Many may not know what a Georgia Piano is; to all such we say it is a very useful institution. The lady replied, in acknowledging the gift: "A few days since, your very handsome and valuable present arrived. It is indeed a fine instrument; its tone is very *charming*. It is the most wonderful instrument in the world and I think its inventor ought to be canonized and the presentor ought to be thoroughly indoctrinized into its mysteries, that he may know how much it is appreciated by the receiver. Accept my warmest thanks for the Georgia Piano." There are no better instruments than the Georgia Piano and the Georgia Hand Organ.

The City Court.

The city court met yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, Hon. R. J. Cowart presiding.

In the case of the State vs. Mary Lewis, colored, charge of adultery and fornification with one Clairbourne Brewster, the jury returned a verdict of guilty. Sentence was suspended until Brewster can be tried, when they will be sentenced together. Angier and Ellis for the state. Massey and Pendleton for the defence.

D. D. Snider, vs. A. Austell, judgment for defendant. J. A. Wimpey and S. A. Darnell for plaintiff. S. Dell for the defence.

State vs. Green O'Neal colored, fornication. Trial and verdict not guilty. Angier and Glenn for the state, E. Y. Clarke for the defence.

State vs. Charles Freeman colored, for keeping a lewd house. Pending the trial of this case, court adjourned until this morning. Glenn and Van Epps for the defence.

Preparing for the Exposition.

The rooms above the Young Men's Library are daily the scene of busy preparation for the approaching festival. Crowds of young people assemble there and do what they can to help the manufacture of ornamental adornments for the opera house, in which the exposition is to be held. Large quantities of cedar have already been carried up and much of it has already been worked into wreaths and festoons. A few stately matrons are always on hand to add dignity to the assemblage and to overcome the natural aversion which young people feel for all sorts of work. These pleasant little gatherings will be held each day and all who love the library, or the librarian, or anything or person connected with the institution, are urged to come up and contribute at least a mite to the advancement of the delightful labor. The girls should come to attract the boys: the boys to entertain and assist the girls: and the old folks should be present to keep *both straight*.

To City Subscribers.

We request you earnestly, to settle either at the office or with our agents. We shall be pleased to furnish you cards in our distribution; but, cards or not, we entreat you to settle. Your subscription is a small matter to you, but the aggregate is a great deal to us. Please attend to this matter at once, and greatly oblige us.

Pungent Paragraphs.

—We saw yesterday a glass penny which would pass current in any realm. It is owned in Covington, and the owner sets a great value on it.

—Most young men like to apply the glass to their lips but we saw a young man apply his lips to a glass yesterday evening. But they should not be swift about it.

THE SUPERIOR COURT.

The Jury out in the Ratterree Murder Case.

Able Charge by Judge Hopkins.

Court met at half past eight o'clock pursuant to adjournment.

Joseph R. Mathews vs. Campbell Wallace superintendent Western & Atlantic R. R. Co. This case was called up, and Judge Hopkins being disqualified, Mr John A. Stephens was agreed upon to preside as judge, *pro hac vice*. The case then went to trial. The jury found for the plaintiff, giving him $2,000 with costs. A. W. Hammond & Son for plaintiff.

THE MURDER TRIAL.

The trial of James Ratterree for the murder of W. L. Clifton again occupied the entire session of the court. This makes the third day.

The argument was commenced at an early hour in the morning, and was closed at dark in the afternoon. Speeches were made by Mr. Lewis and the solicitor general for the state, and by Col. A. W. Hammond and General L. J. Gartrell for the defence. Judge Hopkins charged the jury after the court room had been lighted up. The charge was unusually able, and contains a very fine exposition of the law upon homicides. We give the substance of it.

THE CHARGE.

Gentlemen of the Jury:

This defendant is charged with murder. You are called upon to determine the issue either by finding him guilty or not guilty. It is very important that you should approach the discharge of this duty with the same state of mind that you were in when you laid your hands upon the book and swore before Almighty God that you were impartial between the state and the prisoner. Your object is neither to acquit or convict the defendant, but to follow the testimony.

To constitute murder there must be

First. An unlawful killing of a human being

Second. By a person of sound mind and discretion.

Third. With malice aforethought, express or implied.

This malice may be express, or it may be implied. Express malice is that deliberate intention to kill unlawfully, which is capable of external proof. There are cases where the law implies malice. If there is a killing and no provocation appears, but all the circumstances go to show an abandoned and depraved heart, the law implies malice. Whenever there is an unlawful killing by violence the law presumes it to be murder, until that presumption is removed by proof. Whenever a man, by the employment of appropriate means, produces the death of a human being, in the absence of proof to the contrary, the law presumes that the means were so intended.

To deliberate is to reflect with intent to make a choice. This defendant is charged with murder. Is he guilty of it? To determine this you must understand clearly the difference between murder and voluntary manslaughter.

There cannot be murder without malice aforethought. There may be an unlawful killing punishable by law without this malice aforethought.

Manslaughter is the unlawful killing of a human being without malice and without any mixture of deliberation. If the killing takes place in the sudden heat of passion, it is voluntary manslaughter. Provocations by words, threats and menaces, are in no case sufficient to free the person killing from the guilt of voluntary manslaughter. If the killing was done in a violent heat of passion, and without malice and deliberation, and was unlawful, it would be voluntary manslaughter. It is lawful to kill one who at the time of the killing manifestly intends or endeavors, by violence or surprise, to commit a felony on the person of the killer. An assault is an attempt to commit a violent injury upon the person of another and is not a felony in the meaning of this law. An assault with intent to kill would be such felony. A bare fear of itself that one intends to commit a felony is not sufficient to justify a killing. If you believe from the testimony, that Ratterree killed Clifton, and that at the time of the killing the circumstances were sufficient to excite the fears of a reasonable man that Clifton then and there intended to commit a felony, and that through these fears alone Ratterree killed him, then the killing would be lawful.

If you find that Ratterree acted under the influence of these reasonable fears, and not in a spirit of revenge, you must acquit him. The same rule applies to Ratterree's brother. If he acted under reasonable fears that Clifton manifestly intended to commit a felony on the person of his brother, and without revenge killed him, the killing would be justifiable. If at the time Ratterree killed Clifton, if he did kill him, he (Ratterree) had reasonable fears that Clifton manifestly intended to commit an assault and battery upon himself or his brother, the killing would not be murder. In that event it would be voluntary manslaughter. If a person kills another in self defense it must appear that at the time of the killing the danger was so urgent and pressing that to save his own life the killing of the other was absolutely necessary, and that the person killed was the assailant.

You will observe, gentlemen, in passing through this case, that the law prescribes what is right and what is wrong, not what any man would do under a given set of circumstances. The law presumes that the defendant is innocent, and that presumption remains until it is removed by the proof. The credibility of the witnesses is a matter exclusively for you. You will treat all the witnesses fairly and impartially. In passing upon the credibility of witnesses, take each witness, just as he is presented to you, and pass upon him. The proof must show that the defendant is guilty to the exclusion of a reasonable doubt. This doubt must spring out of the case you are trying. If you find your minds, after careful investigation, wavering and unsettled, it is your duty to acquit the defendant. On the other hand, if his guilt appears proven beyond a reasonable doubt, it is your duty to convict. Absolute certainty can never be had in human investigations.

THE JURY OUT.

After concluding his charge, his honor told the jury to retire and make up their verdict. Also, to let him know as soon as they had agreed, and that he would come to the court-room and receive the verdict.

Court then adjourned over to this morning.

At ten o'clock last night the jury were still out.

THE JUSTICES.

We regret to learn that Justice Butt was seriously indisposed during yesterday. We hope he will be out to-day and at work.

Justice Walker tried a possessory warrant case between Ida Webb and Dan Hollbrook about a plain gold ring. The evidence showed that the ring had been loaned by Ida to a girl who pawned it to Dan for $1. Upon this showing, the court awarded the property to the plaintiff, requiring her to give an indemnification bond.

Edict V,

His Majesty the King of the Carnival has heard with unfeigned pleasure the extensive preparations being made for his grand entree on next twelfth night, and would say to those of his beloved subjects as have already displayed the royal colors that they have justly merited his majesty's royal favor. To others of the faithful he would express his sincere desire that every one should hoist his colors according to the design promulgated heretofore, and it is his pleasure that it should be done at once, that all may know in due time of our approach.

His majesty remembers well the unbounded liberality of all on the occasion of his last visit to this realm, and assures them of his further favor. The royal exchequer needs replenishing, and the king is well aware that he has only to mention this fact to his beloved people, and they will respond in the fulness of their wealth.

The following are appointed lords of the royal exchequer: R. J. Lowry, R. J. Godfrey, R. O. Douglass, Donald Bain, and Amos Fox, whose duty it shall be to visit the merchants, bankers, manufacturers, and all others within the gates of his city, and receive of them the tribute money necessary for the contingent expenses of his Majesty's journey.

Herein fail not, upon pain of royal displeasure.

By the King himself.

REX.

Attest: HIJIM, Lord High Chamberlain.

THE GREEN-LINE.—The executive committee of the Green Line had their regular monthly meeting yesterday, and transacted only general business. Rates were not affected in the least. The following were in attendance: S S Solomon, superintendent South Carolina railroad; Virgil Powers, superintendent Southwestern railroad; G J Foreacre, superintendent Atlanta Division Central railroad; Gen. W McRae, superintendent Western & Atlantic railroad; L P Grant, superintendent Atlanta and West Point railroad; C D Owens, agent Charleston line; J M Selkirk, general agent of the Great Southern Freight line; and last, but not least, C W Anderson, the genial and gifted agent of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad.

THE students of Eastman college give a private soiree on Friday evening December 18th. The committee of invitation are: Prof. A. T. Young, W. G. Parker, S. F. Keller, Jr., A. L. Waldo, R. T. Hitch and W. J Moss.

AMONG the railroad magnates in the city we note the presence of S. S. Solomon, the superintendent of the South Carolina R. R., one of the rising railroad men of the south.

WE direct special attention to the compound acid phospate of lime for composting with cotton seed offered for sale by Adair & Brothers, agents. Now is the time get it.

CARTERSVILLE.

Its Public Men, Business Men, Public Buildings, Thrift and Enterprise—Bartow Superior Court—Municipal Election—County Officers.

CARTERSVILLE, Dec. 9. 1874.

The session of the North Georgia M. E. Conference, south, closed on Monday evening last. The session was pleasant and profitable alike to the members of conference and the people of this city. The meeting resulted in good. For once the bars between the several denominations were removed, and a full and free intercourse had, and a better feeling prevailed. Having so successfully entertained the conference, the people now think they would like the august convention of the State Agricultural Society to be held here. There is perhaps no city or town in North Georgia that has developed

GREATER THRIFT AND ENTERPRISE

since the war than Cartersville.

In 1870, according to the United States census retunrs she had a population of 2,232—about three hundred under the real population. Now Cartersville has about

3,500 INHABITANTS

and exhibits on every hand a remarkable degree of prosperity. Among the improvements since the war is

THE COURT-HOUSE

a large two-story brick edifice and one of the best in the state.

THE JAIL.

to a superficial observer, who only looks on the front of the picture, has the appearance of a fine dwelling. No wonder there is such a desire to break into it.

THE RICKS HOUSE,

but recently constructed by W. W. Ricks, esq., is a handsome brick structure, three stories high, with a piazza in front to every floor, and contains forty-seven rooms, thirty-three being bed rooms. The building fronts 110 feet on Broad street and has a depth of forty feet. The telegraph office will soon be opened in it. The house has been opened about one month, with E. T. White as proprietor. The table is a fine one and the guests are all pleased with the fare and accommodations. Mr. White has already won a host of friends. Eb. White, notwithstanding the care he takes of his moustache, is courteous and attentive to guests and popular with all.

The Ricks House has had in the short space of three weeks six bridal couples to stop at it. On last Sunday sixty guests were at the dinner table and at night there were over fifty.

THE BARTOW HOUSE,

an old and popular one, is kept by Mrs. Stovall. The cuisine and rooms are excellent, and as usual the house gets a full share of patronage.

THE STREETS

now present a more citified air. On Broad street, in front of the depot the street is being macadamized. The town wells have been neatly enclosed with a railing and covered with a roof

The

BUSINESS PROSPECTS

of the city was never better. Men able to make the calculation estimate that we will receive at least ten thousand bales of cotton this season. There are now lying on the side of the railroad over $50,000 worth of pig iron. And the

PLANTER'S AND MINER'S BANK

is a valuable help to our business men. J. J. Howard is president; D. W. K. Peacock, cashier; Lewis Tumlin, J. J. Howard, W. P. Pattillo, M. G. Dobbins and B. J. Wilson, directors. Mr. Peacock is a splendid business man, and like blondes generally, ever ready and prompt.

Among our

LEADING DRUGGISTS,

I would note Messrs. Kirkpatrick & Sayre, M. G. Williams and Pinkerton & Curry. All do a fine business, though the doctors say this city is "distressingly healthy."

We have two

FINE LIVERY STABLES,

kept by Messrs. Roberts & Stephens and Scott & Johnson.

In the

DRY GOODS LINE

We can compete with any city of less than 15,000 inhabitants. The two largest houses are Messrs. Stokely & Williams, and Erwin & Ramseur. S. & M. Leibman, S. F. Milam & Co., R. W. Satterfield & Co., Rust's Cash Store, and numbers of others, are also in this line.

In

FAMILY GROCERIES

there are A. R. Hudgins, G. J. Briant, A. A. Skinner & Co., Gilreath & Son, and G. H. & A. W. Satterfield.

In

HARNESS,

W. C. Edwards is an old stand by.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS.

The Etowah foundry and machine works are in a full tide of prosperity under the charge of Charles B. Wallace as proprietor.

R. H. Jones & Co., are turning out

MAGNIFICENT WAGONS

and other vehicles.

I have said that Cartersville is healthy. You will agree with me when I enumerate the

LEADING PHYSICIANS;

though we lack in quntity we make up in quality. Dr. T. H. Baker our representative in the legislature; Dr. W. W. Leake, Dr. M. G. Williams, Dr. W. Hardy, Dr. J. T. Shepherd, Dr. J. F. Best, Dr. J. W. Best and Dr. J. A. Jackson.

But when we strike

THE LEGAL FRATERNITY

we can show both quantity and quality. I do not hesitate to aver that our bar can not be excelled anywhere in the state in ability, eloquence or integrity. There are Col. Warren Akin & Son, Gen. W. T. Wofford, Col. J. W. Wofford, Col. Abda Johnson, T. W. Milner, A. P. Wofford, M. R. Stansell, Joe M. Moon, G. C. Tumlin, J. L. Moon, F. P. Gray, J. B. Conyers, A. M. Foute, A. W. Fite, R. W. Murphy, and R. B. Trippe, (son of Turner H. Trippe.)

Our leading cotton buyer is

J. J. HOWARD.

Our merchant tailor is

S. H. PATILLO,

and a capital one he is. He beats the doctors on *fits*.

The citizens have determined that the

CITY OF THE DEAD

shall be a place of attraction, instead of a spot where gloom and desolation reign supreme.

In the matter of

CHURCHES,

we can boast of excellent Baptist, Methodist, Presbyterian and Episcopalian edifices. The

MORAL TONE

of the city is not surpassed anywhere.

Cartersville has a

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION,

of which Thomas W. Milner is president, and steps are being taken to organize a

YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY

Association, and we will try and borrow Charlie Herbst from you until we get it in full operation.

BARTOW SUPERIOR COURT

is now in session, and will likely continue for several weeks. Judge C. D. McCutchen is a dignified and excellent judicial officer, while the Solicitor General A. T. Hackett fills his office up to the full measure of duty. Among those present besides the local bar, I notice Col. R. T. Fouche, of Rome; Judge D. A. Walker and Col. J. A. W. Johnson, of Dalton; and W. J. Cantrell, of Calhoun.

THE COUNTY COURT

is presided over by Judge John C. Branson, who is a fine specimen of physical manhood, and makes a superior officer.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

The people do not seem to be at all bashful about serving their country in filling public stations. There are only *twenty-six* candidates for tax collector. They have held two meetings to harmonize and agree upon whom should make the race, but so far have failed. Of the twenty-six candidates, twenty-five are classified as Felton men and only one as a Dabney man. There are eight candidates for tax receiver and four for sheriff. Mr. Word, the present popular and efficient clerk of the superior court is a candidate for re-election. His opponent is Dr. S. W. Leland, a man of brains and vim. It is thought the race will be close.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

The regular municipal election came off to-day, and with what result I can't say at this time. The contest was spirited. Dr. Hickman has been here several days speaking in behalf of temperance. There were two tickets in the field.

THE ANTI-LICENSE TICKET.

For Mayor—Thomas Stokely; Aldermen—Dr. F. M. Johnson, Aaron Knight, A. C. Williams, John C. Maddox, R. A. Clayton, T. W. White, W. C. Edwards, John A. Erwin.

THE LICENSE TICKET.

For Mayor—J. A. Thompson; Aldermen—A. R. Hudgins, F. M. Johnson, A. C. Williams, Gus Barron, R. A. Clayton, G. L. McDonald, R. W. Satterfield, W. C. Edwards.

More anon,
CHEROKEE.

Meeting of Police Commissioners and Committee of Council on Salaries, and the Salaries of City Officers Agreed on.

Last night the above officials met at the recorder's room at 7½ o'clock. Mr. McMillan in the chair. The police commissioners submitted the following

REPORT.

OFFICE POLICE COMMISSIONERS,
December 9th, 1874.

To the Chairman and Gentlemen of the Salary Committee:

The board of police commissioners, beg leave to submit to you, and through you to the Hon. Mayor and Council, the following estimates of the number of officers, and men, the board deem necessary for the full efficiency of the police force, and the salaries and pay for the same during the year 1875. These estimates are based upon the most rigid scale of economy, and will show that while our recommendations will give greater efficiency to the force the expenditures required will fall short of those for the present year 1874.

We recommend the list of officers and men with the salaries and pay affixed:

One chief of police, $2,000 per annum.
Two lieutenants (each) $1,500.
Two detectives (each) $912.
Four sergeants (each) $912.
Two station-house keepers (each) $912.
Thirty men at $2.25 (each) per day.
Total, $36,933.

The board also recommend the abolition of all perquisites, and that the chief of police and lieutenants be required to furnish and maintain their own horses. In order to secure the greatest efficiency from the small force asked for, less than that of the present year, the thirty men will be thrown into two reliefs, instead of three, as at present, and each relief placed on duty for twelve hours instead of eight. The commissioners on the line of economy will remove the two policemen hitherto placed on duty at the Union Passenger car shed, and assign policemen whose beats include the car shed to that duty. The cost of the police department (including perquisites) to the city the present year, 1874, we estimate as follows:

Chief of police—perquisites $3,000 per annum.
Salary $250.
Maintaining horse $ 50.
Three lieutenants, value of horses, $400.
Maintaining horses $300.
Two detectives $1,824.
Thirty-nine men $28,470.
Total $37,094.

This gives a difference of $165 in favor of the recommendations of the board.

The commissioners in placing the force on duty for 12 hours instead of 8 hours, will, while affording greater protection to the city by increasing the number of men on each relief, ask but a small advance on their present pay. The board is of opinion they are entitled to more, but as this item of expense gives the greatest amount of expenditure in the department, and not desiring to increase, but on the other hand to diminish the cost of the department, the commissioners recommend the pay of the men at $2 25 per diem. In view of the facts above stated, the commissioners also recommend that the force be relieved from lighting and extinguishing the city lamps, this not properly belonging to the department.

The board beg to repeat, that while on the one hand it is its duty to afford full and ample protection to the lives and property of our citizens by having a well organized police force, and on the other to economize the expenditures of the department within the most rigid limits, the above recommendations are respectfully submitted.

By order of the board.

W. T. GOLDSMITH,
Sec. P. C.

The above report was received and read.

SALARIES OF CITY OFFICIALS.

The committee of council on salaries agreed upon the following salaries:

Clerk—Perquisites.
City treasurer—$1,000.
" Marshal—$1,000, and perquisites and to pay his own assistant.
City recorder and auditor—$1,000.
" Attorney—$1,000.
" Engineer—$1,000.
Tax receiver and collector, $1,200.
Street overseer, $900.
Superintendent of the alms house, $800.
City sexton, $1,000.
City Hall keeper, $500.
Magazine keeper, $600.
Physician to alms house, $450.
Four city physicians (each) $650.
Chairman of Board of Health, $200.
Three city assessors (each) $500, to be allowed no extra pay, and to correct their own mistakes.
Chain gang boss, same pay as police.
Police commissioners (each) $200, and $50 to the secretary.
Chief of police.—No perquisite, to furnish and maintain his own horse. Salary $2,000 per annum.
Two lieutenants of police. To furnish and maintain their own horses, (each) $1,400.
Two detectives (each) $2.50 per day.
Four sargeants (each) $2.25 per day, and city to furnish them two uniforms per year.
Two station house keepers (each) $2.25 per day.
Thirty policemen [each] $2.00 per day. The city to furnish them two uniforms per year.

The committee instructed the police commissioners to request policemen to continue to light the lamps.

A NEW FIRST-CLASS COAL.

The Cahaba Red Ash.

It is clean, kindles quick, burns beautifully and makes no cinders. It is pure coal unmixed with any earthy impurities and burns up clean into dust ashes like wood. The best coal ever shipped to this city. We have it on sale every day at depot by car load, by ton and retail at our two yards, corner Broad and Hunter and 58 Decatur streets.

Sold only by SCIPLE & SONS,
Sole Agents.
dec2—deod1m Atlanta, Ga.

KIMBALL HOUSE ARRIVALS.—C C Holmes, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. Small, Illinois; Geo. E Currie, Cincinnati; J S Keatiny, Miss.; R P Carpenter, Philadelphia; Wm. Newholm, Charleston; J W Quackinbush and wife, and Mrs. Ella, Macon; W N Barrett and wife, and Miss Barrett, Minnesota; J L Lacey and wife, Texas; Mrs. Dr. Smith, Box Spring; J M Milborn and lady, Columbus; W Abercumbie, J A Hancock, Cartersville; A R Swan, Savannah; Mrs. Geo. Messanyie, Miss Fanie Lepombe, Nashville; Mrs. Blackley and son, Miss McCall, New Orleans; Miss M. Walker, and Master Walker, Ga.; Mrs. Thomson and daughter, Americus; W T Maurice, St Louis; R W Carswell, Geo Deering, Louisville; W A Gordon, E W Cole, W A Barden, Nashville; S S Solomon, S C; J B Panamore, Savannah; O O Nelson, J H Powers, J W Robinson, Ga; V Powers, Macon; W E Frankland, L N Cox, Baltimore, J Irwin, Jacob Scooler, J Lyons, New York; J Hazelton, Chattanooga; W W Mazzoni, Robinson's circus; A Salms, New Orleans; J R Lenior, B Harton, Pittsburg, Ed Frye, Boston; L Vancler, Cincinnati; H C Hardin, Arkansas; J Best, J W Sharp, S C Waynes, Pennsylvania.

NATIONAL HOTEL ARRIVALS.—A Murphy, Barnesville; J H McCoy and son, Ga; J J Addy, Grantville, Ga; J C C McMahon, Crawford, Ga; R C Johnson, Charleston; L T Moore, R J Edmondson, Ga; John A Woods, Robinson's show; J W Bell, Tenn; E A Flewellen, M & B Railroad; Geo C Norton, G W Gaulbert, Louisville; R L Burks, LaGrange; N A Bates, Greenville, S C; J C Anderson, Chattanooga; W O Harbaum Macon; E Cox, Decatur; R McStreets, N Y; F B Daniels, Macon; J H McGraw, N Y; W Reid, Oxford, Ala, Wm H Hartnett Griffin, Ga; R P McCord, Rome, Ga; J W Woodruff, W & A R R; R L Dougherty, Ga; Henry Quigg, Conyers, Ga; E P Evans Nashville; J C Bartow, Conyers, Ga; J Blake, Baltimore; C C Wertenfoker, Va; C Swift, Ga; Seaborn Reese, Madison; C Bartlett, Monticello; A C McCalla, Conyers; G F Jones, Baltimore; M R Barnes, Ga; F Long, Macon; G C Davis, Baltimore. C Barrett, Mo; John Robinson, Greenville, C; P B Sims, Marshall, Texas; Walter Johnson, Chattanooga; J M Lee, Ga; Mrs Calwell, Ga; Dan M Gordon, Ill.

STATION HOUSE.—Willis Cooper, the darkey who shot and nearly killed a negro in Douglass county, named Jim Parks, about a month ago, was arrested in the city yesterday by the police. He was locked up at the quarters, and a letter was sent to the sheriff of Douglass county, informing him of the capture.

There were only four city arrests.

THE Oxford free express will be continued during 1875.

REX'S QUEEN, raffled at the Y. M. L. A., last night, was won by Charles Barnwell.

MECHANIC fire company parade this afternoon.

BRUTAL ASSAULT.

Man Nearly Murdered Two Miles from the City.

Tuesday night one of the most murderous assaults it has ever been our duty to chronicle, took place about two miles from town on the Turner's Ferry road. The particulars are as follows:

A man named J. L. Smith keeps a bar at that point, and on the night in question had a fight with one Charlie Jones, who hails from near the Rolling mills. Jones whipped Smith badly, so much so that the latter sought refuge in his house. Jones then went off, but latter in the night he and a companion named Ben Burns returned by Smith's house, and by some means managed to decoy him out. They then fell upon him and beat him unmercifully. During the scuffle Jones stabbed him with his knife, and Burns kicked him in the side with his boots, while he was on the ground. They then deliberately

ROBBED THE ALMOST DYING MAN

of everything he had on his person, even including his pocket knife. Finally Smith managed to escape from their further brutality, and was sheltered in the house of a neighbor, whom he entreated to take him in. His condition yesterday was precarious, and he was spitting blood. The authorities were notified of the outrage, and the sheriff at once arrested Jones and Burns. Last night they were securely locked up in Fulton county jail. We would call the attention of the grand jury to this outrage. It deserves prompt and severe punishment.

THE AIR-LINE ROAD.

Another Receiver Appointed.

On last Saturday the bill filed by the bondholders against the Atlanta & Richmond Air-Line Railroad Co. *et. al.*, was argued in Savannah before Judges Wood & Erskine. The court reserved its decision. We learn that on Tuesday, the opinion of the court was delivered, and that a gentleman by the name of Fisher, was appointed receiver to act in the interests of the Bondholders. This is receiver No. 3. Whether he will ever get possession of the road, and what effect such a possession would have upon the rights of the contesting parties, are questions which it is hard to answer. It is quite certain that the Hoyt party will resist Mr. Fisher getting possession of their end of the line, and hence we have the prospect of at least one more big fight.

A Card.

OFFICE OF THE NEWS,
ATLANTA, Dec. 9, 1874.

Editors Constitution: In your issue of yesterday there is an advertisement of the types and printing material of this Association to be sold in January next, "to satisfy three mortgage fi. fas. issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of J. F. Burke vs. the Atlanta News Association."

Will you permit me space to state that there is an error in this advertisement. The Atlanta News Association is not indebted to Mr. J F. Burke. To the contrary, Mr. Burke owes the Association an unpaid balance of $46 60 on his stock in the Association, which, however, I must do him the justice to state, we have not sought to collect from him.

I desire to add that Mr. Burke has a claim for $250 divided into three notes of eighty-odd dollars each, against Messrs. St. Clair-Abrams and Fitzpatrick, payable one day after date. This comprises the entire amount of the three mortgage fi. fas., which some despicable creatures have been magnifying into astonishing sums, about the streets of Atlanta. It is proper to add that the $250 in question, is the only lien of any kind whatever on the type and printing material belonging to Messrs. St. Clair-Abrams and Fitzpatrick and sold by them to the Atlanta News Association, and which cost us four thousand dollars.

I desire to publish these facts simply to warn any erroneous impressions that may arise from the advertisement, and from the lying tongues of interested slanderers. Why the $250 have not been paid is a matter that concerns Messrs. St. Clair-Abrams and Fitzpatrick alone; but it may be best to state that on the day the advertisement was sent into your office they had nearly one thousand dollars in the Atlanta National bank of this city.

In closing, I wish it understood that this card is simply to disabuse the minds of those who may be approached with the advertisement by persons whose stock in trade is lying. I am gentlemen, very obediently yours,

ALEX ST. CLAIR-ABRAMS,
Managing Editor News.

SUMMARY OF STATE NEWS.

DALTON.—While the Chattanooga, Rome and Atlanta papers are frequently in a war of words, the press of Dalton is and has ever been characterized with the utmost harmony. This is truly wonderful.——The Enterprise is the professed champion of Belle Boyd.——A wandering Italian minstrel now bewitches the people of Dalton with his mellow strains.——The town has this winter been favored with an unusual number of travelling theatrical troops.—*Enterprise.*

VALDOSTA.—Three unworthy descendants of Ham were recently arraigned before the tribunal of an outraged law on the charge of gambling. They are now at harder and more honorable work.——Valdosta wants cow and hog laws. These animals now roam over the streets and commit great ravages on all kinds of property.——Improvements in various parts of the town are rapidly progressing.—*Times.*

AMERICUS.—A suit for one million dollars has just been brought against the cotton warehouses of Americus, in the name of Robert Wheeler. The Southwestern is also sued by the same party for a million of dollars. It is claimed that these parties have violated an old statute, which provides that all cotton buyers or warehousemen shall file an oath with the ordinary of the county to make a true return of all cotton to the owners of the same. Eminent legal counsel has been retained on both sides, and a great fight is expected.——A lot of gypsies are hovering around Americus. Thier chief occupation seems to be gambling.—*Republican.*

SAVANNAH.—Fires were epidemic on Monday. Nearly half a dozen occured but they caused very little loss.——The Georgia Historical Society met on Monday night and determined to procure some suitable person to deliver a lecture before the body at an early day.——The ladies of the Presbyterian church are to have an art entertainment very soon to raise money for their church.——The South Georgia Conference met in Savannah on Tuesday. A large number of ministers and visitors are present and an interesting session is expected.—*News.*

FORSYTH.—A son of Mr. William Anthony, aged ten years, came to a sad and sudden death near Forsyth on Sunday last. He met some negroes returning from a hunt and had a quarrel with a boy about his own age. He struck the negro boy with a pine knot and turned to leave when the negro seized the gun and struck young Anthony upon the head, fracturing his skull and causing death. The negro has been committed to jail and now awaits trial for murder.——On Tuesday, Mr. L. B. Alexander's gin house was burned.——On Wednesday the gin house of Mr. George Davis, at Smarr's station, was also destroyed by fire, the origin of which is not known.——Last week was one of unusual excitement and interest. The county nominations, the municipal elections and various other important events occurred.—*Advertiser.*

THOMSON.—The gin-house of Mr. E. F. Lamkin, of Columbia county, was destroyed by fire on Sunday night, the 29th ult. It was the work of an incendiary, and was the thirty sixth gin house which has been burned in the state this season.——The store of G. W. Holzendorf was burglarized on Thursday night, but comparatively few of his goods were stolen. This is the last of a series of such depredations and it is thought that an organized band of burglars exists near Thomson.—*Journal.*

MACON.—Several professional burglars have recently been captured.——Two prisoners escaped from the chain-gang on Sunday by cutting a hole through the pen in which they were confined. A third was about half way out when the watchman discovered him and enticed him to remain a while longer.——A building known as the Trappe house was burned on Sunday morning. There is no doubt that it was the work of an incendiary.——The mayor's court has been quite lively of late.—*Telegraph and Messenger.*

EXPECTORANT

The ghastly record of deaths that result from pulmonary affections is frightful. There is no disease that is so insiduous in its attack as consumption. By the neglect of "slight colds" they soon become deep seated and defy remedies which, if applied at the outset, would have averted all danger. Dr. Tutt's Expectorant has proven itself the most valuable Lung Balsam ever discovered. A distinguished clergyman of New York, pronounces it the "greatest blessing of the nineteenth century," and says "no family should be with-

"HATFIELD, THE SOAP MAN."—Frank D. Hatfield, the apostle of cleanliness, having thoroughly introduced Colgate & Co.'s soap here, leaves for Augusta to-day. This is Mr. Hatfield's seventh grand tour through the south. He comes around periodically with a new soap, and as he always introduces the same by a free distribution, he is invariably welcome. For energy, ability and suavity commend us to Mr. Hatfield as the prince of traveling agents. He insures success to any soap he canvasses for, and is outdoing all his past record with the new Colgate soap, which he assures us is really the best in market. No doubt our housekeepers will find out how it is and will liberally patronize it. Success to it and success to "Hatfield, the soap man," wherever he goes.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT

ATLANTA, December 9, 1874.

Cotton closed weak; low middlings 13 cents.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.	Bales.
By wagon	305
By Western and Atlantic Railroad	27
By Central Railroad	141
By Air-Line Railroad	245
Atlanta & West Point Railroad	48
By Georgia Railroad	93
Total	859
Receipts previous	40,874
Total	41,733
Stock on hand September 1	102
Grand total	41,835

SHIPMENTS.	
Shipments to-day	463
Shipments previous	36,928
Total	37,391
Stock on hand	4,444

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

[*Special to The Constitution.*]

COTTON MARKETS.

Receipts at all ports to-day	26,176
Exports to Great Britain	10,304
Exports to continent	1,631
Consolidated receipts	121,459
Consolidated exports	65,000
Stock in New York	125,663
Stock at all ports	637,524

NEW YORK, December 9.—Gold 10⅞. Old classification: spots closed dull; low middlings 14⅞; middlings 14⅞; new classification: closed dull; low middlings 14½; middling 14½; sales to spinners 1,200; export 660; speculation 401.

Futures closed steady; sales 25,200 bales; December 14 9-32; January 14 9-16a14 19-32; February 14 31 32; March 15 5-16a15 11-32; April 15¼a15 21-32; May 15 31-32; June 16 9-32; July 16 9-16.

[*Associated Press Reports.*]

The Associated Press reports show the state of the markets an hour later than the above special.

NEW YORK, December 9.—Cotton dull; sales 1,900 bales at 14½a14⅞.

Net receipts 307 bales; gross 5,285.

Futures closed steady; sales 27,600 bales; December 14 7-32a14¼; January 14 9-16; February 14 15-16a14 31-32; March 15 5-16; April 15⅛a15 21-32; May 15 31-32; June 16¼; July 16 17-32a16 9-16.

NEW ORLEANS, December 9.—Cotton steady; net receipts 5,934 bales; sales 9,500; middlings 14; exports to Great Britain 2,000; continent 816; stock 156,844, actual count.

MOBILE, December 9.—Cotton easier. net receipts 4,572 bales; sales 2,000; middlings 13¾a13⅞; stock 51,057.

SAVANNAH, December 9.—Cotton easy and irregular; net receipts 4,572 bales; sales 2,681; middlings 13 15-16; exports to Great Britain 2,290; continent 1,465; stock 99,056.

BOSTON, December 8.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 14⅞; low middlings 14⅜; good ordinary 13⅞; net receipts 274 bales; gross 2,799; sales 125; stock 10,000.

PROVISION MARKETS.

NEW YORK, December 9.—Southern flour quiet and heavy; common to fair extra $4 90a$5 85; good to choice do. $5 90a$8 25. Wheat opened quiet and closed steadier; winter red western $1 19. Corn a shade firmer and more active; old western mixed in store 83; do afloat 95; new western mixed and yellow 93; new yellow southern 91a94; white western 80a89. Coffee—Rio more active and ½c higher; 17¼a19¾ gold. Sugar dull and unchanged; fair to good refining 8¼a8⅜; prime 8½; centrifuga 19½; refined easier at 9¾; hard grades 10¼a10⅜. Molasses—foreign neglected; New Orleans 62a65½. Rice quiet and steady. Naval stores heavy. Beef unchanged. Lard closed firm; prime steam 13¾a13½. Whisky more active and firm at $1 02.

Money more active at 2½a3. Exchange heavy at $4 85½. Gold declined to 10⅞a10¾. Governments dull and steady. State bonds nominal.

BALTIMORE, December 9.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat—firm for southern, and quiet and nominal for western. Provisions and bulk meats dull and nominal. Bacon scarce; shoulders 10½; clear rib sides 13¼a13½. Whisky $1 02.

CHICAGO, December 9.—Flour dull and nominal. Corn quiet and weak; No. 2 mixed 74¾a75. Pork opened dull and closed active and higher at $19 40. Lard opened dull and closed active at 12¾. Whisky steady at 97.

ST. LOUIS, December 9.—Flour higher on low grades; superfine winter $4 25a$4 50. Corn in improved demand for new; No. 2 mixed 67a69; regular 69½. Whisky steady at 98. Pork in fair demand and lower at $19 50; Hams 11. Bacon flat. Lard lower at 12¾a12⅞.

LOUISVILLE, December 9.—Flour unchanged. Corn—74a75. Pork unchanged. Bacon—none here. Sugar cured hams 12a13. Lard 14¼a15. Whisky 97.

CINCINNATI, December 9.—Flour steady. Corn steady at 72a75. Pork in fair demand and lower at $19 50. Lard unsettled and dull; steam 12¾a12⅞. Bacon nominal and dull; shoulders 9¾; clear rib 12⅞; clear 13¼. Whisky firm at 97.

AMUSEMENTS.

Y. M. L. A.
GRAND
EXPOSITION,
AT
DeGIVE'S,
Dec. 11 to Dec. 17.

DOMESTIC VENTURE.

Upwards of 1000 articles of value, consisting of barrels of flour, coffee, furniture, cotton, tobacco, etc., etc., donated by our merchants will be distributed.

CHROMO TABLE.

5,000 beautiful pictures, ranging value from one to fifty dollars, will be distributed.

GRAB-BAGS

Contain furniture, flour, cotton, tobacco, jewelry, etc. About seven hundred and fifty gifts.

Prize Tree.
Fancy Table, No 1.
Fancy Table, No. 2.
Fancy Table, No. 3.
Prize Table.
Floral Table.
Rebecca's Well.
Refreshment.
Saloon.
Book Table.

This monster undertaking for the benefit of the Library will surpass in magnificence, anything of the kind ever before in our city. Every holder of a ticket in any of the schemes will receive one of the articles named. There are no blanks. The drawings will take place during the Exposition, under regulations made by the committee.

Admission 25 cents. dec8—d1w

LOCAL AND BUSINESS NOTICES.

A MAN IN RUINS.—One of the saddest spectacles in the world is a human being shattered and broken down by the use of ardent spirits. But the damage may be repaired, and ruin restored to perfect soundness, by a course of that most powerful of all invigorants, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS. Beware of those "tonics" of which rum is an element. The aggravate disease and promote decay.
dec10—d&w4

GRAND DISPLAY
OF
BRIDAL PRESENTS,
FINE JEWELRY, STERLING SILVERWARE, &C.
Ladies and Gentlemen,

Look to your Interest.

I have just completed my assortment of elegant Bridal Presents, consisting of a full line of the latest and most fashionable designs of solid sterling silverware, from the celebrated house of Messrs. Gorham & Co. Articles in sterling silver, in handsome cases, as low as five dollars, and up to the handsome tea set at eight hundred dollars. Also, the largest and most fashionable assortment of fine Watches, Jewelry, Gold Chains, Chain and Band Bracelets, and a variety of other beautiful goods suitable for presents.

[illegible] my first act, after buying out [illegible] present store, was to squash the combination then existing between the leading jewelry stores to keep up prices. I offer all of the elegant stock just purchased, at a small but fair profit, and give as my reasons for being able to sell goods so much lower than other jewelers in this city, the following:

First—My superior knowledge of the jewelry business.

Second—My large and extensive dealing with first-class houses.

Third—The large amount of goods sold by my house.

Fourth—The superior quality of goods I sell.

Fifth—I prefer the nimple sixpence to the slow shilling.

Sixth—You can find the greatest variety, the most fashionable designs, and the lowest prices in this State, at

GEORGE SHARP, JR.,
Jewelry Store, 34 Whitehall street,
nov22—dtf Atlanta Ga.

LOCAL AND BUSINESS NOTICES

CARD NUMBER 2,
FROM
GEO. SHARP, JR.

I desire to make known to the ladies of this city and to the community generally, that I have just introduced some very elegant designs of fine Jewelry of the latest and most modern styles. This elegant class of goods has never heretofore been offered in this city for sale.

I also have the largest stock of Roman and 18k. Gold Bands, Chain Bracelets, Gold Guard and Opera Chains. Seventy-five different patterns of Vest Chains. All the latest styles of Jewelry and a larger variety of elegant Sterling Silver Bridal Presents than ever before. In this line my stock can not be competed with except by the manufacturers, Messrs. Gorham & Co., themselves.

Remember, no agreement to keep up prices binds me.

I can sell my goods at retail on better terms than any Jewelry house in this city or state.

Gold Watches from $35 to $800.

GEO. SHARP, JR.,
34 Whitehall street,
dec3—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

ELEGANT, sweet, light and wholesome Bread, Rolls, Biscuits, Corn Bread, Muffins, Buckwheat and other Gridle Cakes, and Pastry and Cakes with Dooley's Yeast Powder. Sold by grocers.
dec2—d1w&w1t

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

Beautiful Satins at 50 cents worth 75.

Handsome Camel's Hair at 35 cents worth 65 cents.

Pretty stripe Poplins at 30 cents worth 50.

Big lot of water proof just received at very low figures.

All dress goods at reduced rates.

Black Silks at lower prices than they were ever sold in the south.

Domestics at lower prices than any house in Atlanta.

LOWE, DOUGLASS & DALLAS.
dec6-sun tues&thurs.

RATHBONE'S

ACORN
COOKING AND HEATING
STOVES

Some persons hastily buy such a Stove as some friend has been using, instead of looking for the one that EMBODIES THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

THE ACORN COOK HAS

Largest Oven of any Family Stove.
Bakes and Roasts splendidly, quickly, evenly.
Ventilated Oven, Fire Box Bottom and Back.
Double Centres, Hot Blast Doors.
Largest Flues, Splendid Draft.
Longest Fire Box, for long Wood.
Hearth Swings, won't soil floors or carpets.
Air passes behind durable Fire Back.
Turn Buckles draw Oven Doors up tight.
Oven Doors lined with bright Tin.
HEAVY, BEST NEW IRON, WON'T CRACK.
WARRANTED SATISFACTORY.

Also for sale, the
FOREST CITY,
Manufactured by
RATHBONE, SARD & CO., Albany, N. Y.
SOLD BY
HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH
12 Marietta St., ATLANTA, GA.

Cincinnati
TYPE
FOUNDRY,

Manufacture both Type and Printing Machinery, as well as deal in the manufactures of other similar establishments. Do not buy an outfit until you send for specimens, estimates and terms to

CHAS. WELLS, TREAS'R.
CINCINNATI TYPE-FOUNDRY,
201 Vine St., Cincinnati, O.

BOIT & CO.,
Savannah, Ga. Atlanta, Ga
SUCCESSORS TO
BOIT & McKENZIE,
COTTON FACTORS
— AND —
General Commission Merchants
OFFICE
Corner Broad and Walton Streets,
ATLANTA, GA.

MR. WM. PEARSON HARDEE,

LATE with Messrs. N. A. HARDEE'S SON & Co., of Savannah, Ga., represents us in Atlanta, per procuration.

Liberal advances at LOW RATES OF INTEREST, will be made on consignments of COTTON to be sold or held in Atlanta or Savannah, and on shipments to New York or Boston, or to our correspondents in Liverpool, Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co., and Thos. S. McKenzie, Esq. All business entrusted to us shall have our prompt and careful attention.

WE REFER BY PERMISSION TO

Savannah Bank & Trust Co., Savannah, Ga
Southern Bank of the State of Ga. " Ga.
H. Mayer & Co., Bankers, Savannah, Ga.
Southern Ins. & Trust Co., Savannah, Ga.
aug23—deod4mo

Gilt-Edge Property
AT
EXECUTOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in Gainesville, Hall county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in January, 1875, the celebrated

Oconee White Sulphur Springs

property, consisting of the tract of land on which is the Spring, containing 350 acres, 50 of which is good bottom land on the Oconee river. There are 60 acres of cleared land on the place, and the balance is in the native forest. The HOTEL, situated on a commanding eminence near the Spring, will be sold with the land. It contains 32 good rooms and attached are stables, carriage house, garden and some good cabins for families who prefer not to board. The property is situated six miles east of the beautiful little city of Gainesville, and 1½ miles from the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad, amid some of the most beautiful scenery in the South. These Springs have been celebrated for over fifty years for their medicinal properties, and are thronged every summer with visitors in quest of health or pleasure.

At the same time will be sold the FURNITURE in the Hotel, consisting of beds, bed steads, chairs, tables, &c. Indeed, all the Furniture necessary in such an establishment. All of which is almost entirely new.

Also, at the same time and place, 50 acres land near the Springs and in one-half mile of the Air-Line Railroad, all in the woods.

Also, ten acres land adjoining the Springs which has been cleared but is now grown up.

Also, a good spring wagon, a good carriage and a buggy.

All sold as the property of S. R. McCamy, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs and creditors.

Terms made known on day of sale.

T. B. McCAMY,
R. J. McCAMY,
A. D. CANDLER,
dec2—1eod1m Executors.

DR. TUTT'S MEDICINES.

DR. TUTT'S
VEGETABLE
LIVER PILLS.

A mild aperient and gentle purgative, [recommended for the cure of all derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. By their timely use much sickness is prevented. The test of many years have proven them to be the safest, surest and best of all the pills ever offered to the public. They purify the blood, remove all corruptions and restore the diseased system to perfect health. As an Antidote to Chills and Fever they have no equal. For Dyspepsia they are a Specific. For Sick Headache and Bilious Colic they are sure cure. For Constipation, Rheumatism, Piles, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, Nervousness, a positive cure. For Female Irregularities, without a rival. When one does not "feel very well," a single dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and imparts vigor to the system. Sold everywhere. Office, 18 Murray street, New York.

DR. TUTT'S HAIR DYE,

is easily applied, imparts a beautiful black or brown, and acts like magic. The best in the world. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 00 per box.

DR. TUTT'S
EXPECTORANT.

The ghastly record of deaths that result from pulmonary affections is frightful. There is no disease that is so insiduous in its attack as consumption. By the neglect of "slight colds" they soon become deep seated and defy remedies which, if applied at the outset, would have averted all danger. Dr. Tutt's Expectorant has proven itself the most valuable Lung Balsam ever discovered. A distinguished clergyman of New York, pronounces it the "greatest blessing of the nineteenth century," and says "no family should be without it." It is pleasant to the taste, and a single dose will often remove the most obstinate cough. Office, 18 Murray street, New York.
oct13— feb1-deod&w

ADVANCES ON COTTON.

Hopkins, Dwight & Trowbridge,
COTTON FACTORS
— AND —
Commission Merchants,
134 Pearl Street,
NEW YORK,

ARE PREPARED TO ADVANCE liberally on shipments of Cotton Futures bought or sold on best terms. Address C. D. MILLER, Atlanta, Ga., care Georgia Banking and Trust Company.

LUCIUS HOPKINS, formerly Hopkins, Allen & Co., late President of Importers and Traders National Bank.

AMOS T. DWIGHT, E. L. TROWBRIDGE, formerly Trowbridge, Dwight & Co.
oct29—d1m&w8m

NOTICE.
To the Creditors of the Dollar Savings Bank.

ALL persons holding unproven claims against the Dollar Savings Bank are hereby notified to prove, and file with us, their claims by first of January next.

We desire to call special attention to this notice, and urge the importance of proving and filing all claims against the Bank by the time specified. December 5, 1874.

MILTON A. CANDLER,
W. S. THOMSON,
Trustees Dollar Savings Bank.
dec6—d1aw4w

FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL VERY CHEAP FOR cash, or monthly or annual installments, to suit the purchaser, the following city property:

One gilt edge Residence Lot on the corner of Peachtree and Harris streets; Two Residence Lots on the corner of Merritt avenue and Calhoun street, the other adjoining on Merritt's avenue. Two tenement houses on Frazer, between Rawson and Jones streets. One tenement house on Rawson, between McDonough and Frazer streets. Tenement house corner of Clark and Martin streets. Four vacant lots fronting on Solomon and Clarke streets, near Martin street. Vacant lot corner of Crumley and Frazer streets. My interest in three lots on Broad street, between Hunter street and the Candy Factory. Half interest in two Brick Yards on Alexander street, 3½ acres of land owned with Dr. W. C. Asher's two vacant lots on Gray street, and other lots that I own solely or jointly with other parties.

Apply to DR. J. H. LOW, at his office at Venable & Collier's drug store or at the National Hotel.
nov22-dwed&thur1m

DON'T BUY

UNTIL YOU HAVE
CAREFULLY EXAMINED
OUR NEW
TRADE MARK
GRANGER
— AND —
LOW RESERVOIR
CHARTER
OAK
STOVES

As we have 13 GOOD REASONS why they will do your work,

Quick and Easy,
Cheap and Clean.

BECAUSE
They are the cheapest to buy,
They are the best to use,
They bake evenly and quickly,
Their operation is perfect,
They have always a good draft,
They are made of the best material
They roast perfectly,
They require but little fuel,
They are very low priced,
They are easily managed,
They are suited to all localities,
Every Stove guaranteed to give satisfaction.

SOLD BY
Excelsior Manu'fg Co.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
AND BY
L. B. LANGFORD
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
oct14—deod&weodtiljan10,'75

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, December 7, 1874.

WHEREAS, Susan F. Avary, administratrix of J. C. Avary, deceased, has applied to me for leave to sell the wild lands belonging to said estate in Fannin and Columbia counties:

These are, therefore, to cite all persons concerned to file their objections, if any, within the time prescribed by law, else leave will be granted said applicant to sell said wild lands.

JOHN B. STEWARD,
dec9—w4w Ordinary.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, November 24, 1874.

S. R. BROWN has applied to me for exemption of personalty and I will pass upon the same on Thursday, the 3d day of December, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., at my office.

JOHN B. STEWARD,
nov25—w2t Ordinary.

THE LAST.

The last kiss—
Whose fond lips will give it?
The last joy—
What blest heart will live it?
The last morn—
What bright eyes will see that?
The last man—
What poor soul will see that?

The last pang—
Whose sad heart will know it?
The last smile—
What fair face will show it?
The last boon—
Who will give this kindly?
The last fault—
Who will pass that blindly?

The last hope—
Fancy drops the curtain?
Of things last
Only two are certain;
The last aid—
This will be a true man's;
The last word—
That will be a woman's.

BREVITIES.

—Miss Sharon is baptized "The Lily of Poverty Flat."

—Mark Twain has made over ten thousand dollars already with his "Gilded Age."

—Water will find its level, and whisky—that is a great leveler, too.

—The name "Kalakaua," king of the Sandwich Islands, is pronounced Kollow-kow-ah.

—It ain't so much trouble tew git rich as it is tew tell when we have got rich. *Josh Billings.*

—Edwin Booth, it is announced, will commence his first engagement this season in Chicago on the 14th inst.

—Sharon, of Nevada, who gave his daughter a million dollar wedding gift, has two very attractive unmarried sons.

—Great Britain annually consumes 27,000,000 home-bread rabbits, not counting the Welsh ones on toast.

—A Maine Bluebeard has just supplied his twenty-seven children with an eighth step-mother.

—King Kalakaua has already arrived at the distinguished honor of having his name spelled in several different styles.

—Paper undergarments for women have struck the Pacific coast from Japan, and are likely to soon make their appearance this way.

—Lovers of peace and quiet in Detroit are rejoiced at the street boys' discovery that catskins are marketable commodities at ten cents a piece.

—The Paris police has forbidden the use of certain streets to people with velocipedes, and commanded that in all others they must carry bells by day like sleighs, and a lantern at night.

—To avoid mortifying her lover's family, who are very poor, a Montreal heiress was married the other day in a plain Swiss muslin costing $20, while her underclothing was valued at $2,000.

—They are going to try to put a stop in Germany to the sale of so called "soothing syrups" for infants. Physicians assert that more babies are killed by these concoctions than by diseases.

—The favorite conundrum in Huntington, Tenn., is "Why is this town like heaven?" The answer is, "Because in it there is neither marrying nor giving in marriage." There has not been a marriage in town for over two years.

—About the maddest woman in America lives in Brattleboro, Vt. "A boy coasting came up behind her and took her feet out from under her in such a way that she sat down on the sled and was carried all right to the foot of the hill."

—Dubuque is the home of a girl so beautiful that her life is rendered perfectly miserable by the persecutions she is subjected too, caused by the fact that no man young or old can see her without becoming her half-crazed slave.

—Think over all possible ways of enlarging your business, and ask yourself honestly which will soonest, most surely and most largely contribute to that result with the least expense. Is not the answer found in advertising, which while it talks for the merchant, also leaves him free to attend to all who are moved to do business with him.

—A "marriage in haste" took place in Riverhead Village, L. I., on Friday evening last. A domestic in a family, residing on Giffing avenue, went out on an errand with a shawl over her head. Meeting a male acquaintance the marriage of a friend was spoken of, when she said: "Let's get married." He immediately assented to the proposition, they went to the priest without further preliminaries, and they were tied together "on the spot."

—The late Elisha Robinson, who died last month at Parkers, Pa., bequeathed $1,000,000, to be divided between the different members of his household in a certain manner, and accompanied the legacies with a proviso that if any one of the children should "grumble" at this disposition of the property, the portion of that one should be distributed in equal shares among the others. Not a "grumble" has been heard.

MARKET REPORTS.

Telegraphic Markets.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

NEW YORK, December 9.—Cotton dull; sales 1,403; uplands 14¼; Orleans 14⅞.

Futures opened easier; December 14¼a14 5-16; January 14⅝a14 21-32; February 15a15 1-32; March 15 11-32a15⅜; April 15 11-16a15 23-32.

Flour dull and drooping. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn dull and unchanged. Pork heavy; mess $21. Lard firm; steam 13⅛a13⅜. Turpentine dull at 33. Rosin quiet at $2 20a$2 25 for strained. Freights quiet.

Stocks dull. Money 3. Gold 11. Exchange—long $4 85½; short $4 90½. Governments active and higher. State bonds dull.

LIVERPOOL, December 9, noon.—Cotton quiet; uplands 7⅝a7¾; Orleans 7¾a8; sales 12,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export; sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below good ordinary shipped in November 7⅝; do. nothing below low middlings deliverable in December 7⅝; do. deliverable in February or March 7 7-16; sales on a basis of middling Orleans nothing below low middlings shipped in January or February 7 11-16.

LIVERPOOL, December 9, 2:00 P.M.—Cotton sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below good ordinary shipped in December or January 7 7-16; do. shipped in January or February 7½; sales to-day include 6,700 bales American cotton. Breadstuffs quiet. Bacon 52s 6d for long clear middles.

LONDON, December 9.—Erie 24½a25.

PARIS, December 9.—Rentes 62f 52½c.

NEW YORK, December 9—Arrived—San Jacinto, Vindicator, Schiller.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., December 9, 1874.

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial—Gold, buying at $1 08; selling at $1 10. Silver, buying at $1 02; selling at $1 05.

Exchange.—Buying at ¼ off; selling at par.

Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s 80a82; 7s 88a90; 8s 99a$1 01. Atlanta water bonds 73a75. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70a73; 8s 78a80. Augusta 80a82. Georgia Railroad stock, 78a77; Georgia Railroad bonds, 90a92. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 60a65; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 90a92. Central Railroad stock 58a62. Savannah bonds 80.

Atlanta Produce Market.

Pork—8c gross, per car load.

Beef cattle—2a4½c.

Dried Fruit—Peaches unpealed ½s 3a4c; peaches unpealed ¼s 4a5; peaches peeled 10a12c; apples pealed 4a5c.

Butter—30.

Beeswax—25a27.

Rags—2a2½c.

Feathers—55a75.

Eggs—We quote at 28a30.

Poultry—22a25; dressed chickens 10; do. turkeys 12½a15c per pound; turkeys 75a$1 25.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

Corn—white, new 98a$1 00; ear 95.

Meal—$1 00.

Grits—$7 00.

Wheat—white $1 40a$1 50; amber $1 40a$1 50; red $1 40.

Rye—$1 25.

Barley—$1 50.

Oats—mixed 80; white 85.

Cow Peas—$1 20.

Hay—Timothy $1 60; clover $1 10a$1 25; Tennessee $1 25.

Flour—fancy $7 50; extra family $7 00; family $6 50; extra $6 00; superfine $5 50.

Bacon—none.

Bulk Meat—clear rib sides 11½; long clear sides 11½; clear sides 12; shoulders 8½.

Green Meats—clear rib sides 11¼; clear sides 11½.

Lard—tierces 15¼a16½; cans 16.

Hams—sugar-cured 13½.

Bagging—gunny 13; domestic 2 lb. 13; 2¼ lb. 13½; 2¼ lb. 14; 2½ lb. 14; Borneo 15½.

Rope—Annawakee 25a27.

Ties—6½a7½.

Spices—pepper 28; ginger 17; alspice 20; nutmegs $1 75; cloves 50.

Salt—Virginia $2 60; Liverpool $1 75.

Mackerel—No. 1 bbls $17 50; ½ bbls $7 75; kits $1 75. No. 2 bbls $14 00; ½ bbls $6 75; kits $1 50. No. 3 bbls, full weight, $11 00; ½ bbls, $5 50; kits $1 25. Family, bbls $14; ½ bbls $8 50; kits $1 25.

Vinegar—24a40.

Sugar—crushed 13; powdered 13; granulated 13; A 11½; extra C 11½; white extra C 11¼; yellow C 10a10½; Demerara 11½; New Orleans 9½a11½ do. prime 10a10½; do. fair—none in market.

Coffee—Rio 22a24; LaGuira 26; Java 36a38.

Syrups—refined 45a80; New Orleans 80a85.

Molasses—hhds 42; tierces 43; bbls. 45

Soap—5½a10½.

Starch—6½

Rice—bbls. 8½; tierces 8½.

Soda—kegs 7a7½; assorted papers 8a8½.

Crackers—C soda 4½a6c; A soda 6a7; butter 5a7; pic-nic 5a7; oyster 6½a8; milk 10a12; wine 10a12; Boston butter 10a12; sugar 6½a11; C cream 9a11; lemon cream 10a11; hand-made sugar jumbles 12a16; hand-made lemon cakes 14a16; hand-made tea-cakes 12a18; hand-made scolloped sugar cakes 10a13; spice cakes 10a12; ginger snaps 9a12; ginger bread 8a9.

Candy—assorted stick, per box, $3 50a75; fancy 18a85.

Canned and Case Goods—1 lb oyster, per dozen $2; 2 lb oysters, per doz. $3 50a4 00; sardines, per case, $17 00a17 50; salmon, per dozen $2 50; lobsters, per dozen, $2 40; tomatoes, per dozen, $1 50a1 75; peaches, per dozen, $2 50a2 75; pineapples $2 50a2 75; green corn $2 50; green peas 2 lbs $2 25a2 75; Lima beans 2 lbs. $3a3 25; eaglebrand milk 1 lb $3a3 25.

Pickles, Mustard and Sauce—Gerkins, pts per case $1 75a2; qts per case $3a3 25; half gals $4 50a5; gals. half doz $3 25a3 50; half bbls. $6 50a8; English pickles, pts $4 25a5; Colman's mustard per doz $2a2 25; French mustard per doz, $2a2 35; Lea & Perrins Worcestershire Sauce $5a5 50; tomato catsup pts $1 25a1 50; qts $2 25a2 50; pepper sauce red $1 25a1 50; green $1 50a1 75.

Flavoring Extracts—Lemon per doz $2 25a2 50; vanilla $2 75a3; assorted $2 25a2 50.

Sardines—qrs $17a17 50.

Teas—Oolong $1a1 10; imperial $1a1 10; gunpowder $1a1 10.

Fire Crackers—No. 1 extra, 40 packs per box, $3 50.

Cheese—State dairy 15a16; factory 17a17½; fancy cream 18.

Irish Potatoes—Early rose, choice northern $4a4 25; russets, western $3 40a3 50.

Onions—silver skin, very choice $4 75a5; red $4 75a$5.

Apples—choice to fancy $5a5 50.

Oranges—Louisiana, each 3½a4½.

Lemons—per box $8a10.

Raisins—Layers, whole, per box $3 50a4; half $1 85a2; quarters $1.

Currants—per lb. 10a12½.

Citron—Leghorn, per lb 50a55; English elb 45a50.

Figs—Selected Eleme, drums per lb, new old 17½.

Dates—in 25 and 80 boxes, per lb 12½a15

Prunes—in bbls, per lb 14a15.

Nuts and Almonds—Languedoc 25a27½; pecan nuts 11a15; Brazil nuts 15a18; English walnuts 16a20; filberts 15a17½.

Pea Nuts—Tennessee choice per bushel $2; Wilmington fancy per lb 9a10.

Sundries—Dried herring 60a75; Bologna sausage 12½a15; Atmore's mince meat 12c per lb in half bbls.

Wood Ware—brass-bound red cedar buckets $8 50; brass-bound juniper buckets $6 60a$7 50; painted buckets $2 75a$3 00; well buckets $6 50; paintedtubs, per nest, $4; seives, per dozen, $2 25; brooms, per dozen, $2 75a$4 20; matches, per gross, $3 25.

Lime—40a50.

Cement—$3a$3 50.

Nails—20d, 12d, 10d, $4 25. 25c per keg additional for diminishing sizes.

Powder—per keg rifle $6 50; blasting $4 50.

Shot—drop, per bag, $2 50; buck, per bag, $2 75.

Concentrated Lye, per case, $8 50; potash, per case, $9 00.

Copperas—4c.

Kerosene Oil—23.

Blacking—35a70

Candles—18.

Axle Grease—per dozen, $1 50

Table Salt—per dozen, $1 50.

Iron—Bar iron $3 50; axes $13 50a14; steel 20a22; shovels—Ames' $14 50a15; horse and mule shoes 7½a8½; horse shoe nails 20a30. Scofield Rolling Mill standard sizes 1½ in. to 4 in. flat, and ⅞ to 2 in. round, 3c per lb. by carload, 3c; less than a carload 3½ to 3½ c. sundry sizes per lb. by carload 3½a5c; less than carload 3½a5½c.

Leather—Sole, hemlock, good damaged 25½a28; good 20a33; white oak 40a50; black upper 40a55.

Wool—Washed 35a40c; unwashed 25c.

Yarn—$1 25.

Seeds—Clover $8; timothy $4 50; orchard grass $3 50a4; blue grass $2 50; herd's grass $3 50a4; Hungarian millet $3.

Fresh Meats.

Beef—Loin 15c; roast 15c; choice steaks 15c; chuck 12½c; brisket 10c. Pork nominal, 12½c. Mutton 12½a15c. Veal 15c.

Wines and Liquors.

Corn whisky, proof, 100 per cent., from $1 25 to $1 50, 80 per cent., $1 00, either white or colored. Pure Robertson County whisky from $1 25 to $2; Bourbon from $1 25 to $5; rye from $1 to $6; apple brandy from $2 25 to $2 50; peach Brandy from $2 50 to $3; ginger brandy from $1 25 to $1 57; cognac from $1 50 to $3; pure imported from $8 to $10; pure cherry brandy from 1 25 to $1 50; gin from $1 50 to $2 50; pure imported from $4 to $6; rum from $1 50 to $4; pure port wine from $2 to $6; sherry wine from $2 to $6; claret in cases $6 per dozen; golden crown champagne, pints, $16, quarts, $14; Heidsic & Co., pints, $30, quarts $28.

Tobacco

Chewing—Common, sound, 11-in new per pound 45a50; do., 11-in old 47½a50; medium, 11-in old55a60; good, 11-in old 65a70; fine 11-in. old 75a80; bright navys 55a65; dark qrs. 50a60; bright eights, twist 65a75; medium, 12-in 60a65; good 70a75; fine 85a90; 12-inch pounds, good 65a75; very fine, Gravely $1; fine cut, home made 80a85; Sunny Side, per gross $10; Welcome $10; Century $10; in bulk, per pound $1; Log Cabin $1; Spencer's Calhoun $1 25; Stultz AAAA $1 10.

Smoking—Durham, per pound 60a75; Highlander $1; Lone Jack $1 75a2; Dew Drop 75; in case 65; Merry Mates 55; case 50; The Weed 50; case 45; Seal of North Carolina 75; case 65; Little Joker 65; case 60; Louisiana Perique $3; Virginity $1 50; Caprice $1 75; Straight Cut $1 75; Cavendish $1 25.

Drugs, Oils, etc.

Opium, per lb, $11 00; bi-carbonate soda, per lb, 7; bluestone, per lb, 14a15; copperas, per lb, 3a3½; Epsom salts, per lb, 6; madder, per lb, 16a17; alum, per lb, 6; borax, per lb, 25; brimstone, per lb, 6a7; camphor, per lb, 50; indigo, per lb, 1 00a1 30; quinine, per ounce, $2 75; saltpetre, per lb, 12a15; copal varnish, per gal, $2 00a3 50; Japan varnish, per gal, $1 25a1 75; coach varnish, per gal, $3 50a6 00; white lead, per lb, 9½a14; white lead, pure per lb, 14a15; castor oil, per gal, $1 15; stock powders, per doz, $1 25a1 75; lemon syrup, per doz, $3 75a5 00; gum assafoetida 55; acid, sulphuric, per carboy. 11. 20; petro oil, per gal, 38a40; turpentine, per gal, 50; catechu, per lb, 9½; flaxseed, per lb, 10; alcohol, per gal, $2 00a2 25; raw linseed oil, per gal, $1 10; boiled linseed oil, per gal, $2 40; sweet oil, per gal, $2 00; sperm oil, per gal, $1 75a2 00; whale oil, per gal, $1a1 25; lard oil, per gal, $1 35; tanners, oil, per gal, 75a$1 00; kerosene oil, per gal,

Junk Market.

Rags—Buying prices 2a2½. Waste paper—Buying prices ½c. Scrap Iron—Buying prices ½c. Old Copper—Buying prices 12½a15. Twine—Paper, selling price per lb., 25; Jute 14a25; Cotton 18a40; Flax 40a80.

Carpets.

Hartford carpet company, extra 3-ply $1 45 imperial 3-ply $1 40; superfine $1 15; medium superfine 95c; body Brussels, 5-frame $2; tapestry $1 25a$1 50; hemp, medium, 36-inch 27c; extra 32c; matting straw, white 28a50c; check 40a55c; oil cloth, 6 to 12 feet wide 75c a$1 50; 18 feet wide $1 50a$2.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

PRINTS—Amoskeag 7½c; Arnold's specialty 10½; Albion 9; Ancona 8a9; Bedford 7½a8½; Conestoga 8½a9; Dunnell's 8½; Garner's 8½; Hartel's 8½; Sprague 8½; Gloucester 8½a9; Simpson's black 8½; Simpson's grays 9; American 8½; Freeman's side bands 8½; Allen's 8½.

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 10; 7-8 8½; yarns $1 25; sewing and knitting thread 50c.

Augusta and Graniteville—3-4 shirting 6½ cents per yard; 7-8 shirtings 8½ per yard; 4-4 sheetings 10 per yard; 7-8 drill 10½ per yard.

Concord Mills—Jeans 65; cashmarets plain 65; cassimeres twilled 75a$1 15; cadet grey $1 25.

Eagle and Phœnix—stripes 10; fancies, fashion 11c; checks 11; Georgia plaids 12½c.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.

Amoskeag A 36 in. 14c; Z 33 in. 9c. Arkwright 36 in. 15½c. Auburn S. 36 in. 13½c. Boott E 36 in. 1 ½c; R 28 in. 7½c. Cabot ⅞ 10½c; 36 in. 11½c. Canoe 27 in. 6c. Fruit of the Loom 36 in. 14½c. Gem of the Spindle 14c. Hope 36 in. 12c. Linwood 36 in. 12½c. Lonsdale 36 in. 12½c. Social L. 36 in. 10c. Suffolk L. 36 in. 7½c. Wamsutta OXX 36 in 17c. OHH 36 in. 18c. Wessacumcon H. 33 in. 9c. Tuscarora 16½. Pocahontas 12½. Seaside 13½. Holmesville 13½. Rosebud 18. Ticonderoga 33 in. 11½. Columbia 10. Ballou & Son 10a11½. Chestnut Hill 9½. Diamond Hill 12. White river 10. Roger Williams 11. Grant Mills 8. Red Dog 7.

Domestic Ginghams — Gloucester 9 1-2 Lancaster 12c; Baird 10c.

Ticking—Amoskeag A C A 25c; Conestoga C C A 18c; Lewiston A 30 inch 20c; Biddeford A 13½c; A A 18c; A A A 20c; B 12½c; Minnehaha 7-8 25c; A C A 30 inch 22c; Pittsfield 7½; Eagle and Phœnix 4-4 25c; 38 in. 24.

Stripes—American 12c; Arasapha 1-3c; Massabesic 14c to 15c; Uncasville A 11 to 12c.

Corset Jeans—Kearsage 12½c.; Laconia 11½c; Naumking Sateen 13½c.

Osnaburgs—Alabama, No. 1, 11½c; Trion factory 14½c. Milledgeville—8 oz. 14½; 6 oz 12½.

Paper Cambrics—Manville 6½; Lonsdale 7c; Masonville 7c; S S & Sons 7c; Garner 7c; high colors 7½c.

Glazed Cambrics—Ellerton 6½c; Franklin 6½c; Harmony 6½, high colors, 7c.

Kentucky Jeans—Alpine cloth 37½c; Cuba 20c; Fairfax 16c; Gulf mill 22½c; Hillside 16½c; Pacific R. R. 37½c; Preferred Doeskin 37½c; Red Cloud 20; Missouri 22; Port Royal 25; Atlas 30; Lewellyn 25; West Lake 22½c.

Dress Goods—corded alpacas 22½c; 3-4 solid 17a18; fancy delaines 20; Balermo stripes 22.

Linseys—12½a23½c.

Flannels—white 22½a40; red 20a40; shaker 50a60.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.

Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—an Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. sep8—d&w 4w.

☞ SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS will be found to possess those qualities necessary to the total eradication of all bilious attacks, prompt to start the secretions of the liver, and give a healthy tone to the entire system. Indeed, it is no ordinary discovery in medical science to have invented a remedy for these stubborn complaints, which develop all the results produced by a heretofore free use of calomel, a mineral justly dreaded by mankind, and acknowledged to be destructive in the extreme to the human system. That the properties of certain vegetables comprise all the virtues of calomel without its injurious tendencies, is now an admitted fact, rendered indisputable by scientific researches; and those who use the Mandrake Pills will be fully satisfied that the best medicines are those provided by nature in the common herbs and roots of the fields.

These pills open the bowels and correct all bilious derangements without salivation or any of the injurious effects of calomel or other poisons. The secretions of bile is promoted by these pills, as will be seen by altered color of the stools, and disappearing of the sallow complexion and cleansing of the tongue.

Ample directions for use accompany each box of pills.

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Would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity that he has opened a Dispensary in Austell Block, where patients can get reliable treatment for all diseases. Particular attention paid to all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Catarrh. The above diseases treated by inhalation.

The Doctor treats all diseases of long standing, such as Eruptions, Gravel, Paralysis, Loss of Voice, Wakefulness, Fever Sores, Rheumatism, Goitre, Neuralgia, Tumors, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dropsy, Biliousness, Diseases of the Kidneys, Erysipelas, Nervous Depression, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, all Diseases peculiar to Women, all Private Diseases, Heart Disease, Swollen Joints, Coughs, Gout, White Swelling, St. Vitus' Dance, etc.

Electricity applied in cases where it is required. The Doctor is permanently located and persons who have been under the treatment of other physicians and have not been cured, are invited to call, as I treat all curable diseases, and cures guaranteed, or no pay. Call and see the Doctor without delay. His charges are moderate, and consultation free. Dispensary and consultation rooms No. 20 Decatur street. Office hours from 9 A. M. 7 P. M. feb19—d&w1y

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NATIONAL HOTEL.

REPORTS having been circulated to the effect that Mr. J. E. OWENS had sold his proprietary interest in the National Hotel, he avails himself of this medium to inform his patrons and the public generally, that he is still the proprietor of the National Hotel, at Atlanta, Georgia, and intends to remain so. He would be pleased to meet his former customers and as many new ones as may desire to visit his house. dec9—dtf

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MILL GEARING.

WEBSTER & MARKS, Chattanooga, Tenn., are now making Spur and Bevel Gear of all sizes, with the Patent English Gear Moulding Machine. No extra charge for Patterns. No delay, and a perfectly true wheel of any desired pitch. july11—d12m

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Memphis and Charleston R. R.

MEMPHIS, TENN., OCT. 15, 1874.

NOTICE.

MR. AKERS having resigned as agent of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad at Atlanta, Mr. T. G. GARRETT has been appointed as his successor.

Planters and others desiring information in regard to transportation of hands from that section, may get reliable information by calling on or addressing

T. G. GARRETT,
Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
W. J. ROSS,
General Superintendent. oct18-dtf

C. BOHNEFELD,

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No. 1 DeGive's Opera House,
Atlanta..........Georgia.

IN connection with the above business I have associated myself with

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and am prepared to furnish all who may desire FAC-SIMILE LIFE-SIZE BUSTS of themselves, living or deceased friends, in

Plaster Paris or Marble.

Mr. Gerber will carve or mould a hand exactly like the original, thus making a beautiful ornament for the parlor. The public is respectfully invited to call and see specimens of work, and I feel confident it will commend itself. [dec2—d5t-'t'n-sun3m

Prof. Logan's School.

PROF. LOGAN'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS will open TO-MORROW, in the Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian Church, Marietta street. This is one of the most comfortable and convenient rooms for the purpose in the city. aug tf

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It is no alcoholic appetizer, which stimulates for a short time, only to let the sufferer fall to a lower depth of misery, but it is a vegetable tonic acting directly on the liver and spleen.

It regulates the Bowels, quiets the nerves, and gives such a healthy tone to the whole system as to soon make the invalid feel like a new person.

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1	Grand Cash Gift		50,000
1	Grand Cash Gift		25,000
10	Cash Gifts,	$10,000 each	100,000
15	Cash Gifts,	5,000 each	75,000
50	Cash Gifts,	1,000 each	50,000
100	Cash Gifts,	500 each	50,000
1,000	Cash Gifts,	100 each	100,000
1,000	Cash Gifts,	50 each	50,000
20,000	Cash Gifts,	20 each	400,000
22,178	Cash Gifts, amounting to		$1,000,000

Number of Tickets 100,000

PRICE OF TICKTS.

Whole Tickets	$ 20 00
Halves	10 00
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Eighths or each Coupon	2 50
5½ Tickets for	100 00

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GOVERNOR'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, July 3, 1874.—It affords me pleasure to say that I am well acquainted with a large majority of the officers of the Montpelier Female Humane Association, who reside in the vicinity of my home, and I attest their intelligence and their worth and high reputation as gentlemen, as well as the public confidence, influence and substantial means liberally represented among them.

JAMES L. KEMPER. Gov. Virginia.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., July 8, 1874.— * * * I commend them as gents of honor and integrity, and fully entitled to the confidence of the people. * * *

R. W. HUGHES, U. S. Judge,
Eastern District of Virginia.

Further references by permission: His Excellency Gilbert C. Walker ex-Governor of Va.; Hon. Robt. E. Withers, Lieut-Gov. o Va. and U. S. Senator elect; Senators and Members of Congress from Virginia.

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All at BOTTOM FIGURES. Call or send your orders to

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
Wholesale Druggists.
No. 11 North Prior street.

☞ We are sole agents in Atlanta for
ST. LOUIS STRICTLY PURE LEAD.
nov29—dtf

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL.

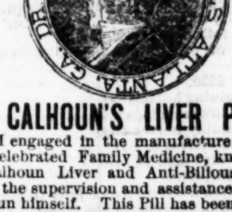
DUNLOP'S

COLD & COUGH SYRUP

HAS NEVER FAILED TO CURE THE most obstinate Coughs and Colds.

It is highly recommended by all who have used it. Try it and be convinced.

For sale at all first-class drug stores.
sep6—dtf



DR. CALHOUN'S LIVER PILLS.

I AM engaged in the manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last 35 years, and has taken precedence over all other Family preparations by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supercede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 20 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incidental to this climate. With but few exceptions they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from druggists, merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of *FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA MORBUS, BILIOUSNESS* and *SICK HEADACHE*, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yield readily to this preparation.

For sale by all druggists.

Price 50 cents a box.

None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun. Address N. C. WILLIAMS,
Post-office Box 240, Atlanta, Ga.
Manufactory No. 118, corner Washington and Peters sts., Atlanta, Ga. may14-dtf

TAKE SIMMONS
FOR ALL
DERANGEMENTS OF LIVER,
KIDNEYS, SKIN,
STOMACH AND BOWELS.
HEPATIC COMPOUND
MANUFACTURED BY
E. L. KING & SONS,
COLUMBIA, S. C.
OR LIVER CURE.

DR. SIMMONS affirms that this is the very best Liver Medicine to which his name has ever been connected; and we know from the many testimonials that we receive, there is no medicine equal to it for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Chills and Fever, Billous Croup or Wind Colic, Billous, Sick or Nervous Headache, and for all other diseases arising from a disordered state of the Liver. For sale by Geo. J. Howard, J. A. Taylor, Thomas Pullum & Co., C. S. Newton and Theo. Schumann, Druggists, Atlanta, Ga. oct19—d3m

RAILROADS.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN
PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE

VIA

Atlanta and Augusta

To Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train

CONNECTIONS by this line are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

Conductors on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The quickest time and sure connection made by this route.

Passengers can purchase through tickets and have their baggage checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York, by four different routes, via Augusta, Kingsville and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta
As any other Route.

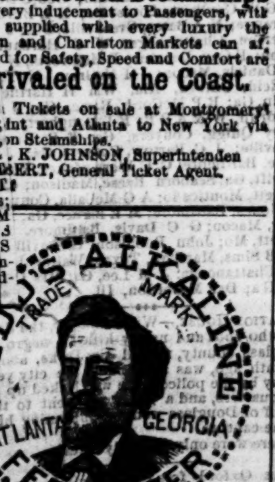
Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars
On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this Route.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find
SPLENDID LINE OF STEAMSHIPS
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

e Charleston Steamships
every inducement to Passengers, with supplied with every luxury the and Charleston Markets can af- for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

rivaled on the Coast.

Tickets on sale at Montgomery int and Atlanta to New York via Steamships.
K. JOHNSON, Superintenden
BERT, General Ticket Agent.



None Genuine except this Brand is on the Barrel.
A. C. LADD, Agent,
oct18—dtf No. 9 Broad St., Atlanta.

MILITARY GOODS, &c.

MILITARY GOODS!

HORSTMANN BROTHERS & CO.,

FIFTH AND CHERRY STS., PHILADELPHIA.

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

Military, Regalia, Church and Theatrical Goods.

VOLUNTEER COMPANIES AND REGIMENTS,

SUPPLIED WITH ALL ARTICLES NEEDED FOR THEIR EQUIPMENT.

☞ Mail orders and inquiries shall have prompt attention.

HORTSMANN, BROS, & CO.,
aug28—d6mo *PHILADELPHIA, PA.*

COTTON BROKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

J. H. WAGNON,
Late of R. R. Payne & Co.,
ATLANTA, GA.

C. A. WITHERS,
Formerly of E. M. Bruce & Co.
AUGUSTA, GA.

WAGNON & WITHERS,

Cotton Brokers and Commission Merchants,

COR. ALABAMA and PRYOR STS.,
ATLANTA, ... GEORGIA.

BUY & SELL FUTURES IN NEW YORK OR SAVANNAH.

☞ Advances made on Consignments to ourselves or Correspondents at the different ports. nov29—d1w

COTTON.

ADVANCES ON COTTON.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO ADVANCE SEVEN-EIGHTHS THE VALUE of Cotton and Ship it TO LIVERPOOL, and have it held there SIX MONTHS, the interest on such advances to be at the rate of FIVE PER CENT. per annum; or to

BUY AND SHIP COTTON.

To be held on very reasonable margins, either in COTTON or MONEY. We are also prepared to buy or sell CONTRACTS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY in either AUGUSTA or NEW YORK, on a margin of FIVE DOLLARS per bale, to be kept good.

CLAGHORN, HERRING & CO.
AUGUSTA, GA., OCTOBER 28, 1874. oct31—d1mo

PREMIUM FLOUR.

PREMIUM FLOUR!

TO THE PUBLIC.

IN again calling attention to our popular grades of flours, we will attempt no further elaboration of their merits, except to say, that no flour in the wide world can surpass our **FFF** in purity of stock and richness of sample; and that the world can't produce a more substantial or nutritive flour than our **FF.**

The Family is good for the price, but, necessarily limited in quantity; being made only when we make the **FFF.**

We can readily fill orders for **FFF** and **FF;** but in selling Family, we are compelled to limit the orders to the supply on hand.

Orders for the three grades in equal quantity can be filled at short notice. or for **FFF** and Family in nearly equal quantities. Orders can generally be supplied promptly.

STEWART AUSTIN & CO.,
Corner Marietta and Simpson Sts., ATLANTA GA.

nov24—deodtf

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT LINE.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE

VIA

CHARLESTON. S. C.,

TO AND FROM

BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA NEW YORK BOSTON

AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES.

Three Times a Week from New York.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS,
Elegant State-Room Accommodations.

SEA VOYAGE TEN TO TWELVE HOURS SHORTER via CHARLESTON.

The South Carolina Railroad Co.,

and connecting roads West, in alliance with the fleet of thirteen first-classate amships to the above ports, invite attention to the quick time and regular dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

Port of Charleston.

ffering facilities of railroad and sea transportation for freight and passengers not excelled in excellence and capacity at any other port. The following splendid Ocean steamers are regularly on the line:

TO NEW YORK.

MANHATTAN..........M. S. Woodhull, Commander
CHAMPION..........R. W. Lockwood, Commander
CHARLESTON..........James Berry, Commander
JAMES ADGER..........T. J. Lockwood, Commander
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C
GEORGIA..........S. Crowell, Commander
SOUTH CAROLINA..........T. J. Beckett, Commander
WAGNER, HUETT & CO., WM. A. COURTNEY, Agents, Charleston, S. C

TO PHILADELPHIA.

Iron Steamships.

SHLAND..........Alex. Hunter, Commanders.
QUATOR..........C. Hinckley, Commandera.

SAILING DAYS—FRIDAYS.
WM. A. COURTNEY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TOTAL CAPACITY, 40,000 BALES MONTHLY

TO BALTIMORE.

FALCON..........Haine, Commander
VIRGINIA..........Johnson, Commander
SEA GULL..........Dutton, Commander

SAILING DAYS—EVERY FIFTH DAY.
PAUL C. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TO BOSTON.

Steamship MERCEDITA and FLAG sails every Saturday.
JAS. ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C

Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets

can be had at the principal railroad offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi. State-rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of Steamships in Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases, the railroad tickets should be exchanged and berths assigned. The through tickets by this route include transfers, meals and state room while on shipboard.

The South Carolina Railroad

GEORGIA RAILROAD,

and their connecting lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of freight and passengers between the Northern cities and the South and West. First class eating saloon at Branchville. On the Georgia and South Carolina Railroads first class sleeping cars. Freight promptly transferred from steamer to day and night trains of the South Carolina Railroad. Close connection made with other roads, delivering freight at distant points with great promptness. The managers will use every exertion to satisfy their patrons that the line *VIA CHARESTON* cannot be surpassed in dispatch and the safe delivery of goods.

Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine insurance one-half of cent.

For further information apply to J. J. GRIFFIN, Western Agent, Atlanta, Ga.; B. D. HASSELL, General Agent, P. O. Box 4979, Office 317 Broadway, N. Y.; S. B. PICKENS General Passenger and Ticket Agent, South Carolina Railroad, or J. M. SELKIRK, Superintendent Great Southern Freight and Passenger Line, Charleston, S. C.
oct23— july4-deodtf

NOTICE.

ON THE TWENTY-FIFTH DAY OF December next, I will sell at public sale the house and lot in the town of Hampton, Ga., known as the property of Samuel R. Weems, deceased. Said house is thirty by sixteen feet. The lot fronts the Macon and Western Railroad forty-two and a half feet. Persons desiring property in this place will do well to call and examine for themselves Terms Cash. S. S. WEEMS,
Agent for the heirs of said estate.
nov5—d1mo

MILLINERY!

— AT —

NEW YORK PRICES

I WILL sell, for the next fifteen days, my entire stock of Hair Goods, Cloaks, English Walking Jackets, Ready Made Suits, and a full line of Millinery Goods at NEW YORK COST, for cash. Ladies in need of anything in my line will do well to call before the time expires.

MRS. McCORMICK,
11 Whitehall street.

COOKING STOVES, HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS, &c.

1100 COOKING STOVES

350 HEATING STOVES!

Must be Sold!

— BY —

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH

NO. 12 MARIETTA STREET,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

— DEALERS IN —

Cooking and Heating Stoves,

Ranges, Furnaces, Grates, House Furnishing Goods, Tinners' Trimmings, Sheet Copper, Sheet Lead, Sheet Iron, &c., &c. We call the particular attention of Housekeepers to a few of our LEADING COOK STOVES that are not excelled in the State or out of it, for their SUPERIOR BAKING QUALITIES.

The Improved "Columbia Cook,
"Acorn Cook," Carroll, Cook,"
"Cottage Cook," "Excelsior Cook
"Sentinel," "Capitol,"
"Farmers' Premium," "Fearless,, "O. K,

WITH A VARIETY OF OTHER PATTERNS.

Steam and Gas Fitters, Steam Pipes, Steam Gauges

STEAM WHISTLES, &c., &c.

We are also Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters,

Contractors for Steam Heating, Tin Roofing, Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window and Door Caps, Manufacturers of

Concrete Sewer and Drain Pipe

☞ AGENTS FOR KNOWLS' STEAM PUMP.

No. 12 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Georgia,
oct22—dtf HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH.

WAGONS, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c.

MARK W. JOHNSON. W. W. WOODRUFF. WILBUR F. JOHNSON.

MARK W. JOHNSON, WOODRUFF & CO.'S

Great Agricultural Warehouse, Seed Store,

AND CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

ATLANTA..........GEORGIA

WE BEG TO CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION OF THE PLANTING COMMUNITY to the following articles, which we offer cheap, for cash only:

500 Farmers' Friend Plows. The best and cheapest chilled and ground plows ever offered to our customers. Premiums awarded these plows at our Fair

500 BRINLEY'S CELEBRATED STEEL UNIVERSAL PLOWS. Received nine premiums at our Fair.

BRINLEY'S GANG PLOW. Ride and Plow While You Can.

250 SUBSOIL PLOWS, 50 HARROWS, Latest Improved, 50 CORN SHELLERS.

THE THING SETTLED—THE WILSON

We have the best Sewing Machines in market.

10 Feed Cutters, also, 50 Blanchard Churns, Field Rollers, Clod Crushers, Portable Engines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Cider Mills, Corn and Cobb Mills, Smut Machine, Mill Rock, Bolting Cloths, Gins and Cotton Presses, Premium cheap Wheel-Barrows, Smith's patent Well Fixtures, 100 Farm Wagons and Carts, 50 One-horse Spring Wagons, 1,000 tons Fertilizers.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS FOR THE MILLION,

1,000 bushels Grass and Clover Seeds, 2,000 bushels Wheat, Rye, Oats and Barley, 1,000,000 Papers Fall Vegetable Seeds, 10,000 Flowering Bulbs, assorted, 5,000 Papers Flower Seeds.

100 Family Carriages and Buggies.

We call especial attention to our Carriage and Buggy Department.

Improved Cattle, Hogs, Sheep and Fowls a Specialty.

OUR GUN DEPARTMENT.—Please remember, we keep a fine assortment of BREECH-LOADING and other styles of sporting Guns. Also, ammunition and accoutrements.

MILITARY COMPANIES.—Arms and accoutrements complete, furnished at manufacturers prices—freight added. We invite correspondence from the different military organizations throughout the State, with the assurance that we can equip them at less cost than the same can be furnished by any other firm in the South.

OUR TREE DEPARTMENT.—We furnish the finest Fruit and Ornamental Trees that are to be had in the broad land. 500 *Eucalyptus Globulous* (Fever Tree) just arrived from across the Continent. Let no mortal be without one of these beautiful evergreen and healthful trees.

MARK W. JOHNSON, WOODRUFF & CO.,
nov1—d2m Seed Merchants, Atlanta, Ga.

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

A. LEYDEN,

Warehouse, Storage and Commission Merchant,

— WILL —

Buy, Sell or Store Cotton.

IN HIS LARGE ROCK FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE, SITUATED IMMEDIATELY on the railroad, thereby saving his customers the expense as well as injury sustained by draymen handling it.

Charges for storing, selling, buying and insuring, will be as low as any responsible house in the city. Shipments made to my correspondents in the Northern, Eastern and Liverpool markets, on usual terms.

Futures Bought and Sold at Best Rates.

☞ THE USUAL MONEYED FACILITIES EXTENDED TO MY CUSTOMERS.

Consignments of Bacon, Bulk Meats, Lard, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Rye, Flour, Salt, Fertilizers, Cement, Plaster, &c., offered at low rates to prompt payers.

Warehouse, Nos. 19, 21, 23, 25 and 27, Bartow street, corner Western and Atlantic Railroad, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. Respectfully,
sep8—d4mo A. LEYDEN.

COTTON MERCHANTS.

BRANCH, SCOTT & CO.,

COTTON MERCHANTS,

Corner Reynolds and Campbell streets,
AUGUSTA..........GEORGIA.

SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON. Liberal Cash Advances made on shipments of same to our address; also, to our friends in New York and Liverpool.

FURNISH PLANTATION SUPPLIES, BAGGING & TIES TO PLANTERS.

PROMPT SALES AND QUICK RETURNS GUARANTEED.

Execute Orders for the Purchase and Sale of Future Deliveries. [sep17-d3mo

MERCHANT TAILORING.

JERRY LYNCH'S

TEMPLE OF FASHION!

James' Bank Block Building.

JERRY LYNCH, THE PEOPLE'S CLOTHIER, has in store and arriving daily, a full line of the finest goods ever brought South for fall and winter wear. A full stock of

Pant Goods, Vestings and Coatings.

Also, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS and UNDERWEAR of all kinds, and the celebrated and unequalled

STAR SHIRT.

He invites inspection of his goods, GUARANTEEING THEM IN QUALITY and PRICE. sep6—dtf

HARDWARE AND CARRIAGE MATERIAL

HARDWARE

Wholesale and Retail.

McNAUGHT & SCRUTCHIN,

86 and 88 WHITEHALL STREET,

ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA.

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, Etc.,

LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH,

CARRIAGE AND WAGON MAKERS' WOOD WORK,

AXLES, BOXES, THIMBLE-SKEINS, Etc.,

SADDLERY AND HARNESS HARDWARE

HORSE AND MULE SHOES OF THE FINEST QUALITY,

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF DUPONT'S CELEBRATED

RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.

oct18-d1w